

Homework Exercises Week 09

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```
# keep this chunk in all your RMarkdown scripts
```

```
knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = TRUE)
```

```
knitr::opts_chunk$set(tidy.opts = list(width.cutoff = 60), tidy = TRUE)
```

```
# List required packages
```

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
```

```
## v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.5
```

```
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr   1.5.1
```

```
## v ggplot2    3.5.1      v tibble    3.2.1
```

```
## v lubridate  1.9.3      v tidyr     1.3.1
```

```
## v purrr      1.0.2
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
```

```
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
```

```
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
library(openxlsx)
```

```
library(car)
```

```
## Loading required package: carData
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'car'
```

```
##
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
```

```
##
```

```
##      recode
```

```
##
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
```

```
##
```

```
##      some
```

HOMEWORK EXERCISES

Exercise 3

In this exercise, you will use the dataset “visit_and_peck_rates.xlsx” from the same study to conduct ANOVAs for both visitation and peck rates, verify assumptions, visualize your data, and interpret your results.

Part 1

Import the dataset. Create summary tables of visit and peck rates (you can create one table each or both together) with mean, median, standard error, 95% confidence interval, and sample size.

```
visit_peck <- read.xlsx("visit_and_peck_rates.xlsx")
colnames(visit_peck) <- sub(pattern = "\\.(.*)\\.xlsx", replacement = "",
  colnames(visit_peck))

summary <- visit_peck %>%
  group_by(species, treatment) %>%
  summarize(mean_vr = mean(visit.rate), sd_vr = sd(visit.rate),
    median_vigilance = median(visit.rate), se_vr = sd_vr/sqrt(n()),
    CI_low_vr = mean_vr - 1.96 * se_vr, CI_high_vr = mean_vr +
      1.96 * se_vr, mean_pr = mean(peck.rate), sd_pr = sd(peck.rate),
    median_pr = median(peck.rate), se_pr = sd_pr/sqrt(n()),
    CI_low_pr = mean_pr - 1.96 * se_pr, CI_high_pr = mean_pr +
      1.96 * se_pr)
```

'summarise()' has grouped output by 'species'. You can override using the
'.groups' argument.

```
summary
```

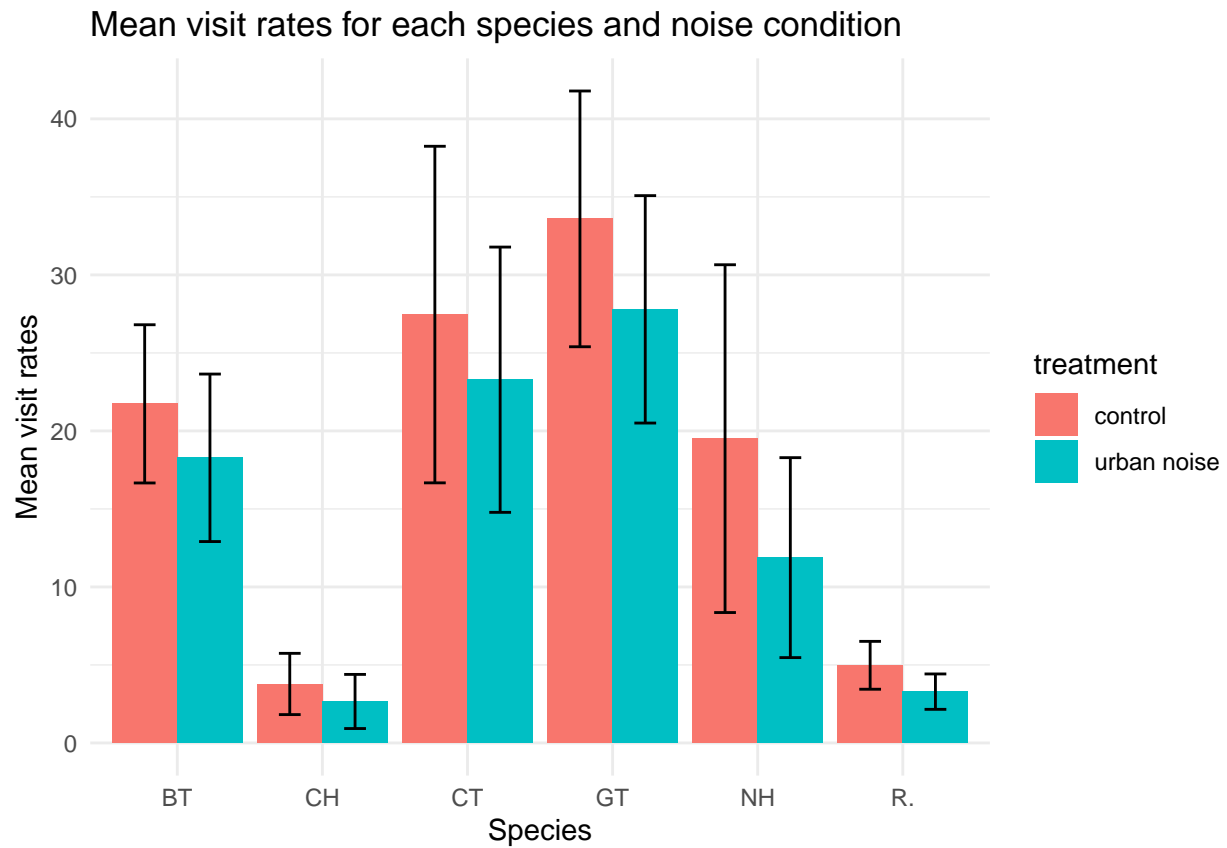
```
## # A tibble: 12 x 14
## # Groups:   species [6]
##   species treatment mean_vr sd_vr median_vigilance se_vr CI_low_vr CI_high_vr
##   <chr>   <chr>      <dbl> <dbl>          <dbl> <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1 BT     control      21.7  17.2          16.1  2.59      16.7      26.8
## 2 BT     urban noise  18.3  18.2          13.4  2.74      12.9      23.6
## 3 CH     control       3.78  3.61           2.9  1.00       1.82       5.74
## 4 CH     urban noise   2.66  3.19           1.5  0.885     0.924       4.39
## 5 CT     control      27.5  31.6          18   5.50      16.7      38.2
## 6 CT     urban noise  23.3  24.9          14.8  4.34      14.8      31.8
## 7 GT     control      33.6  28.4          27.1  4.18      25.4      41.8
## 8 GT     urban noise  27.8  25.2          20.5  3.72      20.5      35.1
## 9 NH     control      19.5  21.3          10.3  5.69       8.36      30.6
## 10 NH    urban noise  11.9  12.2           6.04  3.27       5.47      18.3
## 11 R.     control       4.98  4.63           3    0.783     3.44       6.51
## 12 R.     urban noise   3.29  3.42           1.52  0.578     2.16       4.42
## # i 6 more variables: mean_pr <dbl>, sd_pr <dbl>, median_pr <dbl>, se_pr <dbl>,
## #   CI_low_pr <dbl>, CI_high_pr <dbl>
```

