

SQL MURDER MYSTERY: "WHO KILLED THE CEO?"

OCT 15, 2025 - 9:00 PM



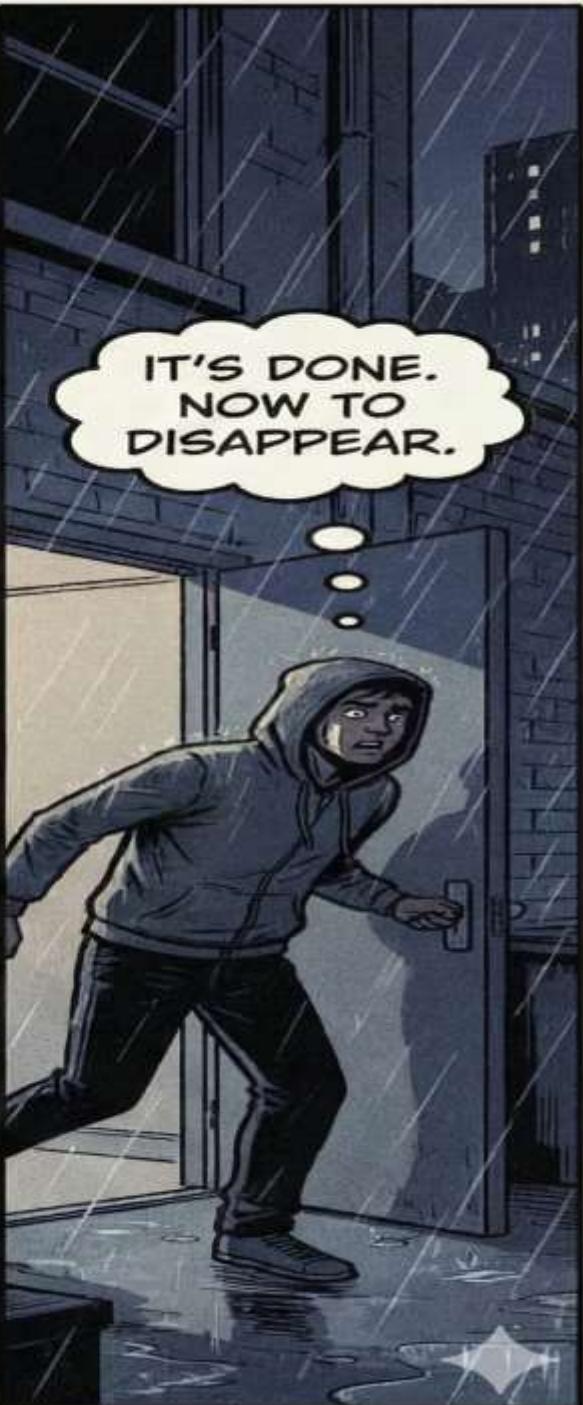
Ankit, your insights are brilliant! You've earned a significant salary hike. Remember, DATA is the new fuel!

Just fuel?
I build the engine!
Why him?



THE PLAN IS SET.
HE WON'T SEE IT
COMING.





