

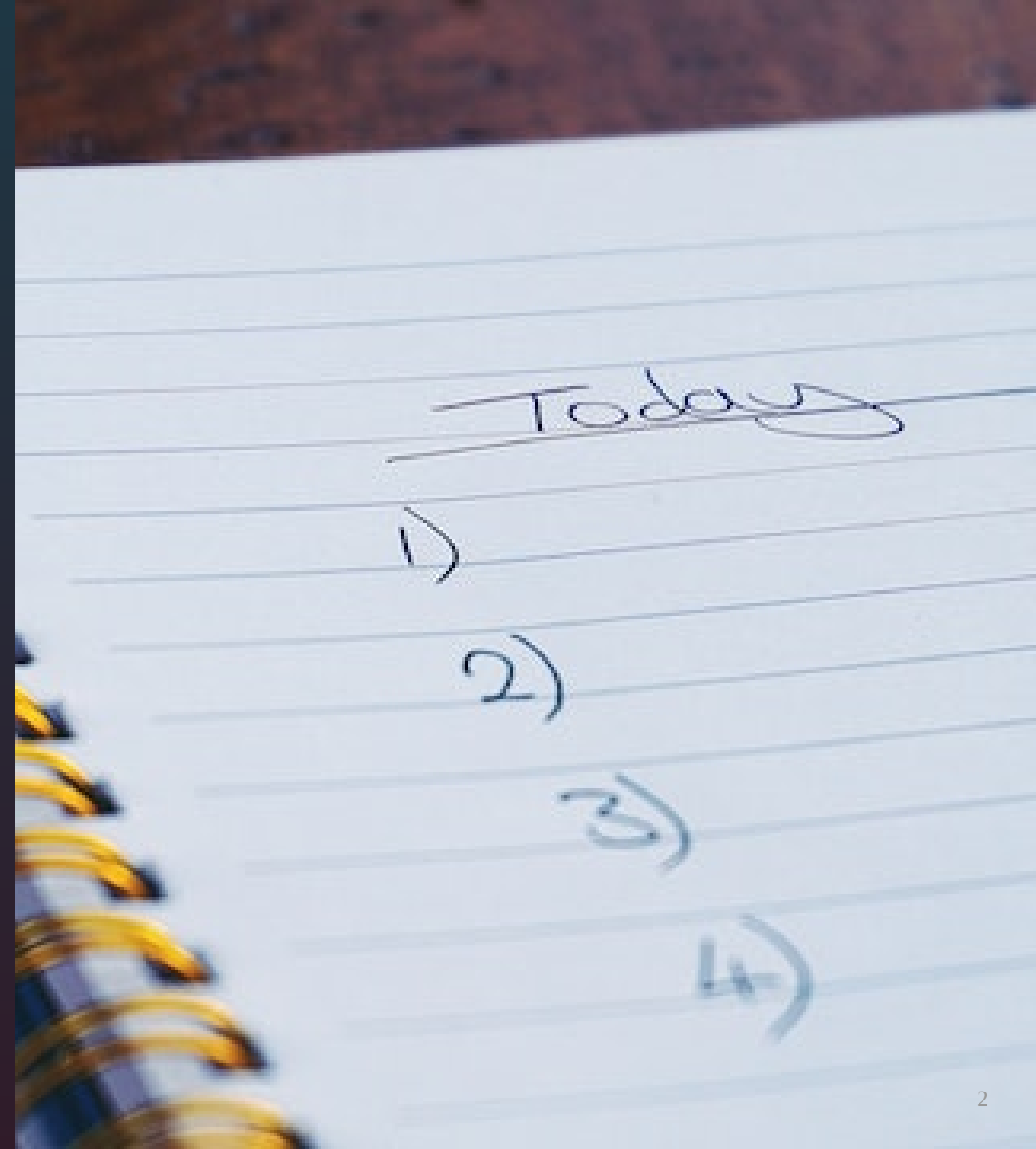


AVD Extended Workshop

Intro into Ansible, Ansible AVD, Git and VSCode for new and existing AVD users

What is this Workshop about?

- This workshop is split into 3 sections. Each section takes around 2 hours to complete. That can be done as a full day workshop or split into 3 separate sessions.
- Topics:
 - Section 1 - Intro:
 - Introducing the Tools
 - Before We Start - get lab environment up and running
 - How to setup Ansible AVD in Arista Test Drive environment
 - Prepare Github Codespaces Environment
 - Run AVD Playbooks
 - Make Some Changes in AVD Repository
 - Section 2 - Ansible and Git 101:
 - Under construction
 - Section 3 - Common AVD provisioning cases:
 - Under construction
- Make a break when you see a slide with a coffee cup ☕
- Ask questions at any time!



What is NOT covered in this Workshop?

- This workshop is not a deep dive into each and every topic. It is covering some advanced concepts, but you may need additional documentation and training to understand every topic in details.

For additional information please refer to the following resources:

- [Ansible AVD Documentation](#)
- [VSCode Documentation](#)
- [Git Documentation](#) - Pro Git book is a good start
- Container Trainings by [@jpetazzo](#):
 - [Github repository](#)
 - [Training materials](#)
- We are not going to use Arista CloudVision Portal (CVP) in this workshop. It provides a lot of advantages, but is not essential to understand the concepts covered in this workshop.
- If you will not find something you expect in this workshop, there can be 2 reasons:
 - It is not covered in this workshop
 - It is waiting for your contribution to this repository! 🤝



Requirements

- You **MUST** have a Github account !
Register [here](#).

References

- If you are not using ATD, the functionality of this repository will rely on many amazing open source projects:
 - [ContainerLab](#)
 - [VSCode](#)
 - [DevContainers](#)
 - [Marp](#)
 - [Excalidraw VSCode](#)
- This repository is also relying on following free/commercial Github features:
 - [Github Actions](#)
 - [Github Pages](#)
 - [Github Codespaces](#)
- All photos are taken from [Pexels](#) and [Unsplash](#). Excellent free stock photos resources. It's not possible to reference every author individually, but their work is highly appreciated.



Introducing The Tools

Section 1.1

- The bird view on the tools we are going to use in this workshop.
- No details, they will come in a later sections. Just an overview.

What is Git?

- **In Short:**

Git is a distributed version control system that tracks changes to a set of files and enables collaborative work.

- **Fun Fact:**

Git was created by Linus Torvalds in 2005 to develop Linux kernel.



git

What is GitHub?