Part 2

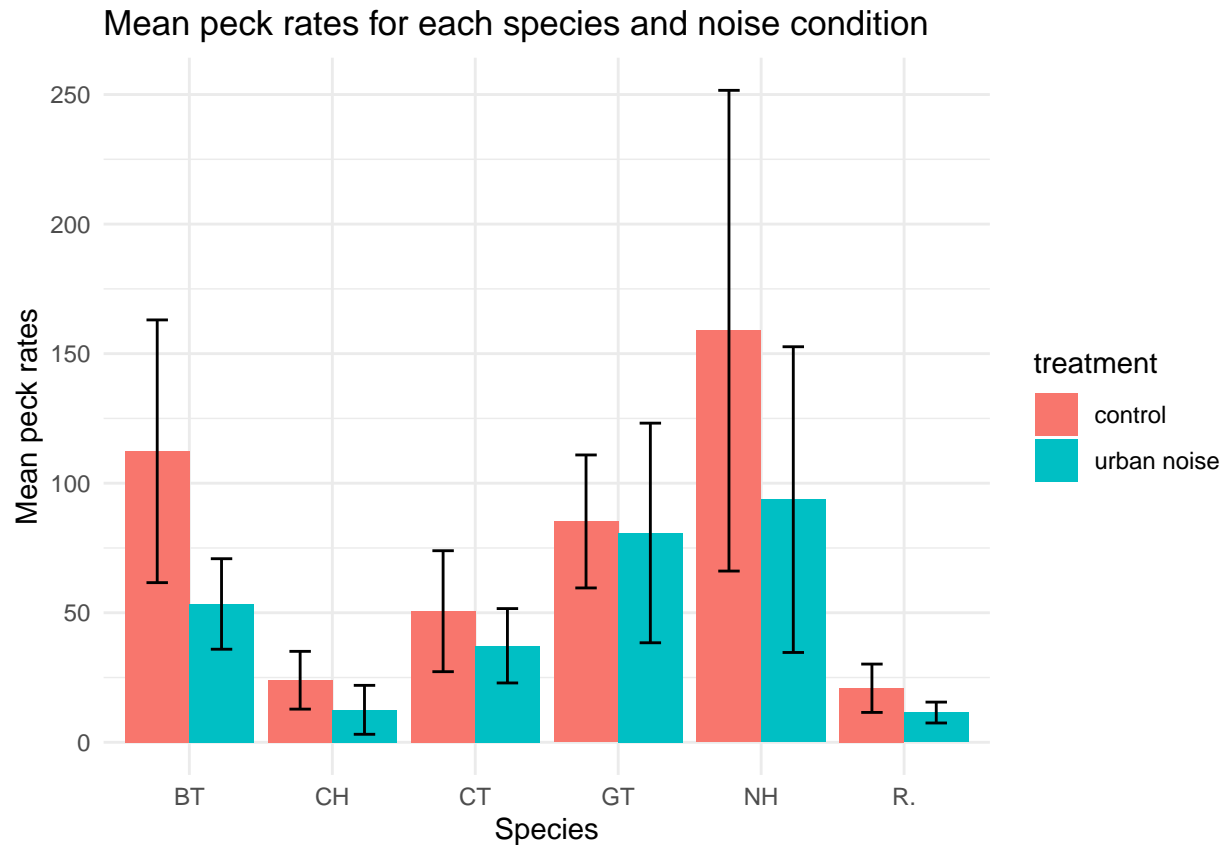
Visualize your data. For each variable, create a plot showing the mean \pm 95% CI by species. Be sure to create appropriate labels, legends, and error bars.

```
summary %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = species, y = mean_vr, fill = treatment)) +
  geom_col(position = position_dodge(width = 0.9)) + geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = CI_low_vr,
    ymax = CI_high_vr), width = 0.3, color = "black", position = position_dodge(width = 0.9)) +
```

```
labs(title = "Mean visit rates for each species and noise condition",
      x = "Species", y = "Mean visit rates") + theme_minimal()
```



```
summary %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = species, y = mean_pr, fill = treatment)) +
  geom_col(position = position_dodge(width = 0.9)) + geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = CI_low_pr,
    ymax = CI_high_pr), width = 0.3, color = "black", position = position_dodge(width = 0.9)) +
  labs(title = "Mean peck rates for each species and noise condition",
        x = "Species", y = "Mean peck rates") + theme_minimal()
```