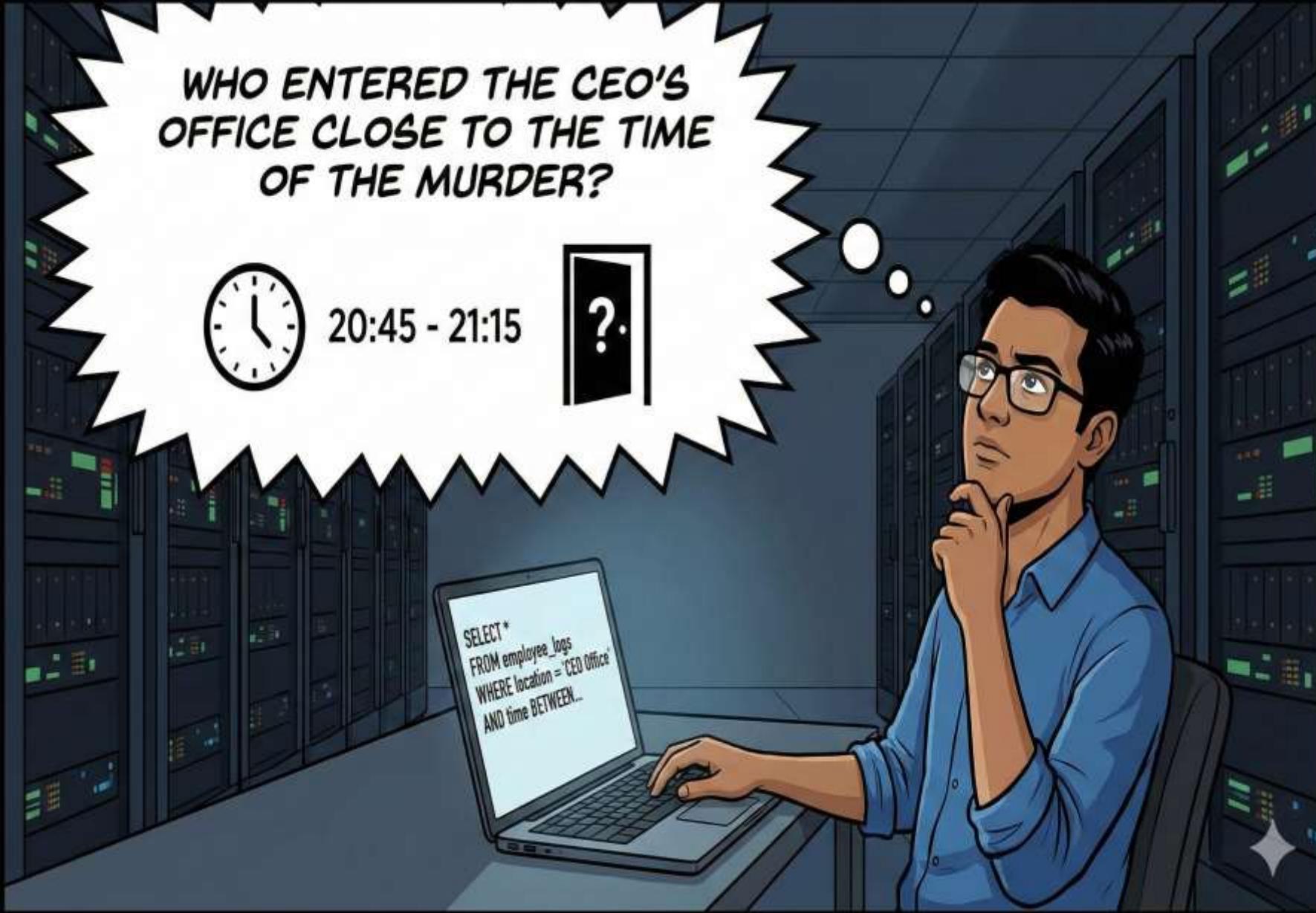


MR. TRIPATHI, THE
KEYCARD LOGS AND
AND SERVER DATA
ARE CRITICAL. WE NEED
YOU TO SOLVE THIS.



UNDERSTOOD.
DATA DOESN'T LIE.
I'LL FIND THE
KILLER.

WHO ENTERED THE CEO'S OFFICE CLOSE TO THE TIME OF THE MURDER?



```
SELECT kl.employee_id,
e.name, e.department,
e.role, kl.room,
kl.entry_time,
kl.exit_time
FROM keycard_logs kl
INNER JOIN employees e
ON kl.employee_id = e.employee_id
WHERE kl.room = "CEO Office";
```

David Kumar has been identified as the prime suspect after access logs revealed highly suspicious entry and exit timestamps at the CEO's office.

employee_id	name	department	role	room	entry_time	exit_time
4	David Kumar	Engineering	DevOps Engineer	CEO Office	2025-10-15 20:50:00	2025-10-15 21:00:00

