

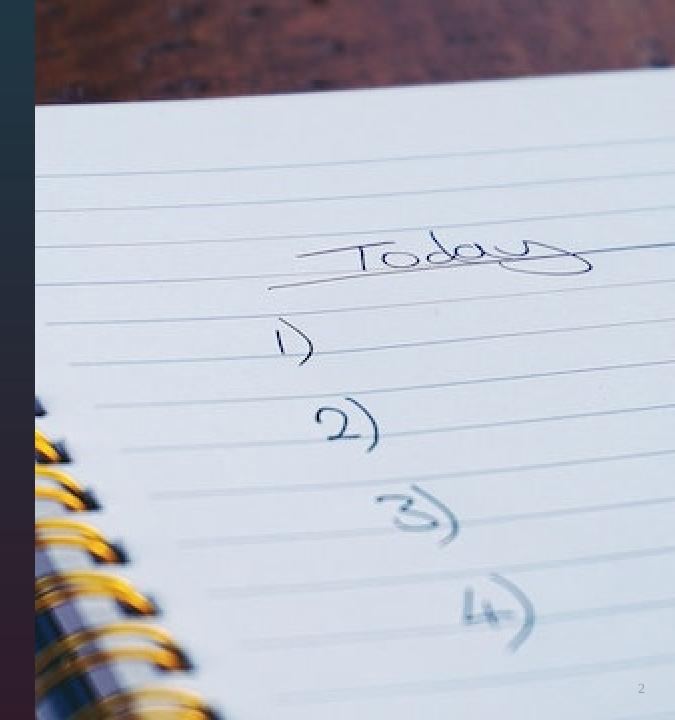
# **AVD Extended Workshop**

Intro into Ansible, Ansible AVD, Git and

VSCode for new and existing AVD users

#### What is this Workshop about?

- This workshop is split into 3 sections. Each section takes around 2 hours to complete. That can be done as a full day workshop or split into 3 separate sessions.
- Topics:
  - Section 1 Intro:
    - Introducing the Tools
    - Before We Start get lab environment up and running
    - How to setup Ansible AVD in Arista Test Drive environment
    - Prepare Github Codespaces Environment
    - Run AVD Playbooks
    - Make Some Changes in AVD Repository
  - Section 2 Ansible and Git 101:
    - Under construction
  - Section 3 Common AVD provisioning cases:
    - Under construction
- Make a break when you see a slide with a coffee cup 🥞
- Ask questions at any time!



#### What is NOT covered in this Workshop?

- This workshop is not a deep dive into each and every topic. It is covering some advanced concepts, but you may need additional documentation and training to understand every topic in details.
  - For additional information please refer to the following resources:
    - Ansible AVD Documentation
    - VSCode Documentation
    - Git Documentation Pro Git book is a good start
    - Container Trainings by @jpetazzo:
      - Github repository
      - Training materials
- We are not going to use Arista CloudVision Portal (CVP) in this workshop. It provides a lot of advantages, but is not essential to understand the concepts covered in this workshop.
- If you will not find something you expect in this workshop, there can be 2 reasons:
  - It is not covered in this workshop
  - It is waiting for your contribution to this repository!



# Requirements

• You **MUST** have a Github account ! Register here.

#### References

- If you are not using ATD, the functionality of this repository will rely on many amazing open source projects:
  - ContainerLab
  - VSCode
  - DevContainers
  - Marp
  - Excalidraw VSCode
- This repository is also relying on following free/commercial Github features:
  - Github Actions
  - Github Pages
  - Github Codespaces
- All photos are taken from Pexels and Unsplash. Excellent free stock photos resources. It's not possible to reference every author individually, but their work is highly appreciated.



# **Introducing The Tools**

Section 1.1

- The bird view on the tools we are going to use in this workshop.
- No details, they will come in a later sections. Just and overview.

#### What is Git?

#### • In Short:

Git is a distributed version control system that tracks changes to a set of files and enables collaborative work.

#### • Fun Fact:

Git was created by Linus Torvalds in 2005 to develop Linux kernel.



### What is GitHub?

- GitHub is a Git repository hosting platform.
- Allows to coordinate multiple local copies of the same repository and more.



#### **VSCode**

- Visual Studio Code is an extensible source-code editor developed by Microsoft and free to use.
- This will be our main tool to work with Ansible AVD and interact with Git repositories in the workshop and production.
- We are not going to cover VSCode installation and customization in this workshop. Check VSCode documentation for details.