- GitHub is a Git repository hosting platform.
- Allows to coordinate multiple local copies of the same repository and more.



VSCode

- Visual Studio Code is an extensible source-code editor developed by Microsoft and free to use.
- This will be our main tool to work with Ansible AVD and interact with Git repositories in the workshop and production.
- We are not going to cover VSCode installation and customization in this workshop. Check [VSCode documentation](#) for details.





Before We Start

Section 1.2

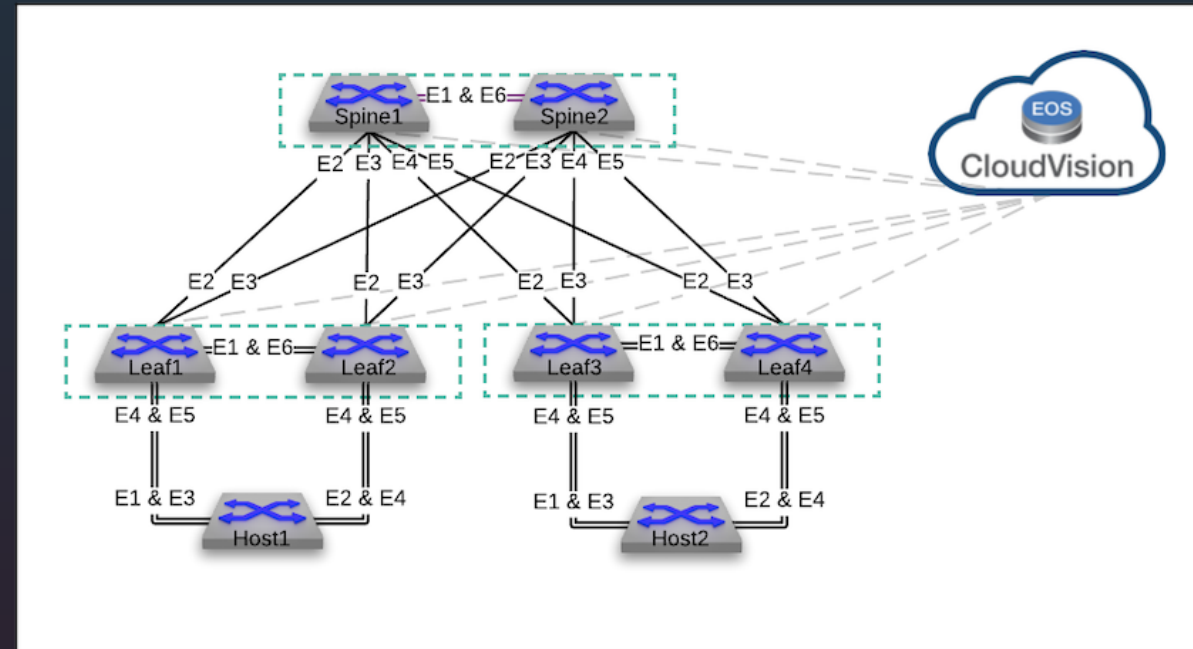
- How to get your lab environment up and running

How to use this Workshop?

- To try all practical examples you need to have access to the lab environment. There are 3 possible options:
 - Use Github Codespaces. This is the preferred option, but double check that you understand all the costs and free tier limits.
 - Use Arista Test Drive - Single DC topology. Please ask your Arista SE to create an ATD lab for you.
 - Build your own lab environment: Ubuntu LTS + Docker + ContainerLab. This option is not described in detail, but the devcontainer used to build Codespaces environment will work on any machine with Docker installed. Please contact your SE if you need help.

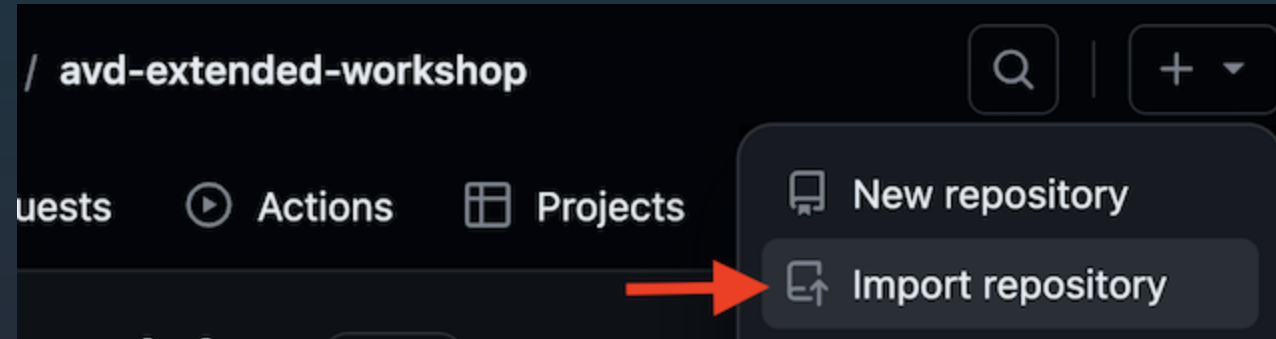
Lab Topology

- This workshop is using Arista Test Drive Single DC topology.
- To match minimize resources and fit default Codespaces 4-core machine, the topology was reduced by removing leaf3, leaf4, host1 and host2.
- Feel free to adjust Ansible inventory and group variables if you are using ATD lab and would prefer to activate them all. But it's not essential for this workshop.
- CVP is not used as it's not required for this workshop.



Github Repository Import

- Create a copy of this repository on your Github account. That will allow you to make any changes without impacting the original repository.
- Alternatively you can fork this repository, but in this case you must **NOT** (!) open any pull requests to the original repository.
- To make a copy of the repository click **+** button in the top right corner of the Github page and select **Import repository** option.



Github Repository Import, Step 2

- Enter the following URL in **Your old Repository's Clone URL** field:
 - `https://github.com/arista-netdevops-community/avd-extended-workshop`
- Use your own account in **Owner** field and `avd-extended-workshop` or another name in the **Repository Name** field.
- Create **Public** repository. That will simplify interaction with this repo and allow use of Github free features.
- Wait until the import is completed.
- Your clone will now be referenced as `<your-copy-of-this-repository>` in this workshop.

Import your project to GitHub

Import all the files, including revision history, from another version control system.

Required fields are marked with an asterisk ().*

Support for importing Mercurial, Subversion and Team Foundation Version Control (TFVC) repositories will end on October 17, 2023. For more details, see the [changelog](#).


