

Demo

ACL with AVD

How to Generate ACL Config Using AVD

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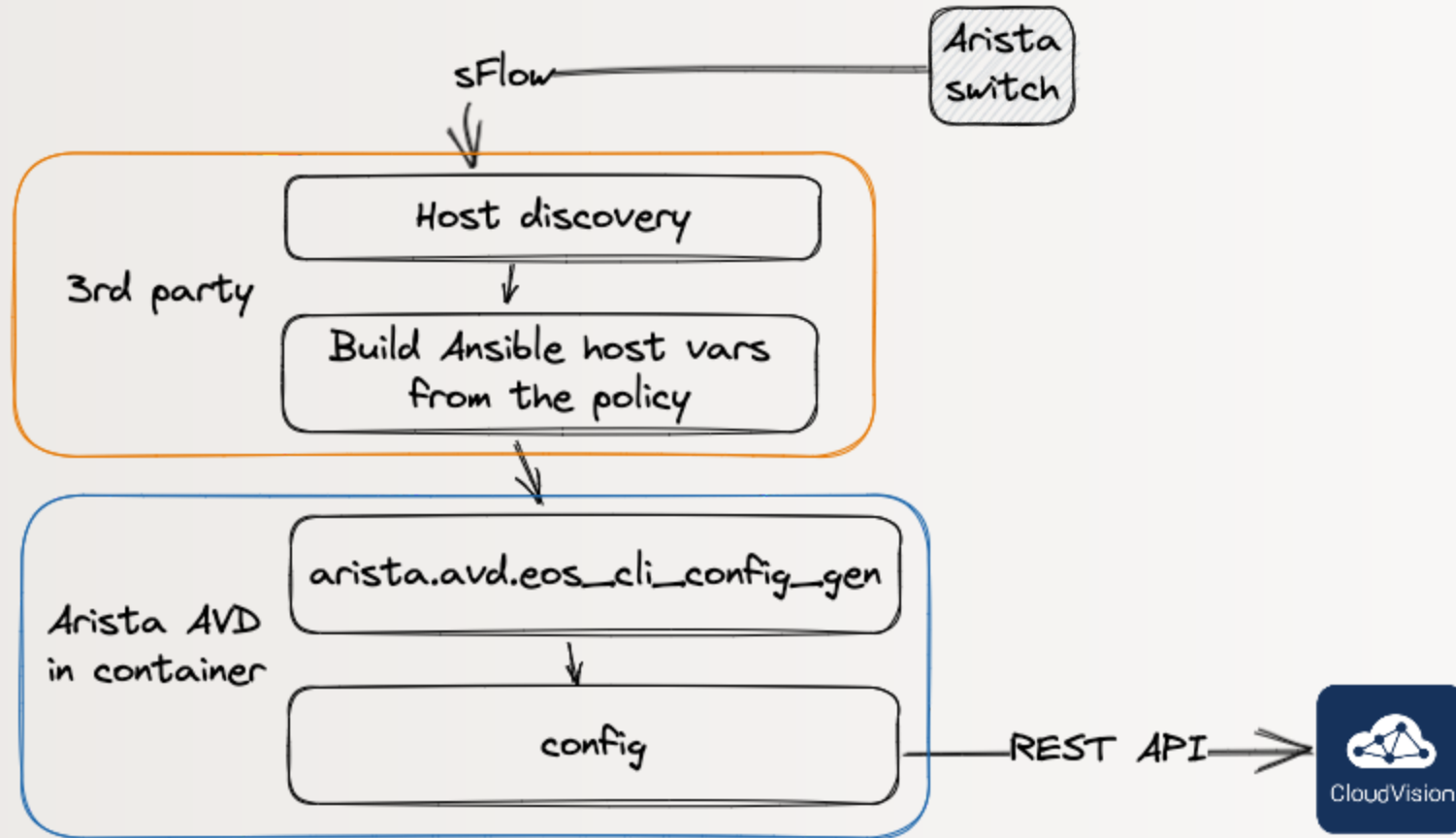
Credits and References

This repository is based on many awesome open source repositories and some free/commercial Github features:

- [VS Code](#)
- [DevContainers](#)
- [Marp](#)
- [Excalidraw VS Code Plugin](#)
- [Github Actions](#)
- [Github Pages](#)
- [Github Codespaces](#)
- [Carbon](#)
- And many more...