## **Before We Start**

Section 1.2

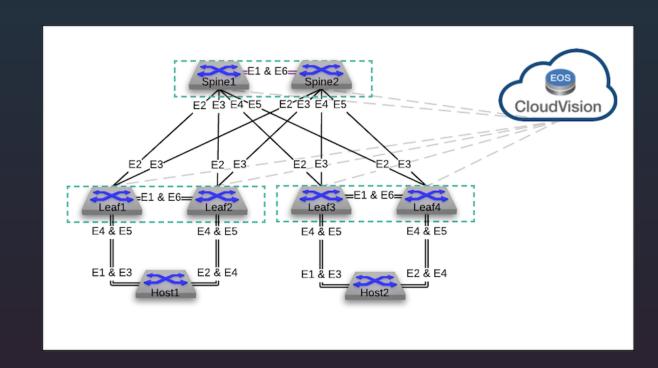
• How to get your lab environment up and running

#### **How to use this Workshop?**

- To try all practical examples you need to have access to the lab environment. There are 3 possible options:
  - Use Github Codespaces. This is the preferred option, but double check that you understand all the costs and free tier limits.
  - Use Arista Test Drive Single DC topology. Please ask your Arista SE to create an ATD lab for you.
  - Build your own lab environment: Ubuntu LTS + Docker + ContainerLab. This option is not described in detail, but the devcontainer used to build Codespaces environment will work on any machine with Docker installed. Please contact your SE if you need help.

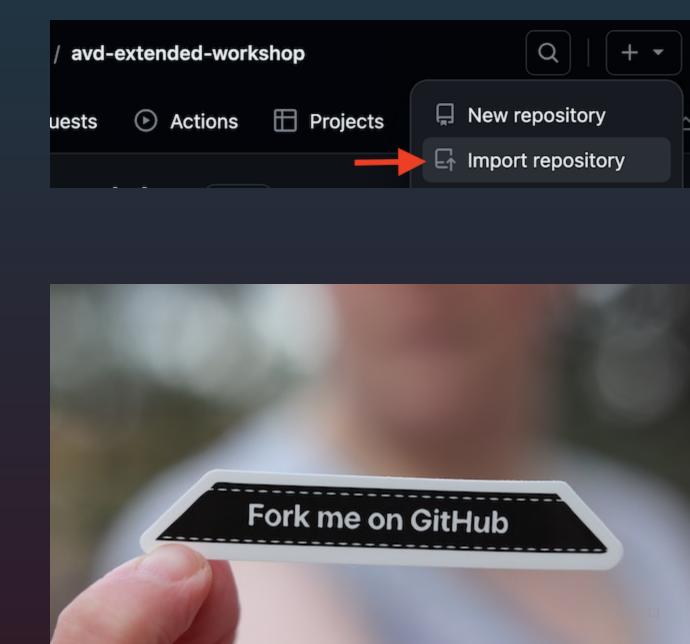
#### **Lab Topology**

- This workshop is using Arista Test Drive Single DC topology.
- To match minimize resources and fit default Codespaces 4-core machine, the topology was reduced by removing leaf3, leaf4, host1 and host2.
- Feel free to adjust Ansible inventory and group variables if you are using ATD lab and would prefer to activate them all. But it's not essential for this workshop.
- CVP is not used as it's not required for this workshop.



#### **Github Repository Import**

- Create a copy of this repository on your Github account. That will allow you to make any changes without impacting the original repository.
- Alternatively you can fork this repository, but in this case you must NOT (!) open any pull requests to the original repository.
- To make a copy of the repository click —
  button in the top right corner of the
  Github page and select Import
  repository option.



# **Github Repository Import, Step**2

- Enter the following URL in Your Old Repository's Clone URL field:
  - https://github.com/arista-netdevopscommunity/avd-extended-workshop
- Use your own account in Owner field and avdextended-workshop or another name in the Repository Name field.
- Create Public repository. That will simplify interaction with this repo and allow use of Github free features.
- Wait until the import is completed.
- Your clone will now be referenced as <yourcopy-of-this-repository> in this workshop.

#### Import your project to GitHub

Import all the files, including revision history, from another version control system.

Required fields are marked with an asterisk (\*).

Support for importing Mercurial, Subversion and Team Foundation Version Control (TFVC) repositories will end on October 17, 2023. For more details, see the changelog.

Your old repository's clone URL \*

https://github.com/arista-netdevops-community/avd-extended-workshop

Learn more about the types of supported VCS.

#### Your new repository details

Owner \* Repository name \*

ankudinov 

same-or-another-name

same-or-another-name is available.

#### Publi

Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.

