#### Match case

```
In [10]: # macth case ( it is similar to switch case )
         # NOTE: '3.10 python version' allows match case statement .
         num=int(input("Enter a number(0-5) :"))
         match num:
             case 0:
                 print(f"You have entered ZERO : {num}")
             case 1:
                 print(f"You have entered one : {num}" )
             case 3:
                 print(f"You have entered Three : {num}")
             case 4:
                 print(f"You have entered fore : {num}")
             case 5:
                 print(f"You have entered five : {num}")
             case _: # ' _ ' This operator is called underscore # It run when
                 print(f"Sorry You have entered Invalid number : {num}")
```

Enter a number(0-5) :5
You have entered five : 5

## if else condition in match case statement

```
In [23]: # write a match case using if else statement (Even or not number)?

num=int(input("Enter a number :"))
match num:
    case num if num>0 and num%2==0:
        print(f"Even number : {num} ")
    case num if num>0 and num%2 !=0:
        print(f"odd number : {num}")
    case _:
        print("You have Entered Zero ")
```

Enter a number :0
You have Entered Zero

```
In [15]: # Task of Programing
         # write a pyhon program to make calcuketor ?
         n1=int(input("Enter 1st integer number :"))
         n2=int(input("Enter 2st integer number :"))
         print("Enter one option Which you wants to performs :-")
         print("1) Additiona of Two number .")
         print("2) Substraction of Two number .")
         print("3) Mulltiply of Two number .")
         print("4) Division of Two number .")
         num=int(input())
         match num:
             case 1:
                 print("The Additional of Two Number :",n1+n2)
                 print("The Substraction of Two Number :",n1-n2)
             case 3:
                 print("The Multification of Two Number :",n1*n2)
             case 4:
                 print("The Additional of Two Number :",n1/n2)
             case _:
                 print("Sorry You have Entered wrong Key ??")
```

```
Enter 1st integer number :10
Enter 2st integer number :10
Enter one option Which you wants to performs :-
1) Additiona of Two number .
2) Substraction of Two number .
3) Mulltiply of Two number .
4) Division of Two number .
1
The Additional of Two Number : 20
```

```
In [ ]:
```

# map fuction ¶

```
In [23]: # map() fuction defined
         def cube(n):
             return n**3
         x=map(cube,[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10])
         print(x)
         print(type(x))
         for i in x:
             print(i,end=" ")
         print(list(x)) # It can be convert into List
         <map object at 0x000002080426F910>
         <class 'map'>
         1 8 27 64 125 216 343 512 729 1000 []
In [33]: def Even_odd(n):
             if n%2==0:
                 return "Even"
             else:
                 return"odd"
         y=map(Even_odd,[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8])
         print(list(y))
         ['odd', 'Even', 'odd', 'Even', 'odd', 'Even']
In [ ]: |def Even_odd(n):
             if n%2==0:
                 return "Even"
             else:
                 return"odd"
         y=map(Even_odd,[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8])
         print(list(y))
```

### **Filter function**

```
In [41]: def Even_odd(n):
    if n%2==0:
        return True
    else:
        return False

y=filter(Even_odd,[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8])# filter object always Give only True von print(list(y))

y=map(Even_odd,[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8]) # filter object always Give only True von print(list(y))

[2, 4, 6, 8]
[False, True, False, True, False, True, False, True]
```

### reduce fuction

```
In [50]: from functools import reduce

def add(a,b):
    return a+b

y=reduce(add,[1,2,3,4,5])
print(y)
```

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