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Assignment-13

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Abstract—This document contains the problem related to computations concerning subspaces. (Hoffman:- Page-66,Q-7)

Download the latex-file codes from

https://github.com/ankuraditya13/EE5609—Assignment13

1 Problem

Let A be an m x n matrix over the field F, and consider the system of equations AX = Y. Prove that this system of equations has a solutions if and only if the row rank of A is equal to the row rank of augmented matrix of the system.

2 Solution

Consider A as,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & a_{m3} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{pmatrix}_{m \times n}$$
(2.0.1)

Now to solve the equation $\mathbf{AX} = \mathbf{Y}$ for \mathbf{X} , we first write its augmented matrix $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{Y}}$ and then convert it into row reduced echelon form given as $\mathbf{R}'_{\mathbf{Y}}$. Here \mathbf{R} is the row reduced form of matrix \mathbf{A} . Also we know that, for $\mathbf{AX} = \mathbf{Y}$ to have a solution, \mathbf{Y} should be in column space of \mathbf{A} .

$$\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{Y}} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} & y_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} & y_2 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} & y_m \end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.2)

Assume that the last k rows of R are zero rows. This implies that we have k number of linear dependent rows in matrix A. Hence the row rank of matrix A

is $\mathbf{r} = \text{m-k}$. As there are m-k number of non-zero vectors in the row of \mathbf{R} . Now,

$$\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{C} \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.3)

Here, C is a matrix which converts A to R

$$\therefore \mathbf{R}'_{\mathbf{Y}} = \begin{pmatrix}
1 & a'_{12} & \cdots & a'_{1n} & y'_{1} \\
0 & 1 & \cdots & a_{2n} & y'_{2} \\
\vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\
0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & y'_{m-k} \\
\vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\
0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & y'_{m-1} \\
0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & y'_{m}
\end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.4)

Also from equation (2.0.4) it can be observed that for $\mathbf{AX} = \mathbf{Y}$ to have a solution,

$$y'_{m-k} = y'_{m-k-1} = \dots = y'_{m-1} = y'_m = 0$$
 (2.0.5)

Hence, the rank of $\mathbf{R}'_{\mathbf{Y}}$ is, also \mathbf{r} . This implies rank of augmented matrix $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{Y}}$ is also \mathbf{r} .

Hence Proved.