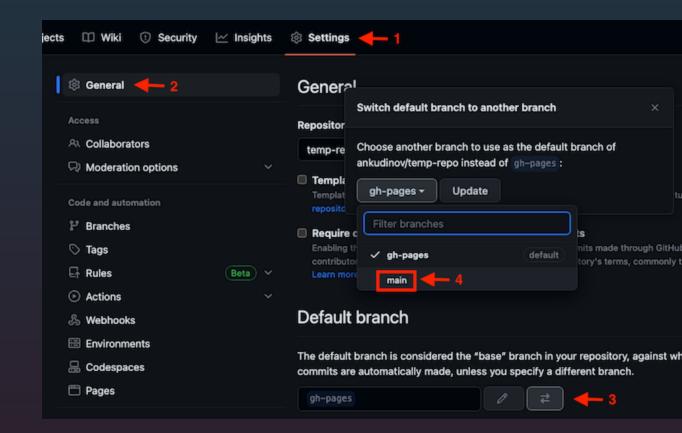


#### Private

You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

# **Github Repository Import, Step**3

- Confirm that main is the default Git branch after the import.
- Click Settings tab in the top right corner of the Github page.
- Click General on the left panel.
- Scroll down to Default branch section, click Switch to another branch button and select main branch.
- All set! 🎉



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# How to Setup ATD Environment

Section 1.3

- skip hands on in this section if you are using Codespaces
- still read the slides as they explain AVD installation process

# How to setup Ansible AVD in Arista Test Drive environment?

- We could use a script to setup required Ansible collections and tools in Arista Test Drive environment, but it's a good opportunity to discuss what are the requirements but installing them manually.
- For details please check AVD documentation Installation > Collection Installation > collection

#### **Open Programmability IDE**

- Use the lab token provided by Arista representative to access the lab environment.
- Check the status of the lab environment. If it's Shutdown - click Start button.
- Click Programmability IDE button to open VSCode in the browser:
  - To access Programmability IDE use the password listed on the starting Web page.
  - The VSCode functionality in the Web browser is provided by ATD Code server container
- Click Yes, I trust the authors button to continue. 👮
- Open new terminal in VSCode: Top Left Corner (3 parallel lines) > Terminal > New Terminal

#### Welcome to Arista's Datacenter Lab!

Your topology is currently: Shutdown

Access Topology: Click Here to Access Topology

Topology Address: Topology Shutdown

Time Remaining: 00:00:00

Deployment Date: 30/06/2023, 13:41:00 Termination Date: 07/07/2023, 13:41:00

START

\*This page will update automatically every minute. Please allow up to 10 minutes for a topology to start.

Programmability IDE

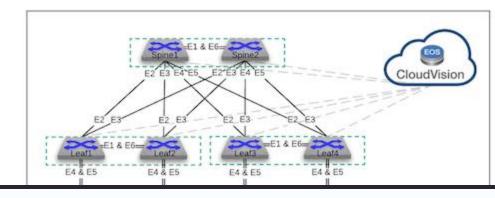
WebUI CVP

**Event Alert API** 

**Jenkins** 

#### Topology

Click on a device to access CLI.



#### Welcome to code-server

Please log in below. Check the config file at ~/.config/code-server/config.yaml for the password.







#### **Install Ansible AVD**

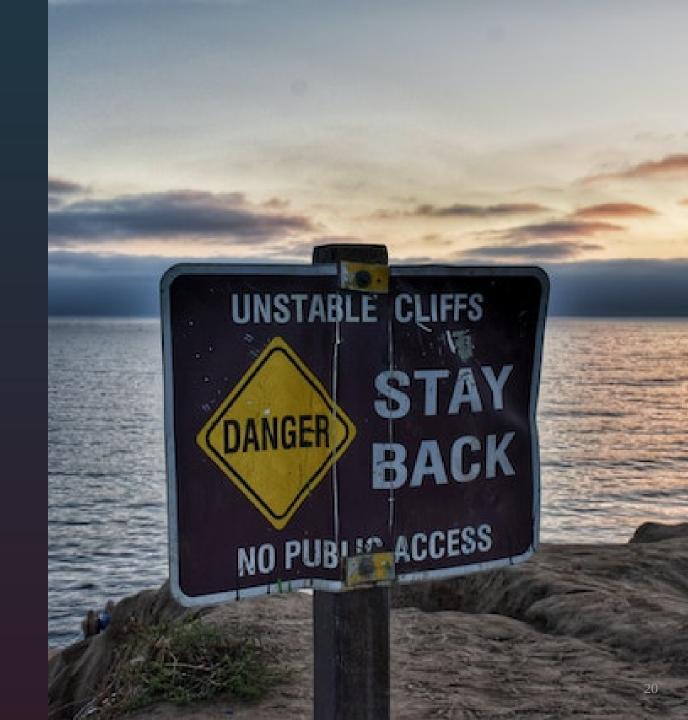
```
# 1. Update package index files
sudo apt-get update
# 2. Install iputils as life is hard without ping
sudo apt-get install -y --no-install-recommends iputils-ping
# 3. Add .local/bin in home folder to PATH
export PATH=$PATH:/home/coder/.local/bin
# 4. Upgrade pip and install Ansible core
     If you get errors, ignore. This bug will be fixed soon.
pip install --upgrade pip
pip3 install "ansible-core>=2.13.1,<2.14.0"</pre>
# 5. Install Arista AVD collection
ansible-galaxy collection install arista.avd:==4.1.0
# 6. Install AVD collection requirements
pip3 install -r /home/coder/.ansible/collections/ansible_collections/arista/avd/requirements.txt
```