Your old repository's clone URL *

`https://github.com/arista-netdevops-community/avd-extended-workshop`

Learn more about the types of [supported VCS](#).

Your new repository details

Owner *

 ankudinov ▾

Repository name *

`same-or-another-name`

✓ `same-or-another-name` is available.

☒  **Public**

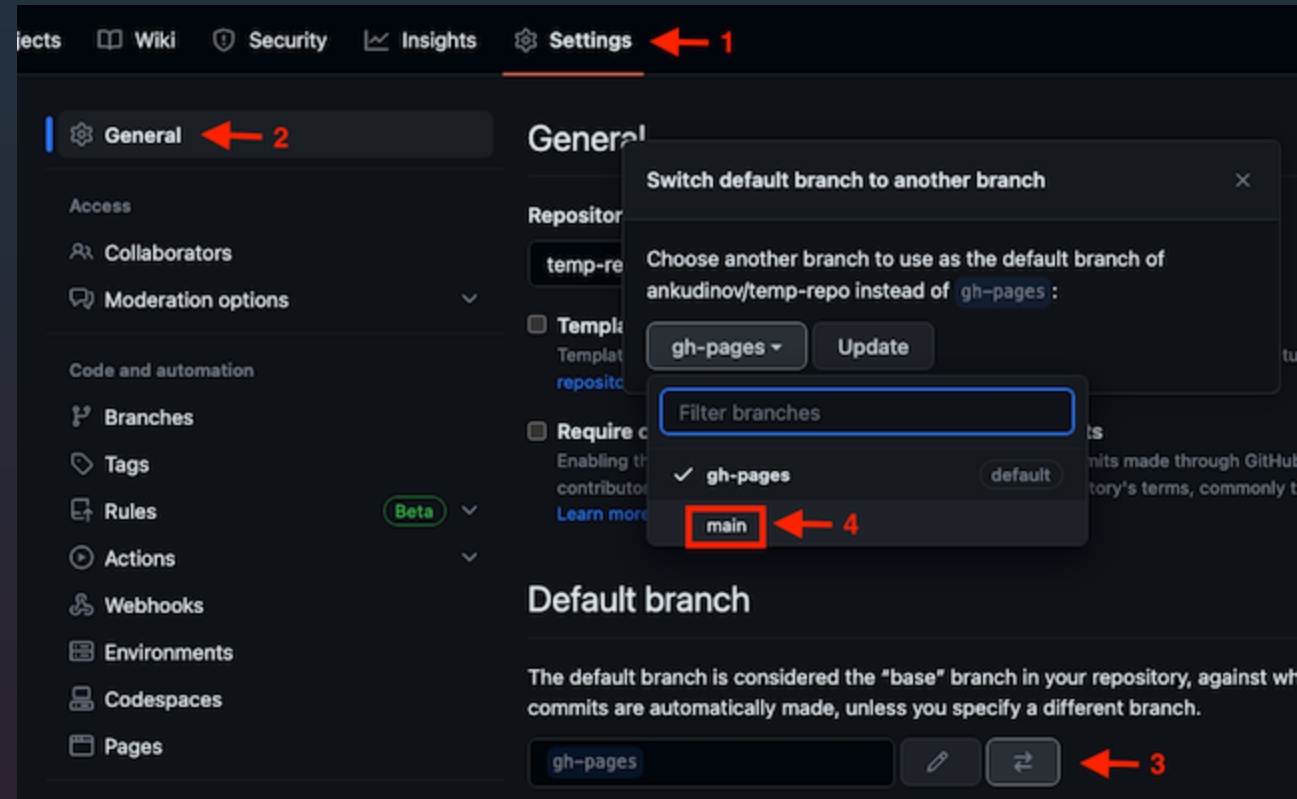
Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.

☐  **Private**

You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

Github Repository Import, Step 3

- Confirm that `main` is the default Git branch after the import.
- Click `Settings` tab in the top right corner of the Github page.
- Click `General` on the left panel.
- Scroll down to `Default branch` section, click `Switch to another branch` button and select `main` branch.
- All set! 🎉





How to Setup ATD Environment

Section 1.3

- skip hands on in this section if you are using Codespaces
- still read the slides as they explain AVD installation process

How to setup Ansible AVD in Arista Test Drive environment?

- We could use a script to setup required Ansible collections and tools in Arista Test Drive environment, but it's a good opportunity to discuss what are the requirements but installing them manually.
- For details please check [AVD documentation](#) `Installation > Collection Installation` section.

Open Programmability IDE

- Use the lab token provided by Arista representative to access the lab environment.
- Check the status of the lab environment. If it's **Shutdown** - click **Start** button.
- Click **Programmability IDE** button to open VSCode in the browser:
 - To access **Programmability IDE** use the password listed on the starting Web page.
 - The VSCode functionality in the Web browser is provided by **ATD Code server container**
- Click **Yes, I trust the authors** button to continue. 🧐
- Open new terminal in VSCode: **Top Left Corner** (3 parallel lines) > **Terminal** > **New Terminal**

Your topology is currently: **Shutdown** 1

Access Topology: [Click Here to Access Topology](#)

Topology Address: Topology Shutdown

Time Remaining: 00:00:00

Deployment Date: 30/06/2023, 13:41:00

Termination Date: 07/07/2023, 13:41:00

2
START

STOP

*This page will update automatically every minute.
Please allow up to 10 minutes for a topology to start.

Programmability IDE

WebUI

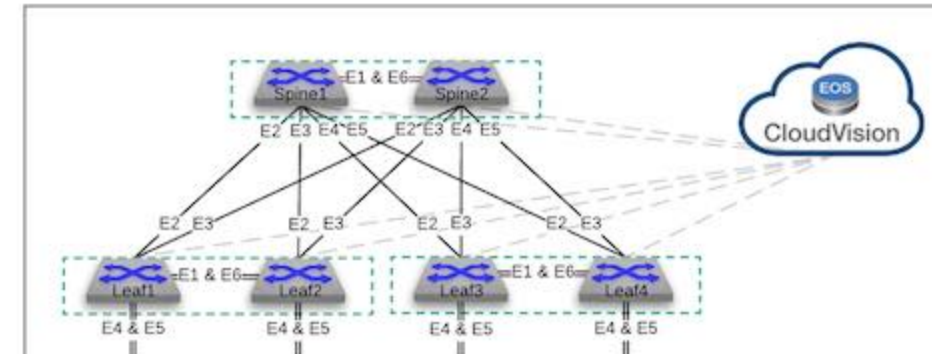
CVP

Event Alert API

Jenkins

Topology

Click on a device to access CLI.