WHO CLAIMED TO BE
SOMEWHERE ELSE BUT
WAS NOT?



```
SELECT e.name, l.state, l.location,
       k.actual_location
  FROM employee_statements e
  JOIN keycard_logs k
    ON e.employee_id = k.employee_id
   WHERE l.state = 'Actual'
     AND l.location = k.room
      ORDER BY name;
```

employee_id	claimed_location	claim_time	room	entry_time	exit_time
4	Server Room	2025-10-15 20:50:00	CEO Office	2025-10-15 20:50:00	2025-10-15 21:00:00

```
SELECT
  a.employee_id,
  a.claimed_location,
  a.claim_time,
  k.room,
  k.entry_time,
  k.exit_time
FROM alibis a
INNER JOIN keycard_logs k ON a.employee_id = k.employee_id
WHERE a.claimed_location <> k.room;
```

The alibi for David Kumar (Employee_ID 4) crumbled under scrutiny. Although he stated he was working in the Server Room, location records place him directly at the crime scene—the CEO's office—during the critical window of the murder.

Focusing on the critical time window...



```
SELECT caller_name,  
       receiver_name, call_time  
    FROM call_logs  
   WHERE call_time BETWEEN  
        '20:50:00' AND '21:00:00';
```



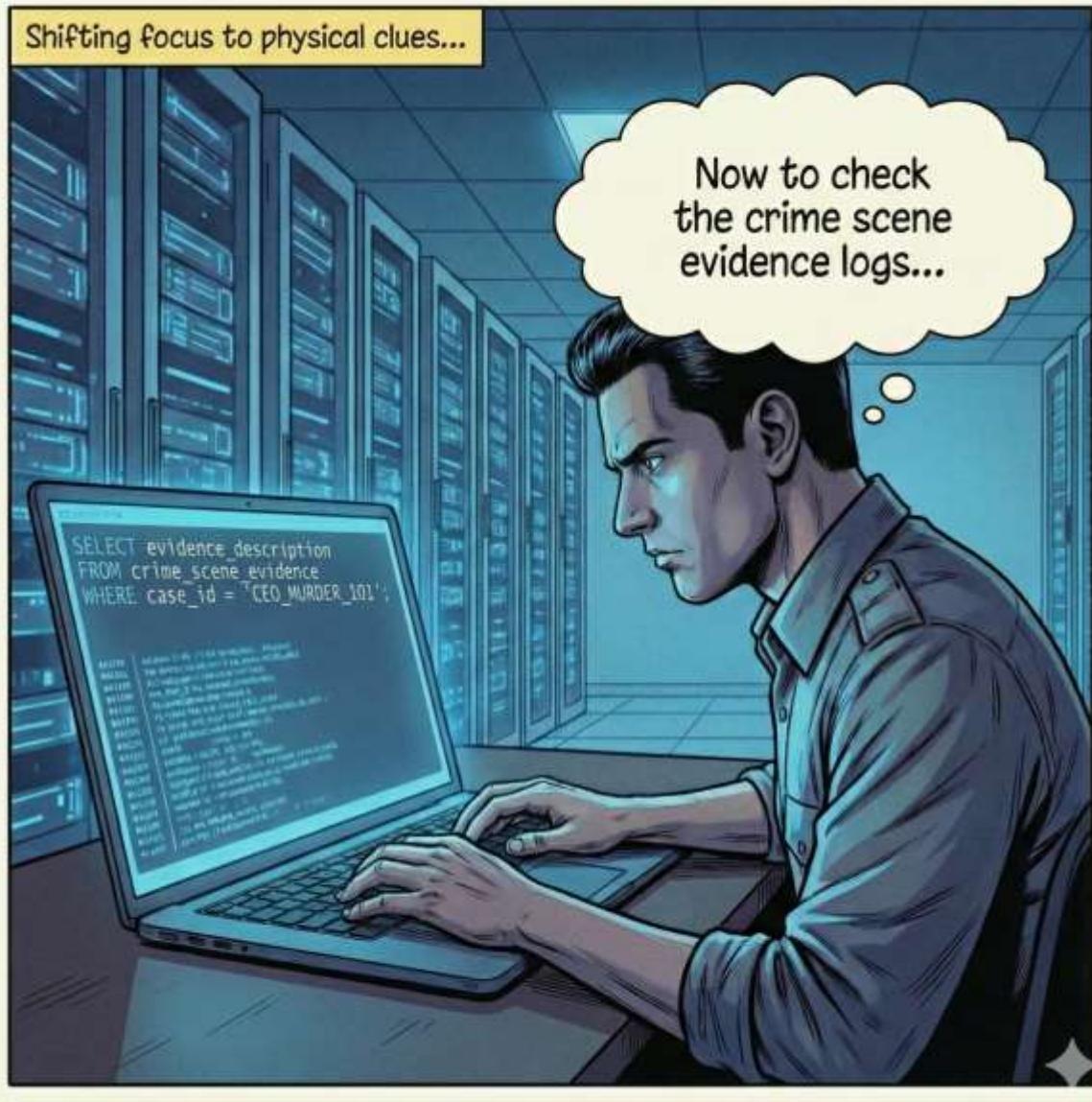
SELECT

```
c.call_id,  
c.caller_id,  
caller.name AS caller_name,  
c.receiver_id,  
receiver.name AS receiver_name,  
c.call_time,  
c.duration_sec,  
DATE_ADD(c.call_time, INTERVAL c.duration_sec SECOND) AS call_end_time  
FROM calls AS c  
JOIN employees AS caller  
  ON c.caller_id = caller.employee_id  
JOIN employees AS receiver  
  ON c.receiver_id = receiver.employee_id  
WHERE c.call_time <= '2025-10-15 21:00:00'  
  AND DATE_ADD(c.call_time, INTERVAL c.duration_sec SECOND) >= '2025-10-15 20:50:00';
```