For additional details check Arista Ansible AVD Collection installation docs.

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#### **Ansible Installation Warnings**

- Double check that the path to Ansible collection is correct. Normally it is expected to be in /home/coder/.ansible/
- You PATH environment variable must be set correctly!
- Never install Ansible as root user!
- Watch out for environments with a long history, conflicting Python installations etc.
- Containers make it simple! Use containers! 
   The Codespaces environment is based on a container with all requirements installed.



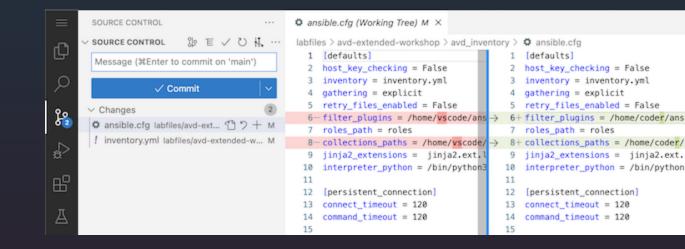
#### **Setup Ansible AVD Repository**

```
# 1. install yq to adjust AVD yaml files - https://github.com/mikefarah/yq
    you can certainly edit yaml files manually, but there would be no fun 👎
export VERSION="v4.34.1" BINARY="yg linux amd64"
sudo wget https://github.com/mikefarah/yq/releases/download/$VERSION/$BINARY -0 /usr/bin/yq \
    && sudo chmod +x /usr/bin/va
# 2. Clone your copy of this repository
cd labfiles
git clone https://github.com/<gh-handle>/<your-copy-of-this-repository>.git avd-extended-workshop
# 3. switch to the repository directory
cd avd-extended-workshop
# 4. confirm that you are working with the `main` branch
    if not, type following command to change the branch
git checkout main
    you should see the following prompt
 avd-extended-workshop git:(main)
# 5. update ansible.cfg to match ATD container user
cp extras/ansible-avd.cfg avd_inventory/ansible.cfg
# 6. set Ansible password to your AVD environment password
yq -i '.all.vars.ansible_password = "<your-password>"' avd_inventory/inventory.yml
```

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## **Commit Changes to Git**

- Click VSCode Source Control icon in the left panel.
- Click + button to stage all changes.
   Alternatively you can accept VSCode suggestion to do that automatically every time by selecting Always option.
- Enter a *meaningful* commit message in the Message field.
- Click Commit button.





# Prepare Github Codespaces Environment

Section 1.4

- you can skip this section if you are using ATD lab
- still read the slides as they explain how to use Codespaces

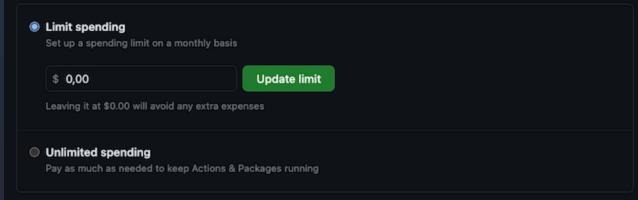
#### **Before You Create Codespaces Environment**

- Codespaces is a paid feature. Please check Github Codespaces pricing
- It has a free tier for personal accounts:
  - 120 core-hours per month -> will be 30 hours on a 4-core machine
  - 15 GB storage per month -> this will be a bottleneck for the workshop container image
- The free tier is enough to complete this workshop, but don't forget to delete the Codespaces environment after the workshop.
- Check your account > Settings > Billing and plans > Spending limits to make sure that if you exceed the limit, there will be no charges. The default limit of 0.00 will avoid any extra expenses.

#### Billing & plans / Monthly spending limits

Set up a monthly spending limit. You can adjust it at any time. Read more information about spending limits.