Part 3

Conduct a two-way ANOVA for each variable to assess variation in mean visit and peck rates by species and condition. Print your summary ANOVA output. Interpret the output.

```
two_way_vr <- aov(visit.rate ~ species * treatment, data = visit_peck)
two_way_pr <- aov(peck.rate ~ species * treatment, data = visit_peck)

summary(two_way_vr)
```

```
##               Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## species         5  37591    7518  17.619 1.3e-15 ***
## treatment       1   1468    1468   3.441 0.0644 .
## species:treatment 5    321     64   0.150 0.9799
## Residuals      358 152759    427
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
## The mean visit rate is very significantly different
## across species ( $F_{5,358} = 17.6$ ,  $p < 0.05$ ), but not
## significantly different across treatment types ( $F_{1,358} =$ 
## 3.4,  $p = 0.06$ ), and not significantly different when you
## consider species and treatment types together ( $F_{5,358} =$ 
## 0.15,  $p = 0.97$ ).
```

```
summary(two_way_pr)
```

```
##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## species         5  412868    82574   8.308 1.92e-07 ***
## treatment        1   57862    57862   5.822  0.0163  *
## species:treatment  5   54074    10815   1.088  0.3666
## Residuals       358 3558218     9939
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

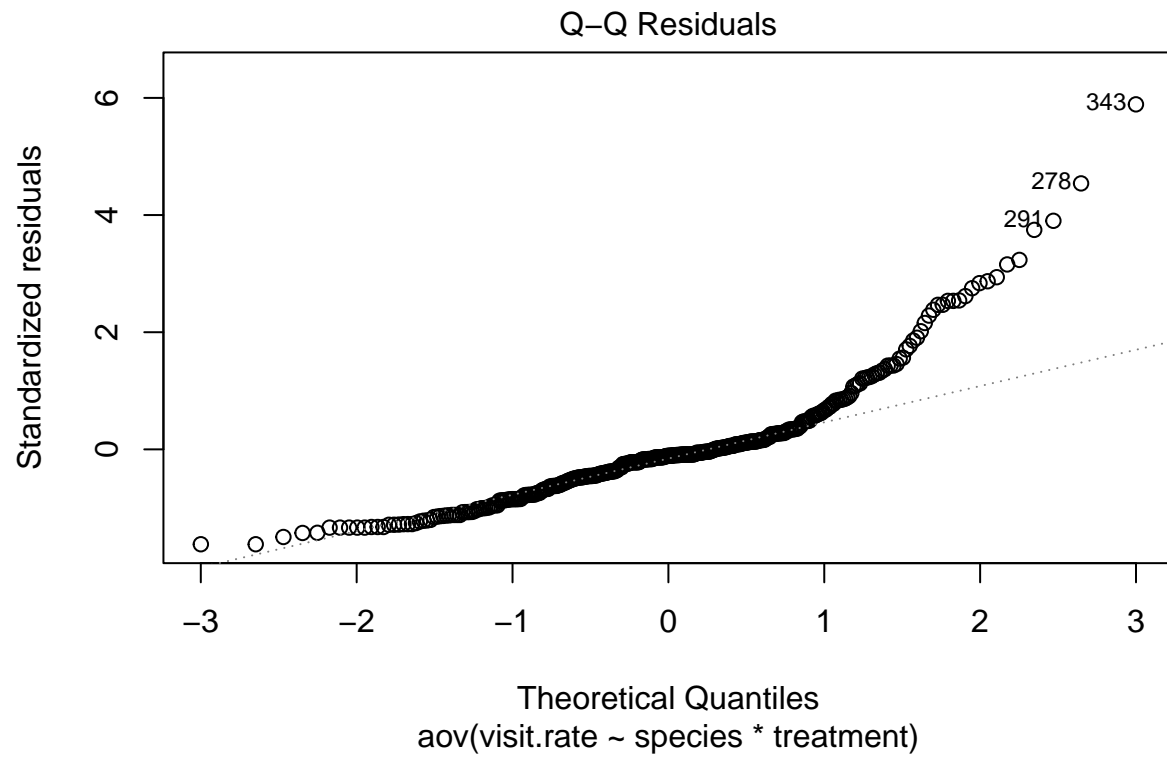
```
## The mean peck rate is very significantly different
## across species (F5,358 = 8.3, p < 0.05) and fairly
## significantly different across treatment types (F1,358 =
## 5.8, p = 0.01), but not significant when you consider
## species and treatment types together (F5,358 = 1.1, p =
## 0.36).
```

Part 4

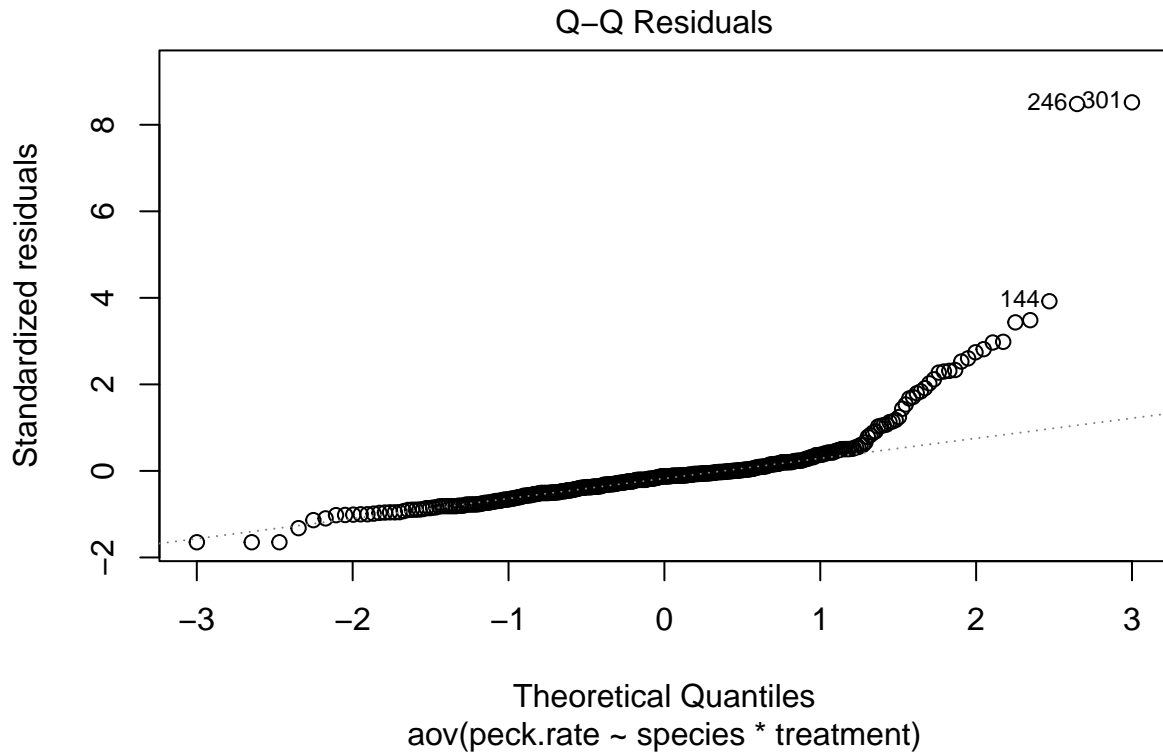
Verify that assumptions are met for ANOVA for both variables. Use appropriate techniques to assess normal distribution and homogeneity of variances. Describe what you see.