The suspicion on David Kumar gradually increases as we review the call history.

call_id	caller_id	caller_name	receiver_id	receiver_name	call_time	duration_sec	call_end_time
1	4	David Kumar	1	Alice Johnson	2025-10-15 20:55:00	45	2025-10-15 20:55:45

Shifting focus to physical clues...

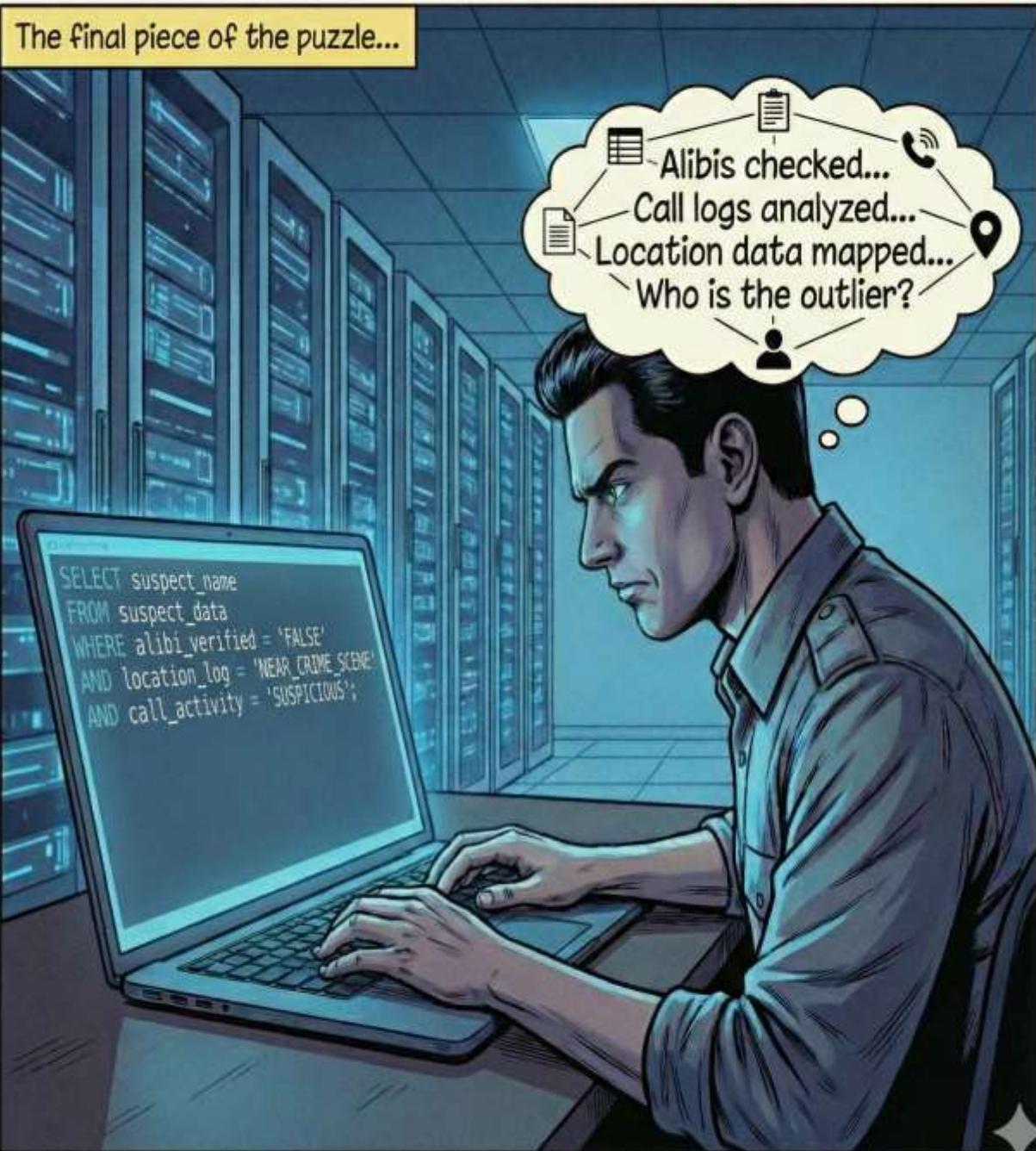


```
WITH room_logs_cte AS (  
    SELECT  
        k.employee_id, k.room, k.entry_time, k.exit_time, e.evidence_id,  
        e.found_time,  
        ROW_NUMBER() OVER (  
            PARTITION BY e.room, e.evidence_id  
            ORDER BY k.entry_time DESC  
        ) AS rn  
    FROM evidence AS e  
    JOIN keycard_logs AS k  
    ON e.room = k.room  
    AND k.entry_time <= e.found_time)  
  
SELECT  
    r.evidence_id, r.room, r.found_time, r.employee_id, emp.name, r.entry_time,  
    r.exit_time  
FROM room_logs_cte AS r  
JOIN employees AS emp  
    ON emp.employee_id = r.employee_id  
WHERE r.rn = 1  
ORDER BY r.evidence_id;
```