Welcome to code-server

Please log in below. Check the config file at ~/.config/code-server/config.yaml for the password.

.....|



SUBMIT

Install Ansible AVD

```
# 1. Update package index files
sudo apt-get update

# 2. Install iputils as life is hard without ping
sudo apt-get install -y --no-install-recommends iputils-ping

# 3. Add .local/bin in home folder to PATH
export PATH=$PATH:/home/coder/.local/bin

# 4. Upgrade pip and install Ansible core
# If you get errors, ignore. This bug will be fixed soon.
pip install --upgrade pip
pip3 install "ansible-core>=2.13.1,<2.14.0"

# 5. Install Arista AVD collection
ansible-galaxy collection install arista.avd==4.1.0

# 6. Install AVD collection requirements
pip3 install -r /home/coder/.ansible/collections/ansible_collections/arista/avd/requirements.txt
```

For additional details check Arista Ansible AVD [Collection installation docs](#).

Ansible Installation Warnings

- Double check that the path to Ansible collection is correct. Normally it is expected to be in `/home/coder/.ansible/`
- You `PATH` environment variable must be set correctly!
- Never install Ansible as root user!
- Watch out for environments with a long history, conflicting Python installations etc.
- Containers make it simple! Use containers! 🐳
The Codespaces environment is based on a container with all requirements installed.

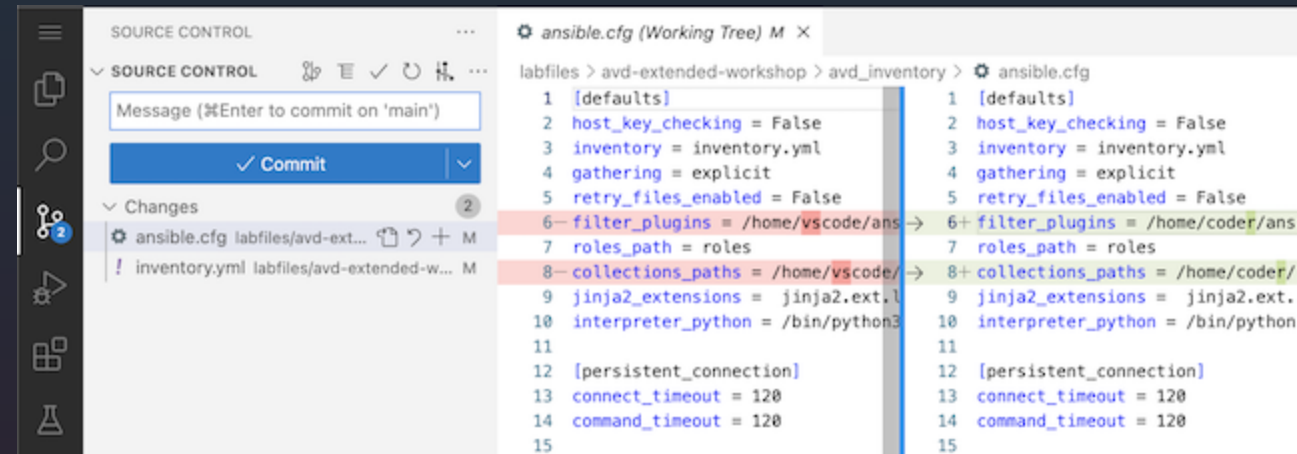


Setup Ansible AVD Repository

```
# 1. install yq to adjust AVD yaml files - https://github.com/mikefarah/yq
#   you can certainly edit yaml files manually, but there would be no fun 🙅
export VERSION="v4.34.1" BINARY="yq_linux_amd64"
sudo wget https://github.com/mikefarah/yq/releases/download/$VERSION/$BINARY -O /usr/bin/yq \
    && sudo chmod +x /usr/bin/yq
# 2. Clone your copy of this repository
cd labfiles
git clone https://github.com/<gh-handle>/<your-copy-of-this-repository>.git avd-extended-workshop
# 3. switch to the repository directory
cd avd-extended-workshop
# 4. confirm that you are working with the `main` branch
#   if not, type following command to change the branch
git checkout main
#   you should see the following prompt
❏ avd-extended-workshop git:(main)
# 5. update ansible.cfg to match ATD container user
cp extras/ansible-avd.cfg avd_inventory/ansible.cfg
# 6. set Ansible password to your AVD environment password
yq -i '.all.vars.ansible_password = "<your-password>"' avd_inventory/inventory.yml
```

Commit Changes to Git

- Click VSCode **Source Control** icon in the left panel.
- Click **+** button to stage all changes. Alternatively you can accept VSCode suggestion to do that automatically every time by selecting **Always** option.
- Enter a *meaningful* commit message in the **Message** field.
- Click **Commit** button.





Prepare Github Codespaces Environment

Section 1.4

- you can skip this section if you are using ATD lab
- still read the slides as they explain how to use Codespaces

Before You Create Codespaces Environment

- Codespaces is a paid feature. Please check [Github Codespaces pricing](#)
- It has a free tier for personal accounts:
 - 120 core-hours per month -> will be 30 hours on a 4-core machine
 - 15 GB storage per month -> this will be a bottleneck for the workshop container image
- The free tier is enough to complete this workshop, but don't forget to delete the Codespaces environment after the workshop.
- Check `your account > Settings > Billing and plans > Spending limits` to make sure that if you exceed the limit, there will be no charges. The default limit of `0.00` will avoid any extra expenses.

Billing & plans / Monthly spending limits

Set up a monthly spending limit. You can adjust it at any time. Read more information about [spending limits](#).

Actions & Packages

☒ Limit spending

Set up a spending limit on a monthly basis

\$ 0,00

Update limit

Leaving it at \$0.00 will avoid any extra expenses

☐ Unlimited spending

Pay as much as needed to keep Actions & Packages running

Email alerts

Receive email notifications when usage reaches 75%, 90% and 100% thresholds.