```
## First assumption: independent sampling of data. We can
## assume this is met.
```

```
## Second assumption: normal distribution of residuals
plot(two_way_vr, 2)
```



```
plot(two_way_pr, 2)
```

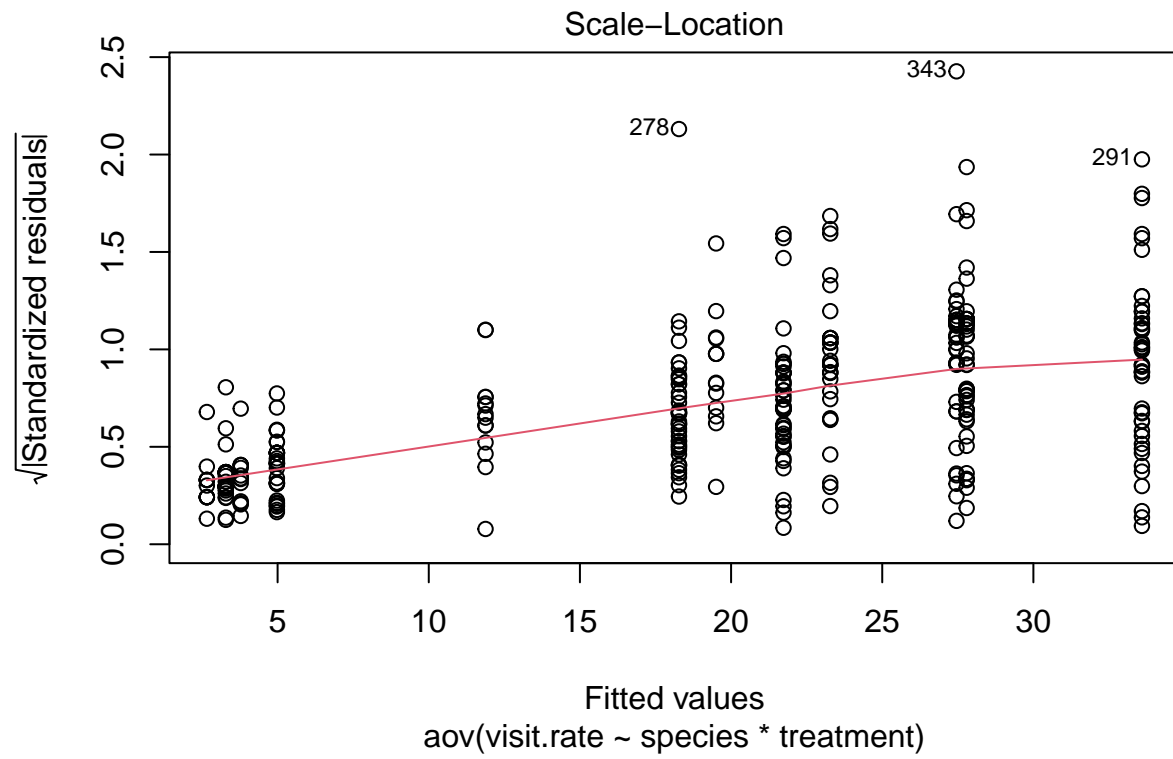


```
## The residuals for each test are distributed roughly
## normally, except for the outliers on the far right end
## of the graphs.
```

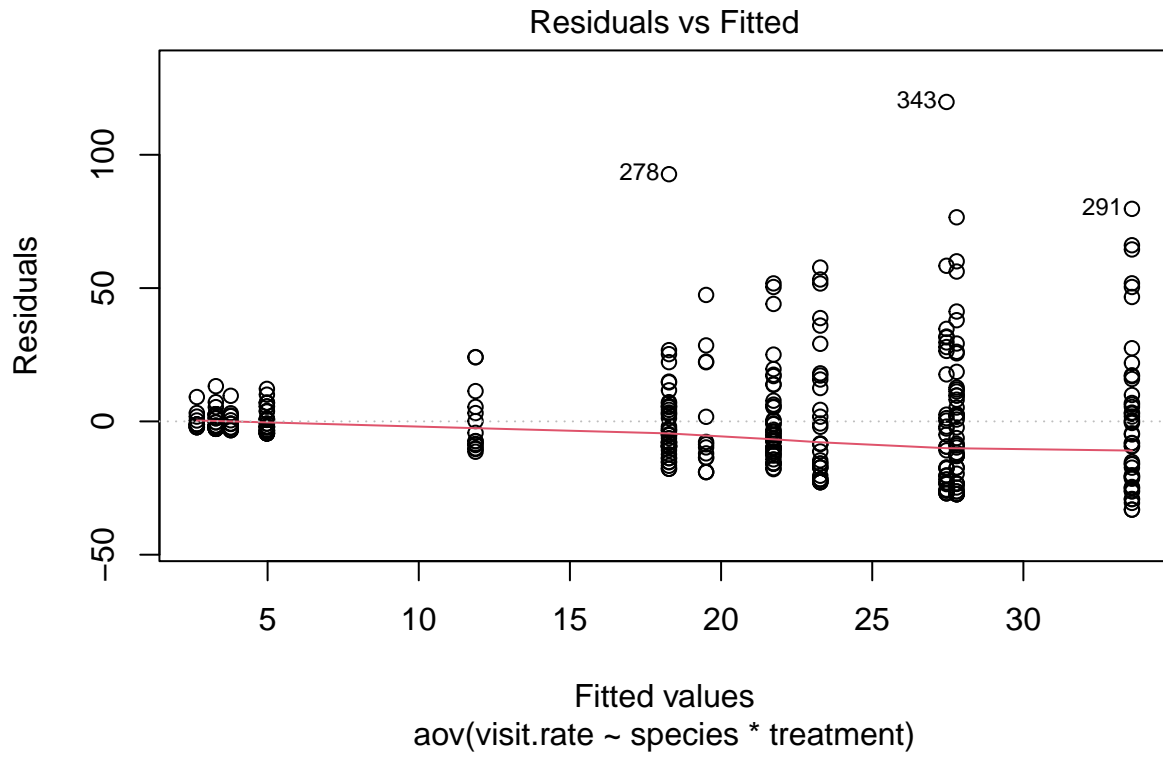
```
## Third assumption: equal variance of residuals
leveneTest(visit.rate ~ species * treatment, data = visit_peck)
```