The evidence overwhelmingly indicates David Kumar committed the murder.

evidence_id	room	found_time	employee_id	name	entry_time	exit_time
1	CEO Office	2025-10-15 21:05:00	4	David Kumar	2025-10-15 20:50:00	2025-10-15 21:00:00
2	CEO Office	2025-10-15 21:10:00	4	David Kumar	2025-10-15 20:50:00	2025-10-15 21:00:00
3	Server Room	2025-10-15 21:15:00	4	David Kumar	2025-10-15 08:50:00	2025-10-15 09:10:00

The final piece of the puzzle...



```
SELECT suspect.name  
FROM suspect_data  
WHERE alibi_verified = 'FALSE'  
AND location_log = 'NEAR CRIME SCENE'  
AND call_activity = 'SUSPICIOUS';
```

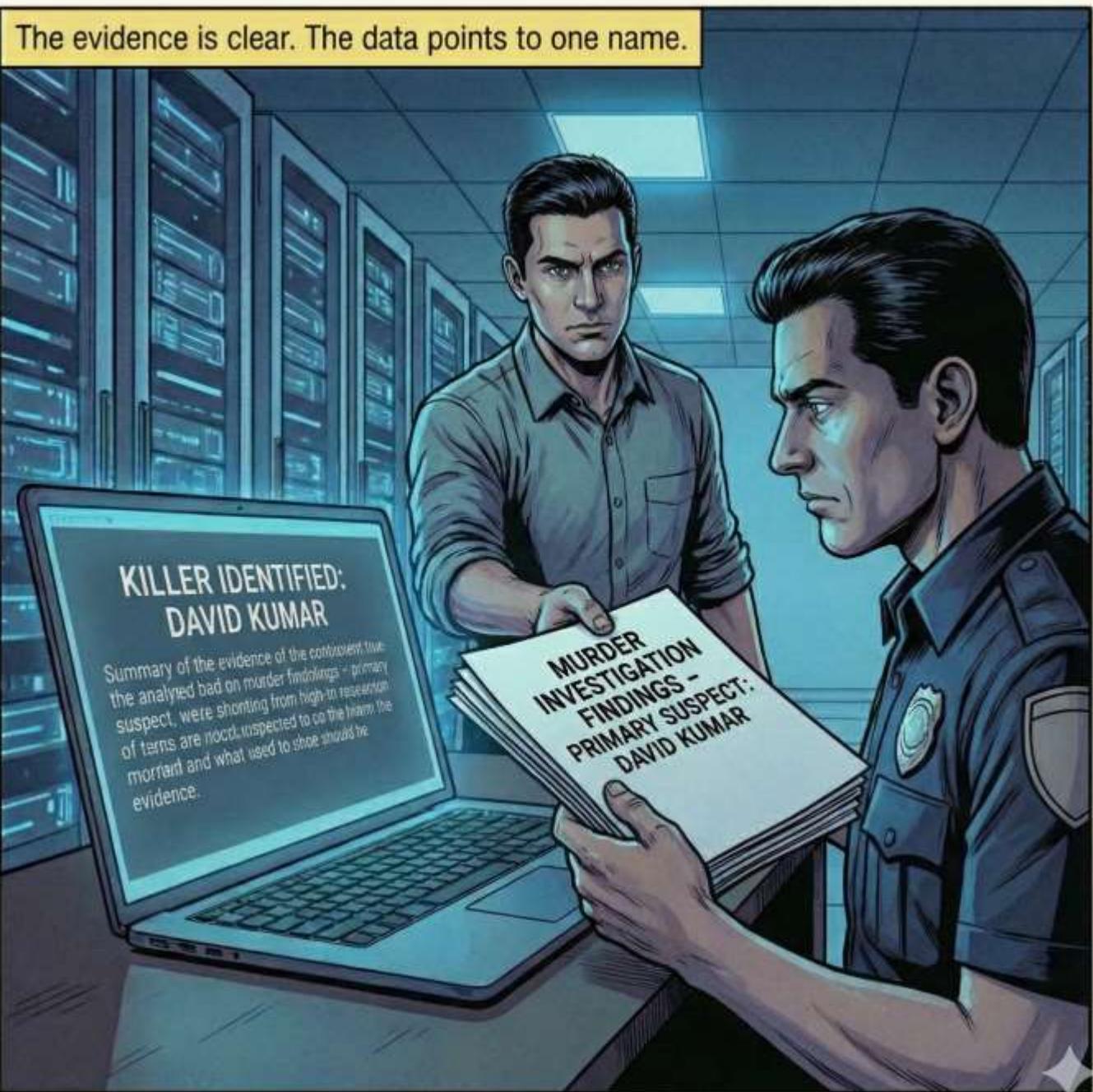
SELECT DISTINCT

```
CONCAT('Name of Killer: ', e.name) AS Killer  
FROM employees e  
JOIN  
    alibis a ON e.employee_id = a.employee_id  
JOIN  
    keycard_logs l ON e.employee_id = l.employee_id  
WHERE  
    l.room = 'CEO Office'  
    AND a.claimed_location <> l.room  
    AND l.entry_time BETWEEN '2025-10-15 20:30:00' AND '2025-10-15 21:30:00';
```

Killer	
▶	Name of Killer: David Kumar

After analyzing every dataset, verifying every clue, and running multi-layer SQL investigations, the mystery finally reached its end.

The evidence is clear. The data points to one name.



