

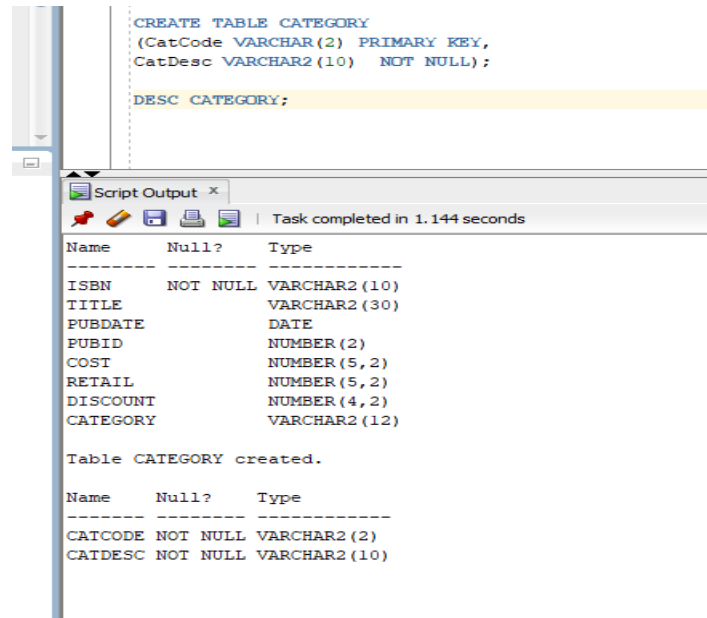
Hands-On Assignment# 4

1. Create a new table containing the category code and description for the categories of books sold by JustLee Books. The table should be called CATEGORY, and the columns should be CatCode and CatDesc. The CatCode column should store a maximum of 2 characters, and the CatDesc column should store a maximum of 10 characters.

Answer.

```
CREATE TABLE CATEGORY
(CatCode VARCHAR(2) PRIMARY KEY,
CatDesc VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL);

DESC CATEGORY;
```



Name	Null?	Type
ISBN	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
TITLE		VARCHAR2(30)
PUBDATE		DATE
PUBID		NUMBER(2)
COST		NUMBER(5,2)
RETAIL		NUMBER(5,2)
DISCOUNT		NUMBER(4,2)
CATEGORY		VARCHAR2(12)

Table CATEGORY created.

Name	Null?	Type
CATCODE	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(2)
CATDESC	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)

2. Create a new table containing these four columns: Emp#, Lastname, Firstname, and Job_class. The table name should be EMPLOYEES. The Job_class column should be able to store character strings up to a maximum length of four, but the column values shouldn't be padded if the value has less than four characters. The Emp# column contains a numeric ID and should allow a five-digit number. Use column sizes you consider suitable for the Firstname and Lastname columns.

Answer.

CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEES

(Emp# NUMBER(5,0), Lastname VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL, Firstname VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL, Job_class CHAR(4) NOT NULL);

```
CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEES
(Emp# NUMBER(5,0), Lastname VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL, Firstname VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL, Job_class CHAR(4) NOT NULL);

DESC EMPLOYEES;
```