☒ Included resources alerts

☒ Spending limit alerts

Codespaces

☒ Limit spending

Set up a spending limit on a monthly basis

\$ 0.00

Update limit

Leaving it at \$0.00 will avoid any extra expenses

☐ Unlimited spending

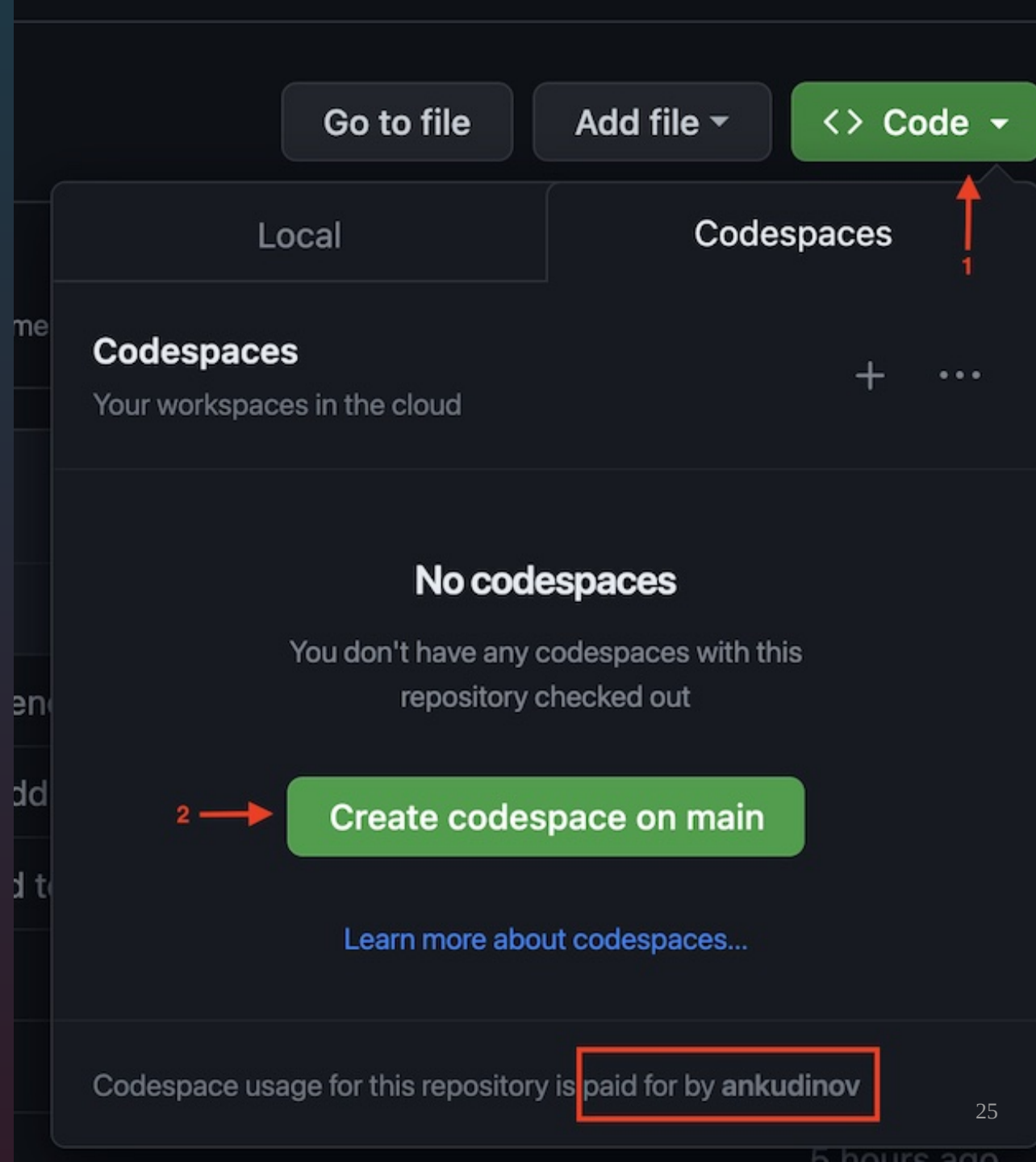
Pay as much as needed to keep Codespaces running

Start a Codespace

- Click `Code` button in the top right corner of the Github page.
- Click `Create codespace on main` button.
- Wait until the codespace environment is created.
- Once codespace container is ready the VSCode will open automatically in your browser.

WARNING ! :

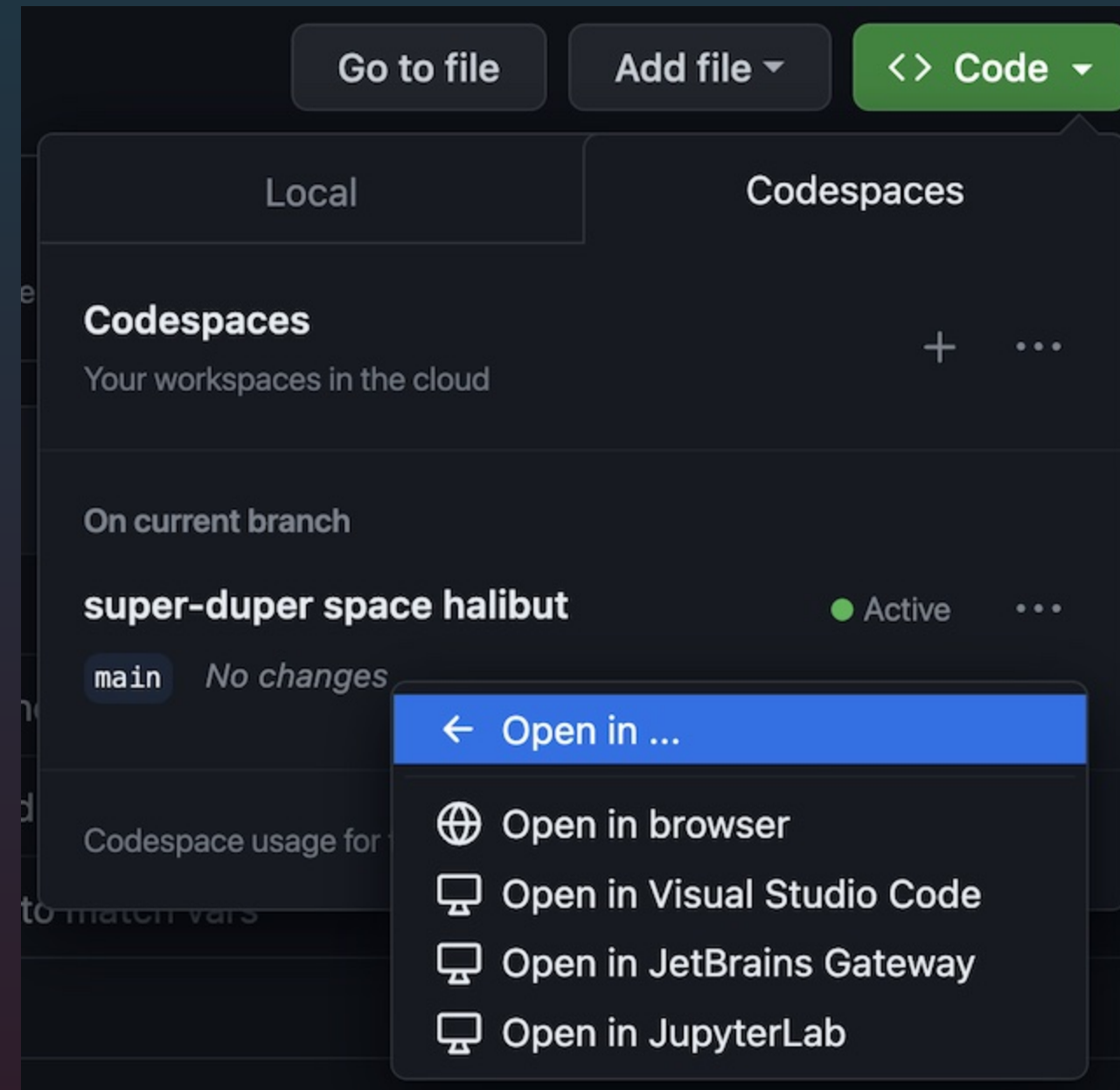
- Check `paid for by` field and make sure that you are using your personal account. If you are using a company account, you may be charged for the Codespaces usage. Also double-check previous slide and make sure that you understand the costs and limits.
- Do not use pre-builds. They consume storage across regions and can quickly exceed the free tier limit.