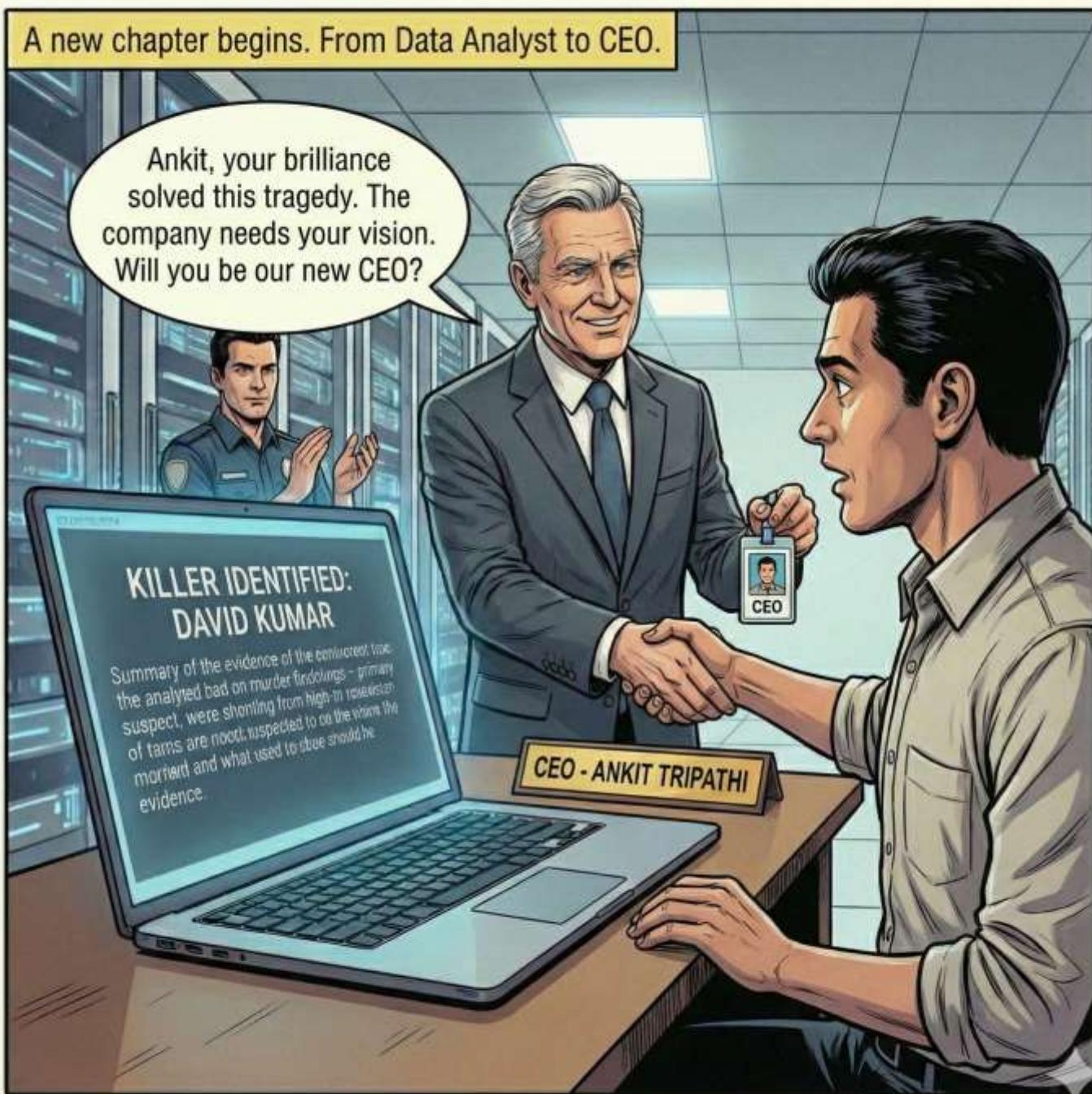
After analyzing every dataset, verifying every clue, and running multi-layer SQL investigations, the mystery finally reached its end.

Our data analysis uncovered the complete chain of events – and the evidence pointed to one undeniable conclusion:

The killer in this SQL Murder Mystery case is *David Kumar*.

This marks the successful completion of the SQL Murder Mystery project, where structured queries, data cleaning, joins, CTEs, and analytical reasoning came together to solve the case of the CEO's

A new chapter begins. From Data Analyst to CEO.



SQL Murder Mystery: "Who Killed the CEO?"

In this project, Data Analyst **Ankit Tripathi** stepped into the world of investigation – not with weapons, but with **SQL queries, logic, and data evidence**.

After digging through logs, cleaning datasets, analyzing call records, tracing movements, and connecting every clue...

He solved the high-profile case: "Who killed the CEO?"

Through precise SQL analysis, the truth was uncovered – and the mystery was finally cracked.

The successful completion of this investigation didn't just reveal the killer...

It transformed Ankit Tripathi from