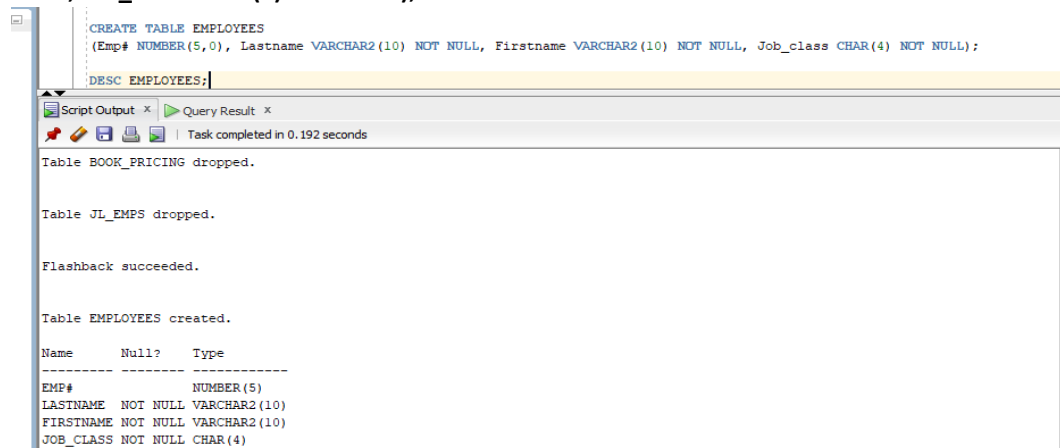


Table BOOK_PRICING dropped.

Table JL_EMPS dropped.

Flashback succeeded.

Table EMPLOYEES created.

Name	Null?	Type
EMP#		NUMBER(5)
LASTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
FIRSTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
JOB_CLASS	NOT NULL	CHAR(4)

3. Add two columns to the EMPLOYEES table. One column, named EmpDate, contains the date of employment for each employee, and its default value should be the system date. The second column, named EndDate, contains employees' date of termination.

ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES ADD (EmpDate Date DEFAULT SYSDATE, EndDate DATE);

The screenshot shows the SQL Developer interface. The SQL Editor contains the command: `DESC EMPLOYEES;` followed by `ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES ADD (EmpDate Date DEFAULT SYSDATE, EndDate DATE);`. The Script Output window shows the following error report:

```
ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES ADD (EmpDate DEFAULT SYSDATE, EndDate DATE)
Error report -
ORA-02263: need to specify the datatype for this column
02263. 00000 - "need to specify the datatype for this column"
*Cause:      The required datatype for the column is missing.
*Action:     Specify the required datatype.

Table EMPLOYEES altered.
```

Name	Null?	Type
EMP#		NUMBER(5)
LASTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
FIRSTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
JOB_CLASS	NOT NULL	CHAR(4)
EMPDATE		DATE
ENDDATE		DATE

4. Modify the Job_class column of the EMPLOYEES table so that it allows storing a maximum width of two characters.

ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES MODIFY Job_class VARCHAR2(2);

The screenshot shows the SQL Developer interface. The SQL Editor contains the command: `ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES MODIFY job_class VARCHAR2(2);` followed by `DESC EMPLOYEES;` and `ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES DROP COLUMN EndDate;`. The Script Output window shows the following query result:

```
ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES MODIFY job_class VARCHAR2(2); DESC EMPLOYEES;
ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES DROP COLUMN EndDate;

Table EMPLOYEES altered.
```

Name	Null?	Type
EMP#		NUMBER(5)
LASTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
FIRSTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
JOB_CLASS	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(2)
EMPDATE		DATE
ENDDATE		DATE

5. Delete the EndDate column from the EMPLOYEES table.

ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES DROP COLUMN EndDate;

```
ALTER TABLE EMPLOYEES DROP COLUMN EndDate; DESC EMPLOYEES;
```

Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 0.208 seconds

```
-----
EMP#          NUMBER(5)
LASTNAME  NOT NULL VARCHAR2(10)
FIRSTNAME NOT NULL VARCHAR2(10)
JOB_CLASS NOT NULL VARCHAR2(2)
EMPDATE    DATE
ENDDATE    DATE

Table EMPLOYEES altered.
```

Name	Null?	Type
EMP#		NUMBER(5)
LASTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
FIRSTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
JOB_CLASS	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(2)
EMPDATE		DATE

- Rename the EMPLOYEES table as JL_EMPS.
RENAME EMPLOYEES to JL_EMPS;

```
RENAME EMPLOYEES to JL_EMPS;
DESC JL_EMPS;
```

Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 0.232 seconds

```
JOB_CLASS NOT NULL VARCHAR2(2)
EMPDATE    DATE

Error starting at line : 408 in command -
RENAME EMPLOYEES to JL_EMPS
Error report -
ORA-00955: name is already used by an existing object
00955. 00000 - "name is already used by an existing object"
*Cause:
*Action:
```