#### **Actions & Packages**

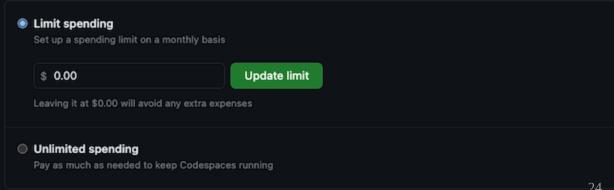


#### Email alerts

Receive email notifications when usage reaches 75%, 90% and 100% thresholds.

- Included resources alerts
- Spending limit alerts

#### Codespaces

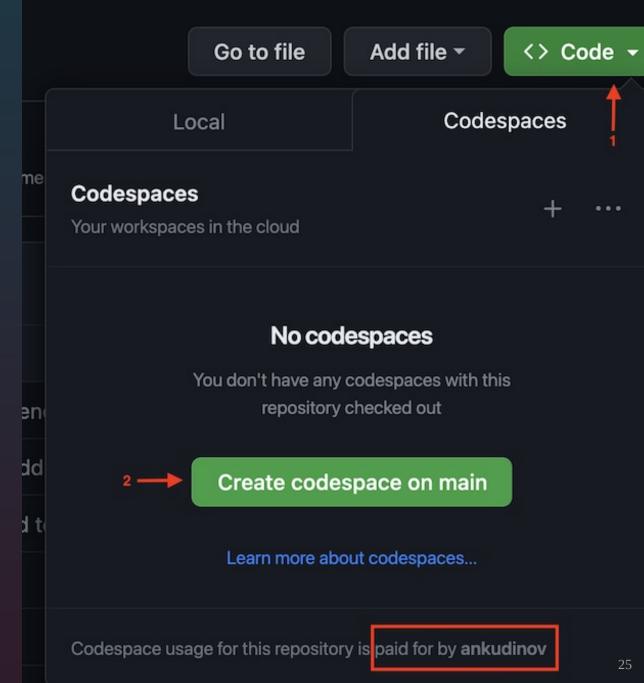


#### **Start a Codespace**

- Click code button in the top right corner of the Github page.
- Click Create codespace on main button.
- Wait until the codespace environment is created.
- Once codespace container is ready the VSCode will open automatically in your browser.

#### WARNING !:

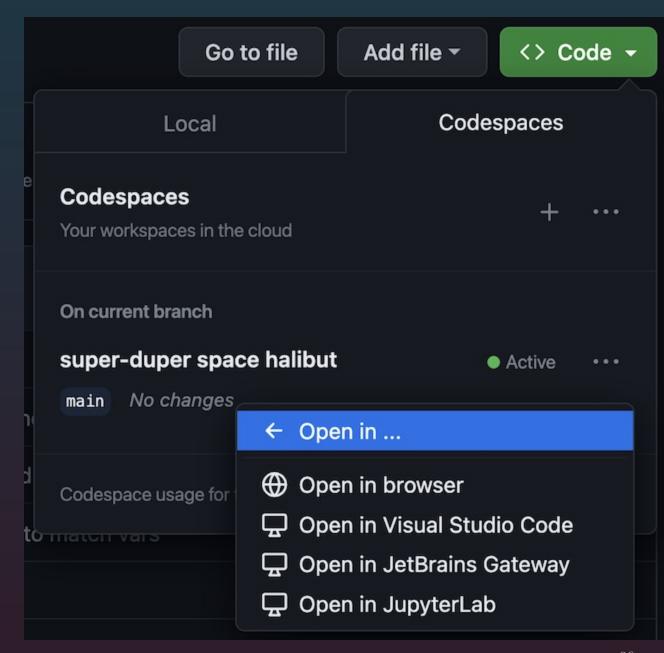
- Check paid for by field and make sure that you are using your personal account. If you are using a company account, you may be charged for the Codespaces usage. Also double-check previous slide and make sure that you understand the costs and limits.
- Do not use pre-builds. They consume storage across regions and can quickly exceed the free tier limit.



#### **Open Existing Codespace**

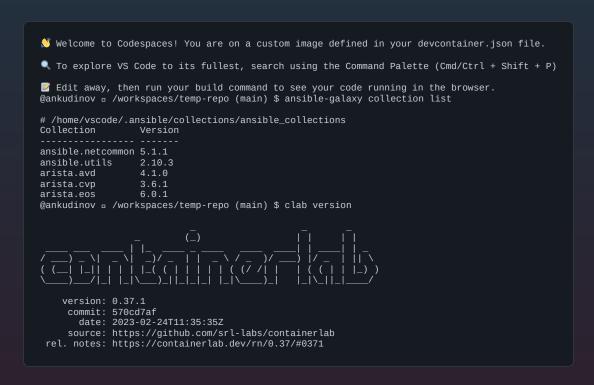
- Once the Codespace is created, you can open it again by clicking Code button in the top right corner of the Github page and clicking 3 dots next to codespace name.
- Alternatively you can open it from the Github Codespaces page
- If you have VSCode installed locally, pick open in Visual Studio Code option. Otherwise use Open in browser option. The codespace container will always run remotely.