Open Existing Codespace

- Once the Codespace is created, you can open it again by clicking **Code** button in the top right corner of the Github page and clicking 3 dots next to codespace name.
- Alternatively you can open it from the [Github Codespaces page](#)
- If you have VSCode installed locally, pick **Open in Visual Studio Code** option. Otherwise use **Open in browser** option. The codespace container will always run remotely.

WARNING ! : Do not forget to delete the Codespace after the workshop.



Using Codespaces Container

- Codespaces container is ready to use.
- All required tools and dependencies are already installed. Check `ansible-galaxy collection list` output to confirm.
- Nevertheless:
 - The ContainerLab topology must be started and stopped manually.
 - cLab requires cEOS image to be uploaded first.

[illegible]

Uploading cEOS Image

- The cEOS image is not included in the Codespaces container and must be uploaded manually.
- 1st, download the image from [Arista Software Download Center](#). Go to cEOS-lab section and download the image. Latest 4.29 image is recommended.
- To upload the image to the Codespaces container [GitHub CLI](#) must be used:
 - To install GitHub CLI go to:
`https://cli.github.com/`
 - Check [GH CLI installation instructions](#) for additional details.
- GitHub CLI allows you to control your Github account from the command line. Including Github Codespaces.

```
pa@pa ~
$ gh codespace --help
Connect to and manage codespaces

USAGE
  gh codespace [flags]

AVAILABLE COMMANDS
code:      Open a codespace in Visual Studio Code
cp:        Copy files between local and remote file systems
create:    Create a codespace
delete:    Delete codespaces
edit:      Edit a codespace
jupyter:   Open a codespace in JupyterLab
list:      List codespaces
logs:      Access codespace logs
ports:     List ports in a codespace
rebuild:   Rebuild a codespace
ssh:       SSH into a codespace
stop:      Stop a running codespace
view:      View details about a codespace

INHERITED FLAGS
--help    Show help for command

LEARN MORE
Use 'gh <command> <subcommand> --help' for more information about a command.
Read the manual at https://cli.github.com/manual
```

Configure GitHub CLI

```
# 1. Follow https://github.com/cli/cli#installation instructions to install GH CLI
# 2. Authenticate with GH CLI
gh auth login
#   Select `GitHub.com` option and pick `Login with a web browser`
#   Follow the instructions to login to your Github account
# 3. Authenticate with Codespaces
gh auth refresh -h github.com -s codespace
# follow the instructions
# 4. Check that you can access Codespaces
gh codespace list
# 5. Confirm that you can SSH to your codespace
gh codespace ssh
#   Pick the codespace you want to connect to
# 6. While connected to the codespace via SSH create a directory to upload cEOS image
#   The directory name must be listed in .gitignore to avoid committing the image to the repository
<your-codespace-in-ssh> (main) $ mkdir .gitignored
# 7. Exit SSH session
<your-codespace-in-ssh> (main) $ exit
# 8. Upload cEOS image to the Codespaces container
gh codespace cp <path-to-ceos-image> -c <your-codespace-name> remote:/workspaces/avd-extended-workshop/.gitignored
```

Import cEOS Image and Start cLab Topology

- Open VSCode terminal and run the following command to import cEOS-lab image:

```
docker import .gitignored/<ceos-image-name> ceos-lab:latest
```

- Start cLab topology: `make start`
- To stop the lab use `make stop` at any time.
- If codespace is deactivated by timeout - redeploy the lab.