```
## Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = median)
##      Df F value Pr(>F)
## group 11  7.3201 2.6e-11 ***
##      358
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
plot(two_way_vr, 3)
```



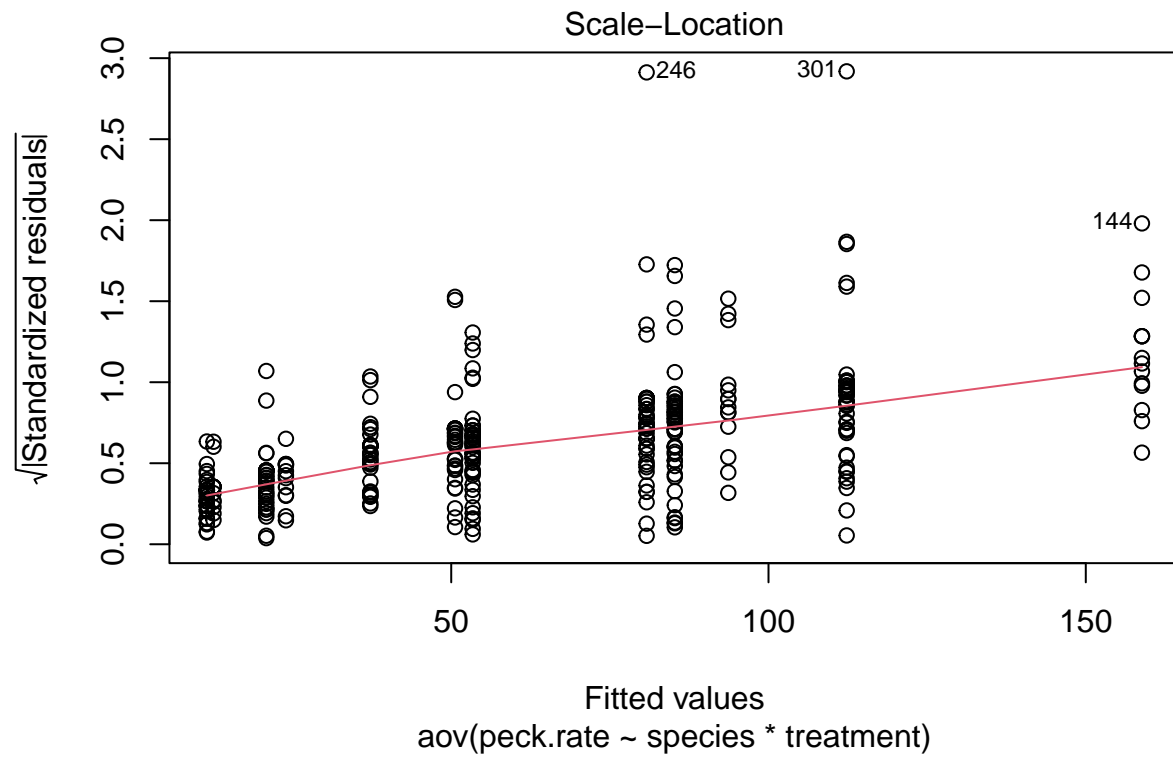
```
plot(two_way_vr, 1)
```

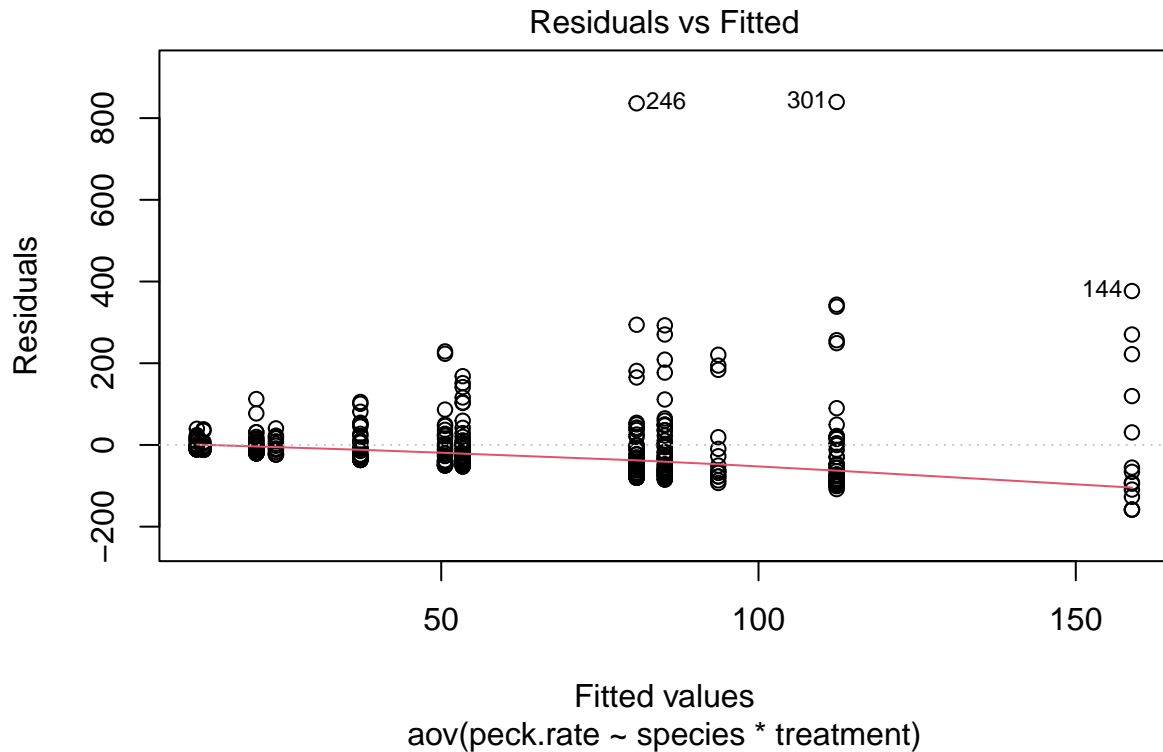
```
leveneTest(peck.rate ~ species * treatment, data = visit_peck)
```