WARNING ! : Do not forget to delete the Codespace after the workshop.



#### **Using Codespaces Container**

- Codespaces container is ready to use.
- All required tools and dependencies are already installed. Check ansible-galaxy collection list output to confirm.
- Nevertheless:
  - The ContainerLab topology must be started and stopped manually.
  - cLab requires cEOS image to be uploaded first.



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#### **Uploading cEOS Image**

- The cEOS image is not included in the Codespaces container and must be uploaded manually.
- 1st, download the image from Arista Software Download Center. Go to cEOS-lab section and download the image. Latest 4.29 image is recommended.
- To upload the image to the Codespaces container GitHub
   CLI must be used:
  - To install GitHub CLI go to:

```
https://cli.github.com/
```

- Check GH CLI installation instructions for additional details.
- GitHub CLI allows you to control your Github account from the command line. Including Github Codespaces.

```
∕-pa@pa ~
 ─$ gh codespace --help
Connect to and manage codespaces
USAGE
  gh codespace [flags]
AVAILABLE COMMANDS
  code:
               Open a codespace in Visual Studio Code
               Copy files between local and remote file systems
 cp:
 create:
               Create a codespace
 delete:
              Delete codespaces
               Edit a codespace
 edit:
  jupyter:
               Open a codespace in JupyterLab
 list:
              List codespaces
  logs:
               Access codespace logs
               List ports in a codespace
 ports:
 rebuild:
              Rebuild a codespace
              SSH into a codespace
 ssh:
 stop:
              Stop a running codespace
               View details about a codespace
 view:
INHERITED FLAGS
  --help Show help for command
LEARN MORE
 Use 'gh <command> <subcommand> --help' for more information about a command.
 Read the manual at https://cli.github.com/manual
```

## **Configure GitHub CLI**

```
# 1. Follow https://github.com/cli/cli#installation instructions to install GH CLI
# 2. Authenticate with GH CLI
gh auth login
    Select `GitHub.com` option and pick `Login with a web browser`
    Follow the instructions to login to your Github account
# 3. Authenticate with Codespaces
gh auth refresh -h github.com -s codespace
# follow the instructions
# 4. Check that you can access Codespaces
gh codespace list
# 5. Confirm that you can SSH to your codespace
gh codespace ssh
    Pick the codespace you want to connect to
# 6. While connected to the codespace via SSH create a directory to upload cEOS image
     The directory name must be listed in .gitignore to avoid committing the image to the repository
<your-codespace-in-ssh> (main) $ mkdir .gitignored
# 7. Exit SSH session
<your-codespace-in-ssh> (main) $ exit
# 8. Upload cEOS image to the Codespaces container
gh codespace cp <path-to-ceos-image> -c <your-codespace-name> remote:/workspaces/avd-extended-workshop/.gitignored
```

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# Import cEOS Image and Start cLab Topology

Open VSCode terminal and run the following command to import cEOS-lab image:

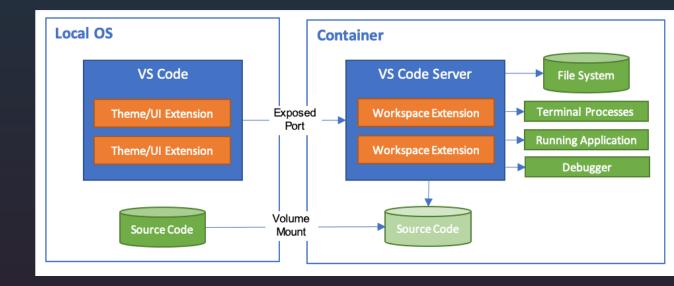
```
docker import .gitignored/<ceos-image-name> ceos-lab:latest
```

- Start cLab topology: make start
- To stop the lab use make stop at any time.
- If codespace is deactivated by timeout redeploy the lab.

```
@ankudinov = /workspaces/temp-repo (main) $ sudo clab inspect -t clab/topology.clab.yml
INFO[0000] Parsing & checking topology file: topology.clab.yml
                                 | Container ID |
                Name
                                                      Image
                                                                   Kind
                                                                            State
                                                                                     IPv4 Address
                                                                                                      IPv6 Address
     clab-simple-avd-lab-leaf1
                                                 ceos-lab:latest |
                                  dc2a660f739b |
                                                                   ceos
                                                                          running |
                                                                                    192.168.0.12/24 |
                                                                                                      N/A
   | clab-simple-avd-lab-leaf2
                                                 ceos-lab:latest
                                  08768ea19617
                                                                          running |
                                                                                    192.168.0.13/24
                                                                                                      N/A
                                                                   ceos
     clab-simple-avd-lab-spine1 |
                                  79bf7978a336 |
                                                 ceos-lab:latest |
                                                                   ceos
                                                                          running
                                                                                    192.168.0.10/24
                                                                                                      N/A
      clab-simple-avd-lab-spine2 |
                                                 ceos-lab:latest |
                                  45855e4687d6 |
                                                                          running
                                                                                    192.168.0.11/24
                                                                                                      N/A
                                                                   ceos
```