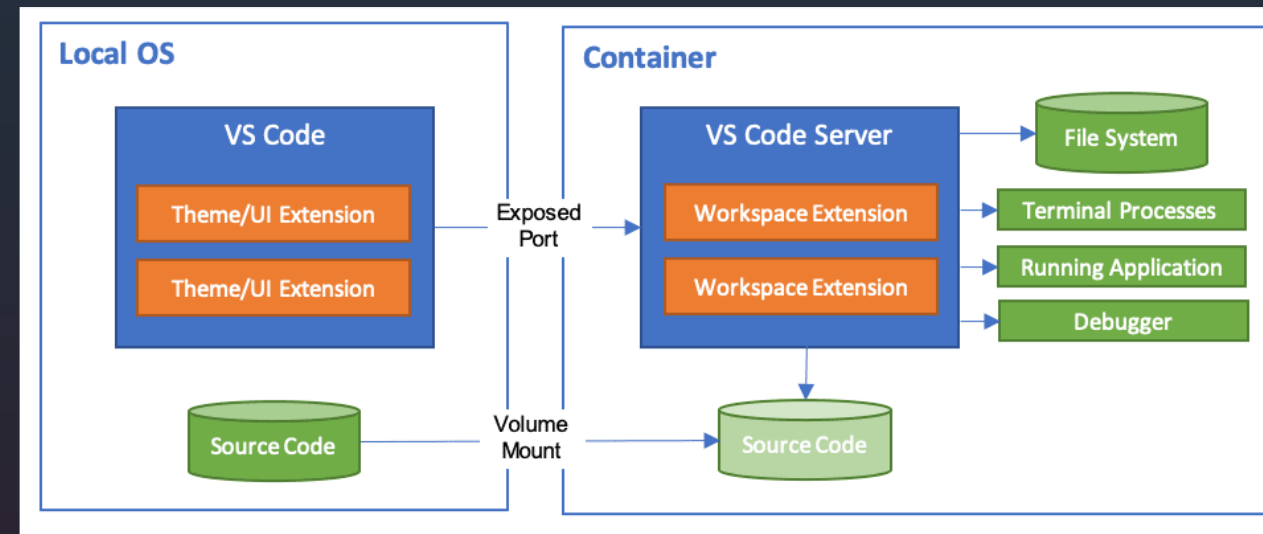
```
@ankudinov ~ /workspaces/temp-repo (main) $ sudo clab inspect -t clab/topology.clab.yml
```

```
INFO[0000] Parsing & checking topology file: topology.clab.yml
```

#	Name	Container ID	Image	Kind	State	IPv4 Address	IPv6 Address
1	clab-simple-avd-lab-leaf1	dc2a660f739b	ceos-lab:latest	ceos	running	192.168.0.12/24	N/A
2	clab-simple-avd-lab-leaf2	08768ea19617	ceos-lab:latest	ceos	running	192.168.0.13/24	N/A
3	clab-simple-avd-lab-spine1	79bf7978a336	ceos-lab:latest	ceos	running	192.168.0.10/24	N/A
4	clab-simple-avd-lab-spine2	45855e4687d6	ceos-lab:latest	ceos	running	192.168.0.11/24	N/A

Use The Local VSCode and Dev Container

- It's possible to run exactly the same container locally on a machine with Docker installed and use local VSCode Remote Containers feature to connect to it.
- Obviously there are no charges for this option. It's completely free, except the electricity bill.
- It is not covered in this workshop for one single reason: there are too many different environments and it's impossible to cover them all.
- Check [VSCode Dev Containers documentation](#) for details.





Coffee Break ☕

5 min



Run AVD Playbooks

Section 1.5

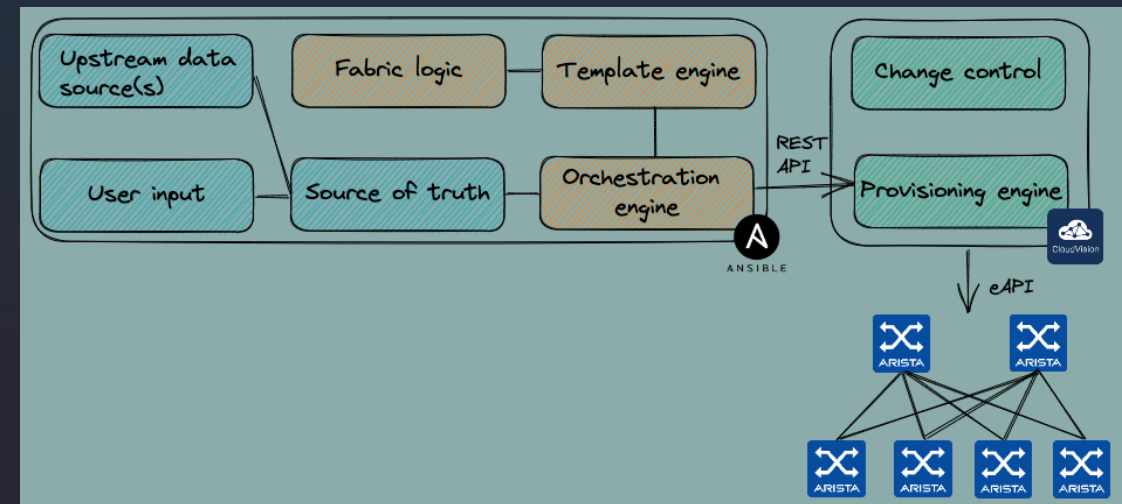
- Just build an EVPN network with Ansible AVD and enjoy the result!

What is Ansible AVD?

- AVD stands for Arista Validated Design
- Documentation is available at avd.arista.com
- Historically it is based on the [EVPN Deployment Guide](#), but now it's much more advanced and developing fast.
- Ansible AVD repository is available here: github.com/aristanetworks/ansible-avd
- The Ansible AVD collection is relying on:
 - [EOS foundational modules](#) maintained by RedHat: `ansible-galaxy collection install arista.eos`
 - [Ansible CVP modules](#) to interact with CloudVision Portal when required

Typical Ansible AVD Automation Workflow

- Collect user input from various data sources and aggregate in a single source of truth. For ex. git repository.
- Generate low level variables from abstracted input data using sophisticated fabric logic
- Parse Jinja2 templates to produce plain text configs
- Push plain text configs via CloudVision Portal as change-control "proxy" or directly to devices via eAPI.



AVD Collection Structure

- Ansible AVD consists of the following key roles:
 - `eos_designs` - an set of modules to produce low level variables from abstracted input data using sophisticated fabric logic
 - `eos_cli_config_gen` - generate Arista EOS cli configuration from a set of templates and variables produced by `eos_designs` role
 - `eos_validate_state` - validate operational state of Arista EOS devices
 - `cvp_configlet_upload` - upload configlets to CloudVision Portal
 - `eos_configlet_deploy_cvp` - deploy configlets to Arista EOS devices via CloudVision Portal

Run Ansible AVD Playbooks

```
# 1. switch to AVD inventory directory
#    on ATD:
cd ~/project/labfiles/avd-extended-workshop/avd_inventory
#    on Codespaces:
cd /workspaces/avd-extended-workshop/avd_inventory
# 2. run ansible-playbook to generate configs
#    wait until the playbook will finish execution and check the configs in avd_inventory/intended/configs
ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml
# 3. run ansible-playbook to push configs to devices
ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml
# 4. Done! 🎉 Click on on any lab switch and check `show bgp evpn summary`
```