All photos are taken from [Pexels](#) and [Unsplash](#). Excellent free stock photos resources. It's not possible to reference every author individually, but their work is highly appreciated.

Building Blocks

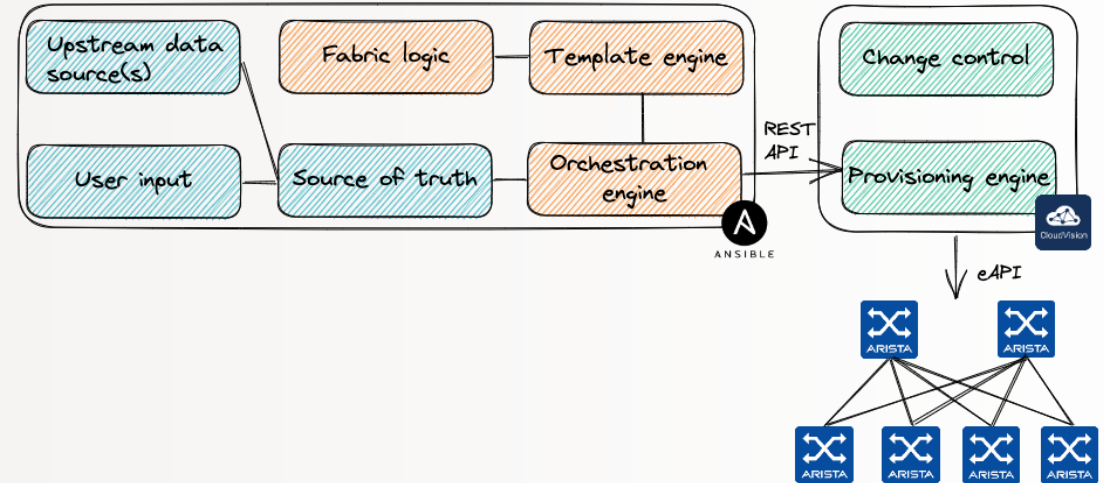


What is Ansible AVD?

- AVD stands for Arista Validated Design
- Documentation is available at avd.arista.com
- Historically it is based on the [EVPN Deployment Guide](#), but now it's much more advanced and developing fast.
- Ansible AVD repository is available here: github.com/aristanetworks/ansible-avd
- The Ansible AVD collection is relying on:
 - [EOS foundational modules](#) maintained by RedHat: `ansible-galaxy collection install arista.eos`
 - [Ansible CVP modules](#) to interact with CloudVision Portal when required

Typical Ansible AVD Automation Workflow

- Collect user input from various data sources and aggregate in a single source of truth. For ex. git repository.
- Generate low level variables from abstracted input data using sophisticated fabric logic
- Parse Jinja2 templates to produce plain text configs
- Push plain text configs via CloudVision Portal as change-control "proxy" or directly to devices via eAPI.



BUT: AVD can simply parse relevant templates and generate partial configuration!

The Demo

- Start Github Codespace with AVD pre-installed
- Add TCP rule to hostvars
- Run playbook to generate ACL config
- Fail playbook with limit to demonstrate error handling

```
# a simple test acl
ip_access_lists_max_acl: 10000

ip_access_lists:
  - name: ACL_SIMPLE_TEST
    entries:
      - remark: test acl without sequence numbers
      - action: deny
        protocol: udp
        source: any
        destination: any
        log: true
      # - action: permit
      #   protocol: tcp
      #   source: any
      #   destination: any
      - action: permit
        protocol: icmp
        source: any
        destination: any
        icmp_type: 3
        icmp_code: 4
        ttl: 40
      - action: permit
        protocol: icmp
        source: any
        destination: any
        icmp_type: unreachable
        ttl: 3
        ttl_match: gt

ethernet_interfaces:
  Ethernet1:
    type: routed
    access_group_in: ACL_SIMPLE_TEST
    access_group_out: ACL_SIMPLE_TEST
```

Potential Challenges

- A lot of testing is required to ensure that solution works as expected
- Possible caveats:
 - discovery time with sFlow
 - host moves
 - hardware limits
 - etc.

Q&A