# Use The Local VSCode and Dev Container

- It's possible to run exactly the same container locally on a machine with Docker installed and use local VSCode Remote Containers feature to connect to it.
- Obviously there are no charges for this option. It's completely free, except the electricity bill.
- It is not covered in this workshop for one single reason: there are too many different environments and it's impossible to cover them all.
- Check VSCode Dev Containers documentation for details.





# Coffee Break 🥮



5 min



# **Run AVD Playbooks**

Section 1.5

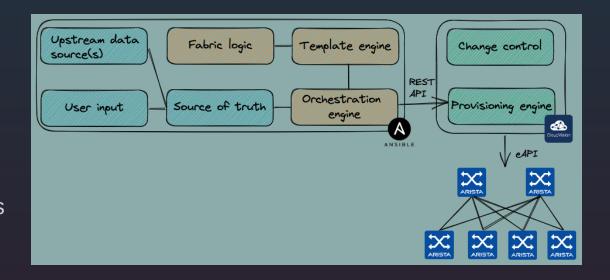
Just build an EVPN network with Ansible AVD and enjoy the result!

#### What is Ansible AVD?

- AVD stands for Arista Validated Design
- Documentation is available at avd.arista.com
- Historically it is based on the EVPN Deployment Guide, but now it's much more advanced and developing fast.
- Ansible AVD repository is available here: github.com/aristanetworks/ansible-avd
- The Ansible AVD collection is relying on:
  - EOS foundational modules maintained by RedHat: ansible-galaxy collection install arista.eos
  - Ansible CVP modules to interact with CloudVision Portal when required

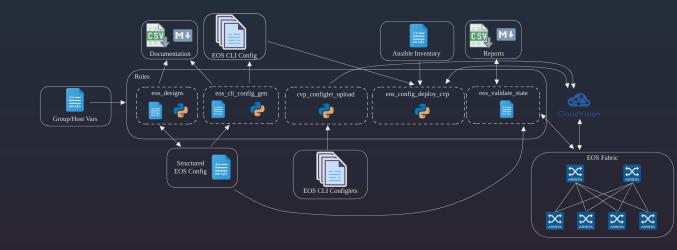
#### **Typical Ansible AVD Automation Workflow**

- Collect user input from various data sources and aggregate in a single source of truth. For ex. git repository.
- Generate low level variables from abstracted input data using sophisticated fabric logic
- Parse Jinja2 templates to produce plain text configs
- Push plain text configs via CloudVision Portal as change-control "proxy" or directly to devices via eAPI.



#### **AVD Collection Structure**

- Ansible AVD consists of the following key roles:
  - eos\_designs an set of modules to produce low level variables from abstracted input data using sophisticated fabric logic
  - eos\_cli\_config\_gen generate Arista EOS
     cli configuration from a set of templates and
     variables produced by eos\_designs role
  - eos\_validate\_state validate operational
     state of Arista EOS devices
  - cvp\_configlet\_upload upload configletsto CloudVision Portal
  - eos\_configlet\_deploy\_cvp deploy configlets to Arista EOS devices via
     CloudVision Portal



#### **Run Ansible AVD Playbooks**

```
# 1. switch to AVD inventory directory
# on ATD:
cd ~/project/labfiles/avd-extended-workshop/avd_inventory
# on Codespaces:
cd /workspaces/avd-extended-workshop/avd_inventory
# 2. run ansible-playbook to generate configs
# wait until the playbook will finish execution and check the configs in avd_inventory/intended/configs
ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml
# 3. run ansible-playbook to push configs to devices
ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml
# 4. Done!  Click on on any lab switch and check `show bgp evpn summary`
```

#### Playbook execution example:

```
* and_inventory git (main) a smiller playbook playbooks/and for its previous equi, yet

File (Deplay confide)

Into (prints and one, confid glashy, angl. | the lay of grants and the smill playbooks and the smill playbooks
```

# **Useful eAPI Troubleshooting Trick**

If you are facing any issues when to push configs or collect any data using eAPI, test access with the following command:

```
curl --user <login>:<password> --data "show version" --insecure https://<switch-mgmt-ip>:443/command-api --verbose
```

Try it now!