Name	Null?	Type
EMP#		NUMBER(5)
LASTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
FIRSTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
JOB_CLASS	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(2)
EMPDATE		DATE

- Create a new table containing these four columns from the existing BOOKS table: ISBN, Cost, Retail, and Category. The name of the ISBN column should be ID, and the other columns should keep their original names. Name the new table BOOK_PRICING.
CREATE TABLE BOOK_PRICING AS (SELECT ISBN as ID, COST, RETAIL, CATEGORY FROM books);

```
CREATE TABLE BOOK_PRICING AS (SELECT ISBN as ID, COST, RETAIL, CATEGORY FROM books);
DESC BOOK_PRICING;
```

Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 0.19 seconds

*Action:

Name	Null?	Type
EMP#		NUMBER(5)
LASTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
FIRSTNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10)
JOB_CLASS	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(2)
EMPDATE		DATE

Table BOOK_PRICING created.

Name	Null?	Type
ID		VARCHAR2(10)
COST		NUMBER(5,2)
RETAIL		NUMBER(5,2)
CATEGORY		VARCHAR2(12)

- Mark the Category column of the BOOK_PRICING table as unused. Verify that the column is no longer available.

ALTER TABLE BOOK_PRICING SET UNUSED (CATEGORY);
DESC BOOK_PRICING;

```
ALTER TABLE BOOK_PRICING SET UNUSED (CATEGORY);
DESC BOOK_PRICING;
```

Script Output x Query Result x

Task completed in 0.245 seconds

Table BOOK_PRICING created.

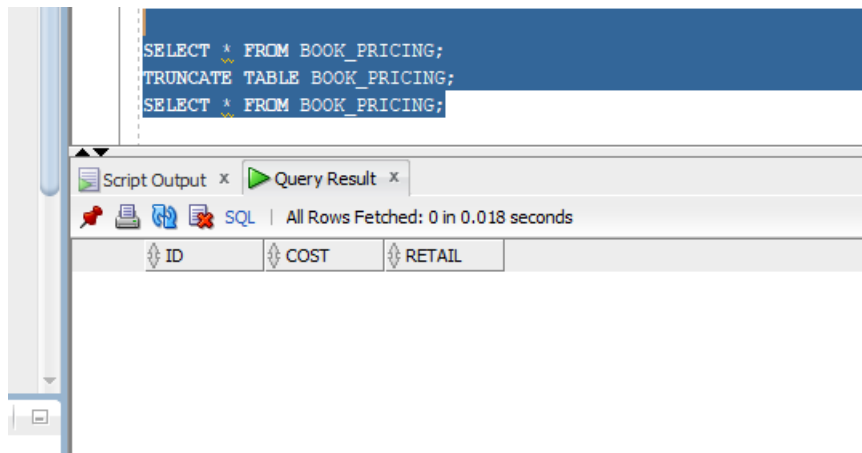
Name	Null?	Type
ID		VARCHAR2(10)
COST		NUMBER(5,2)
RETAIL		NUMBER(5,2)
CATEGORY		VARCHAR2(12)

Table BOOK_PRICING altered.

Name	Null?	Type
ID		VARCHAR2(10)
COST		NUMBER(5,2)
RETAIL		NUMBER(5,2)

- Truncate the BOOK_PRICING table, and then verify that the table still exists but no longer contains any data.

SELECT * FROM BOOK_PRICING;
TRUNCATE TABLE BOOK_PRICING;
SELECT * FROM BOOK_PRICING;



10. Delete the BOOK_PRICING table permanently so that it isn't moved to the recycle bin. Delete the JL_EMPS table so that it can be restored. Restore the JL_EMPS table and verify that it's available again.

```

DROP TABLE BOOK_PRICING PURGE;
DROP TABLE JL_EMPS;
FLASHBACK TABLE JL_EMPS TO BEFORE DROP;
SELECT *FROM JL_EMPS;

```

