Assignment - 2: MATH 2201/MATH 2203

- 1. Prove that the order of a permutation on a fimile set is the liern of the lengths of its disjoint cycles.
- 2. Prove that the number of even permutations on a finite set (containing at least two elements) is equal to the number of odd permutations on it.
- 5. Let $\alpha = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 6 & 4 & 7 & 5 & 2 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\beta = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \\ 1 & 4 & 6 & 7 & 3 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ be elements of Sq.
 - (i) write & as a product of disjoint cycles
 - (ii) Write 13 as a product of 2-cycles
 - (iii) Is b an even permutation?
 - (iv) Is of an even permutation?
- 4. Let H, K be subgroups of a group G. Then prove that HK is a subgroup of G iff HK = KH.
- 5. Show mat $\chi(G) = \{x \in G : xg = gx + g \in G\}$ is a Subgroup of 6.
- 6. Let G be a group and a E G. Prove that C(a): \{ 2 \in G : 2 a = a 2 \}
 is a subgroup of G.
- 7. From that a cyclic group of finite order n how a subgroup of order of for every positive divisor of of n.
- 8. Prove that (Q,+) is a non-cyclic group.
- 9. Prove that the intersection of any collection of subgroups of a Group G is a subgroup of G.

- 10. Let G = (a) be a cyclic group of order n. Prore that
 - (i) Af His a Subgroup of G, then 141 divides 161.
 - (ii) If m is a positive intiger such that m divides n, then there exists a unique subgroup of G of order m.
- 11. Let G be a group of order 28. Show that G has a non-trivial subgroup.
- 12. Let G be a group and H be a Subgroup of G. Let a, b & G. Meh prore that aH=bH if and only if a'b & H.
- 15. From that any two left cosents of GH in a group Ghave the Same cardinality.
- 14. Prove that the order of each element in a finite group G is a divisor of O(G).
- 15. Let G be a finite group and afg. Prove that a = e.
 Hence prove fermatis Little Theorem.
 - 16. Prove that every group of order less than 6 is commulative
- 17. From 1Kat Z(G) is a normal subgroup of G.
- 18. Let H and K be finite Subgroups of a group 6. Then Prove that $1HK1 = \frac{1H11K1}{1H\Lambda K1}$
- 19. Let H be a subgroup of a group G such that [G:H]=2. Then prove that H is a normal subgroup of G.
- 20. Find all subgroups of Sz. Show that union of any true nontrivial distinct subgroups of Sz is not a subgroup of Sz.