With --verbose it can tell you a lot.

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# Make Some Changes in AVD Repository

Section 1.6

- Change underlay routing protocol
- Add new tenant
- Filter VLANs
- Connect endpoints
- Validate the network

## **Change Underlay Routing Protocol to OSPF**

Go to avd\_inventory/group\_vars/ATD\_FABRIC.yml and uncomment following line:

```
underlay_routing_protocol: ospf
```

- Run ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml to generate new configs.
- Click source control icon on the left panel and check the diffs.
- Commit you change with a meaningful commit message.
- (Optional): Run ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml to push the new configs to the lab switches.

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#### **Add New Tenant**

- The Tenant in AVD is an abstraction combining a set of VRFs, VLANs and SVIs to be created on a set of switches.
- Open avd\_inventory/group\_vars/ATD\_TENANTS\_NETWORKS.yml and uncomment the lines related to Tenant\_B
- Run ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml to generate new configs.
- This will generate required EVPN configs for the new VRF, VLANs and SVIs.
- Click source control icon on the left panel and check the diffs.
- Commit you change with a meaningful commit message.
- (Optional): Run ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml to push the new configs to the lab switches.

```
tenants:
 # Tenant_A data will be present above Tenant_B
 # keep it unchanged
 - name: Tenant_B
   mac_vrf_vni_base: 20000
   vrfs:
     - name: Tenant B OP Zone
        vrf_vni: 20
        svis:
          - id: 210
            name: Tenant_B_OP_Zone_1
            tags: ['opzone']
            profile: WITH_NO_MTU
            ip_address_virtual: 10.2.10.1/24
          - id: 211
            name: Tenant_B_OP_Zone_2
            tags: ['opzone']
            profile: GENERIC_FULL
            ip_address_virtual: 10.2.11.1/24
```

#### **Filter VLANs Deployed**

- Currently all VLANs listed in AVD\_TENANTS\_NETWORKS.yml are deployed on the switches even if there are no client-facing interfaces configured for those VLANs.
- To filter out unused VLANs, open avd\_inventory/group\_vars/ATD\_FABRIC.yml and uncomment the following line:

```
l3leaf:
    defaults:
        # ... other defaults
        # keep all the lines above unchanged
        # ...
    filter:
        only_vlans_in_use: true
```

- Run ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml to generate new configs.
- Click Source Control icon on the left panel and check the diffs.
- Commit you change with a meaningful commit message.
- (Optional): Run ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml to push the new configs to the lab switches.

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#### **Change The Port Configuration**

- Currently ports to host1 are configured as access ports in VLAN110.
- Let's change that to a trunk with VLANs 110 and 160 allowed.
- Open avd\_inventory/group\_vars/ATD\_SERVERS.yml and add a new port profile. The change is shown on the right.
- Run ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml to generate new configs.
- Click source control icon on the left panel and check the diffs.
- Commit you change with a meaningful commit message.
- (Optional): Run ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml to push the new configs to the lab switches.

```
vscode _ /workspaces/avd-extended-workshop/avd_inventory (main) $ git diff
diff --git a/avd_inventory/group_vars/ATD_SERVERS.yml b/avd_inventory/group_vars/ATD_SERVERS.yml
index 6bc1f49..00a6625 100644
--- a/avd inventory/group vars/ATD SERVERS.yml
+++ b/avd_inventory/group_vars/ATD_SERVERS.yml
@@ -3,6 +3,9 @@ port_profiles:
   - profile: TENANT_A
     mode: access
     vlans: "110"
    profile: TENANT_A_TRUNK
     mode: trunk
     vlans: "110, 160"
servers:
@@ -12,7 +15,7 @@ servers:
       - endpoint_ports: [Eth1, Eth2, Eth3, Eth4]
         switch_ports: [Ethernet4, Ethernet5, Ethernet4, Ethernet5]
         switches: [leaf1, leaf1, leaf2, leaf2]
         profile: TENANT_A
         profile: TENANT_A_TRUNK
         port_channel:
           description: PortChannel
           mode: active
(END)
```

#### Validate The Network

- To confirm that network state is correct use AVD network validation role.
- 1st, make sure that you have generated the latest configs and pushed them to the switches:

```
ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml
ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml
```

• Run the following command to validate the network state:

```
ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-validate-state.yml
```

• The validate role has some limitations that are quite critical when building a CI pipeline. But there is some work in progress. For example, check ANTA library for an alternative solution.



# **End of Section 1**

Questions?

To-be-continued