Playbook execution example:

```
> avd_inventory git:(main) ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml
PLAY [Deploy Configs] .....
TASK [arista.avd.eos_config_deploy_eapi : Verify Requirements] .....
AVD version 4.1.8
Use -v for details
ok: [spine1 -> localhost]

TASK [arista.avd.eos_config_deploy_eapi : Create required output directories if not present] .....
changed: [spine1 -> localhost] => (/tmp/home/coder/project/labfiles/avd-extended-workshop/avd_inventory/config_backup)
ok: [spine1 -> localhost] => (/tmp/home/coder/project/labfiles/avd-extended-workshop/avd_inventory/config_backup)

TASK [arista.avd.eos_config_deploy_eapi : Replace configuration with intended configuration] .....
[WARNING]: To ensure idempotency and correct diff the input configuration lines should be similar to how they appear if present in the running configuration on device including the indentation
changed: [spine1]
changed: [spine2]
changed: [leaf1]
changed: [leaf2]


RUNNING HANDLER [arista.avd.eos_config_deploy_eapi : Backup running config] .....
changed: [spine1]
changed: [spine2]
changed: [leaf1]
changed: [leaf2]

PLAY RECAP .....
leaf1      : ok=2  changed=2  unreachable=0  failed=0  skipped=0  rescued=0  ignored=0
leaf2      : ok=2  changed=2  unreachable=0  failed=0  skipped=0  rescued=0  ignored=0
spine1     : ok=2  changed=2  unreachable=0  failed=0  skipped=0  rescued=0  ignored=0
spine2     : ok=2  changed=2  unreachable=0  failed=0  skipped=0  rescued=0  ignored=0
```

Useful eAPI Troubleshooting Trick

If you are facing any issues when to push configs or collect any data using eAPI, test access with the following command:

```
curl --user <login>:<password> --data "show version" --insecure https://<switch-mgmt-ip>:443/command-api --verbose
```

Try it now! 

With `--verbose` it can tell you a lot.



Make Some Changes in AVD Repository

Section 1.6

- Change underlay routing protocol
- Add new tenant
- Filter VLANs
- Connect endpoints
- Validate the network

Change Underlay Routing Protocol to OSPF

- Go to `avd_inventory/group_vars/ATD_FABRIC.yml` and uncomment following line:

```
underlay_routing_protocol: ospf
```

- Run `ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml` to generate new configs.
- Click `Source Control` icon on the left panel and check the diffs.
- Commit your change with a meaningful commit message.
- (Optional): Run `ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml` to push the new configs to the lab switches.

Add New Tenant

- The `Tenant` in AVD is an abstraction combining a set of VRFs, VLANs and SVIs to be created on a set of switches.
- Open `avd_inventory/group_vars/ATD_TENANTS_NETWORKS.yml` and uncomment the lines related to `Tenant_B`
- Run `ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml` to generate new configs.
- This will generate required EVPN configs for the new VRF, VLANs and SVIs.
- Click `source control` icon on the left panel and check the diffs.
- Commit your change with a meaningful commit message.
- (Optional): Run `ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml` to push the new configs to the lab switches.

```
tenants:
  # Tenant_A data will be present above Tenant_B
  # keep it unchanged
  - name: Tenant_B
    mac_vrf_vni_base: 20000
    vrfs:
      - name: Tenant_B_OP_Zone
        vrf_vni: 20
        svis:
          - id: 210
            name: Tenant_B_OP_Zone_1
            tags: ['opzone']
            profile: WITH_NO_MTU
            ip_address_virtual: 10.2.10.1/24
          - id: 211
            name: Tenant_B_OP_Zone_2
            tags: ['opzone']
            profile: GENERIC_FULL
            ip_address_virtual: 10.2.11.1/24
```

Filter VLANs Deployed

- Currently all VLANs listed in `AVD_TENANTS_NETWORKS.yml` are deployed on the switches even if there are no client-facing interfaces configured for those VLANs.
- To filter out unused VLANs, open `avd_inventory/group_vars/ATD_FABRIC.yml` and uncomment the following line:

```
l3leaf:
  defaults:
    # ... other defaults
    # keep all the lines above unchanged
    # ...
  filter:
    only_vlans_in_use: true
```

- Run `ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml` to generate new configs.
- Click `Source Control` icon on the left panel and check the diffs.
- Commit your change with a meaningful commit message.
- (Optional): Run `ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml` to push the new configs to the lab switches.

Change The Port Configuration

- Currently ports to `host1` are configured as access ports in VLAN110.
- Let's change that to a trunk with VLANs 110 and 160 allowed.
- Open `avd_inventory/group_vars/ATD_SERVERS.yml` and add a new port profile. The change is shown on the right.
- Run `ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml` to generate new configs.
- Click `source control` icon on the left panel and check the diffs.
- Commit your change with a meaningful commit message.
- (Optional): Run `ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml` to push the new configs to the lab switches.

```
vscode ▢ /workspaces/avd-extended-workshop/avd_inventory (main) $ git diff
diff --git a/avd_inventory/group_vars/ATD_SERVERS.yml b/avd_inventory/group_vars/ATD_SERVERS.yml
index 6bc1f49..00a6625 100644
--- a/avd_inventory/group_vars/ATD_SERVERS.yml
+++ b/avd_inventory/group_vars/ATD_SERVERS.yml
@@ -3,6 +3,9 @@ port_profiles:
- profile: TENANT_A
  mode: access
  vlans: "110"
+ - profile: TENANT_A_TRUNK
+   mode: trunk
+   vlans: "110, 160"

servers:
@@ -12,7 +15,7 @@ servers:
- endpoint_ports: [Eth1, Eth2, Eth3, Eth4]
  switch_ports: [Ethernet4, Ethernet5, Ethernet4, Ethernet5]
  switches: [leaf1, leaf1, leaf2, leaf2]
- profile: TENANT_A
+ profile: TENANT_A_TRUNK
  port_channel:
    description: PortChannel
    mode: active

(END)
```

Validate The Network

- To confirm that network state is correct use AVD network validation role.
- 1st, make sure that you have generated the latest configs and pushed them to the switches:

```
ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-build.yml  
ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-fabric-provision-eapi.yml
```

- Run the following command to validate the network state:

```
ansible-playbook playbooks/atd-validate-state.yml
```

- The validate role has some limitations that are quite critical when building a CI pipeline. But there is some work in progress. For example, check [ANTA library](#) for an alternative solution.

THE
END

End of Section 1

Questions?

- To-be-continued