```
## Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Variance (center = median)
##      Df F value    Pr(>F)
## group 11   3.751 4.293e-05 ***
##      358
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
plot(two_way_pr, 3)
```



```
plot(two_way_pr, 1)
```



```
## The third assumption is not met for both tests. The
## graphs and results from Levene's test demonstrate that
## there is a significant difference in the variances.
```

Part 5

Conduct post-hoc analyses if needed to identify the location of any significant differences. Summarize the result of your post-hoc analyses.

```
TukeyHSD(two_way_vr)
```

```
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = visit.rate ~ species * treatment, data = visit_peck)
##
## $species
##          diff          lwr          upr          p adj
## CH-BT -16.7852273 -29.996513 -3.573941 0.0041990
## CT-BT  5.3638636  -4.273711 15.001438 0.6026276
## GT-BT 10.6865119   1.861370 19.511653 0.0076559
## NH-BT -4.3141558 -17.156057  8.527745 0.9293845
## R.-BT -15.8723701 -25.351290 -6.393450 0.0000346
## CT-CH 22.1490909   8.444819 35.853362 0.0000745
```

```

## GT-CH 27.4717391 14.326118 40.617360 0.0000001
## NH-CH 12.4710714 -3.648440 28.590583 0.2325923
## R.-CH 0.9128571 -12.680308 14.506023 0.9999634
## GT-CT 5.3226482 -4.224713 14.870009 0.6008412
## NH-CT -9.6780195 -23.026555 3.670516 0.3015279
## R.-CT -21.2362338 -31.390982 -11.081486 0.0000001
## NH-GT -15.0006677 -27.775005 -2.226331 0.0109111
## R.-GT -26.5588820 -35.946064 -17.171700 0.0000000
## R.-NH -11.5582143 -24.792658 1.676229 0.1261201
##
## $treatment
## diff lwr upr p adj
## urban noise-control -3.98427 -8.208136 0.2395951 0.0644098
##
## $'species:treatment'
## diff lwr upr p adj
## CH:control-BT:control -17.9533217 -39.406010 3.4993669 0.2051397
## CT:control-BT:control 5.7228788 -9.926762 21.3725194 0.9885062
## GT:control-BT:control 11.8567787 -2.473621 26.1871787 0.2198055
## NH:control-BT:control -2.2298052 -23.082681 18.6230705 0.9999999
## R.:control-BT:control -16.7572338 -32.149250 -1.3652180 0.0197147
## BT:urban noise-BT:control -3.4577273 -17.946479 11.0310246 0.9997541
## CH:urban noise-BT:control -19.0748601 -40.527549 2.3778284 0.1365393
## CT:urban noise-BT:control 1.5471212 -14.102519 17.1967618 1.0000000
## GT:urban noise-BT:control 6.0585178 -8.271882 20.3889178 0.9647418
## NH:urban noise-BT:control -9.8562338 -30.709109 10.9966419 0.9236737
## R.:urban noise-BT:control -18.4452338 -33.837250 -3.0532180 0.0054222
## CT:control-CH:control 23.6762005 1.422995 45.9294062 0.0258348
## GT:control-CH:control 29.8101003 8.464040 51.1561604 0.0003713
## NH:control-CH:control 15.7235165 -10.451593 41.8986257 0.7092915
## R.:control-CH:control 1.1960879 -20.876702 23.2688781 1.0000000
## BT:urban noise-CH:control 14.4955944 -6.957094 35.9482829 0.5340491
## CH:urban noise-CH:control -1.1215385 -27.776965 25.5338880 1.0000000
## CT:urban noise-CH:control 19.5004429 -2.752763 41.7536487 0.1515474
## GT:urban noise-CH:control 24.0118395 2.665779 45.3578996 0.0130901
## NH:urban noise-CH:control 8.0970879 -18.078021 34.2721971 0.9972384
## R.:urban noise-CH:control -0.4919121 -22.564702 21.5808781 1.0000000
## GT:control-CT:control 6.1338999 -9.369251 21.6370508 0.9785564
## NH:control-CT:control -7.9526840 -29.628240 13.7228725 0.9881940
## R.:control-CT:control -22.4801126 -38.969548 -5.9906774 0.0005991
## BT:urban noise-CT:control -9.1806061 -24.830247 6.4690345 0.7396816
## CH:urban noise-CT:control -24.7977389 -47.050945 -2.5445332 0.0147735
## CT:urban noise-CT:control -4.1757576 -20.905927 12.5544120 0.9996211
## GT:urban noise-CT:control 0.3356390 -15.167512 15.8387899 1.0000000
## NH:urban noise-CT:control -15.5791126 -37.254669 6.0964439 0.4330718
## R.:urban noise-CT:control -24.1681126 -40.657548 -7.6786774 0.0001324
## NH:control-GT:control -14.0865839 -34.829748 6.6565804 0.5259468
## R.:control-GT:control -28.6140124 -43.857063 -13.3709620 0.0000001
## BT:urban noise-GT:control -15.3145059 -29.644906 -0.9841059 0.0245500
## CH:urban noise-GT:control -30.9316388 -52.277699 -9.5855787 0.0001703
## CT:urban noise-GT:control -10.3096574 -25.812808 5.1934934 0.5596252
## GT:urban noise-GT:control -5.7982609 -19.968540 8.3720180 0.9723129
## NH:urban noise-GT:control -21.7130124 -42.456177 -0.9698482 0.0310227
## R.:urban noise-GT:control -30.3020124 -45.545063 -15.0589620 0.0000000

```

```
## R.:control-NH:control -14.5274286 -36.017720 6.9628633 0.5333350
## BT:urban noise-NH:control -1.2279221 -22.080798 19.6249536 1.0000000
## CH:urban noise-NH:control -16.8450549 -43.020164 9.3300543 0.6107706
## CT:urban noise-NH:control 3.7769264 -17.898630 25.4524828 0.9999895
## GT:urban noise-NH:control 8.2883230 -12.454841 29.0314872 0.9768747
## NH:urban noise-NH:control -7.6264286 -33.312240 18.0593831 0.9980877
## R.:urban noise-NH:control -16.2154286 -37.705720 5.2748633 0.3544855
## BT:urban noise-R.:control 13.2995065 -2.092509 28.6915222 0.1669520
## CH:urban noise-R.:control -2.3176264 -24.390417 19.7551638 0.9999999
## CT:urban noise-R.:control 18.3043550 1.814920 34.7937901 0.0155111
## GT:urban noise-R.:control 22.8157516 7.572701 38.0588019 0.0000820
## NH:urban noise-R.:control 6.9010000 -14.589292 28.3912919 0.9961620
## R.:urban noise-R.:control -1.6880000 -17.933134 14.5571337 1.0000000
## CH:urban noise-BT:urban noise -15.6171329 -37.069821 5.8355557 0.4121844
## CT:urban noise-BT:urban noise 5.0048485 -10.644792 20.6544891 0.9962973
## GT:urban noise-BT:urban noise 9.5162451 -4.814155 23.8466451 0.5618834
## NH:urban noise-BT:urban noise -6.3985065 -27.251382 14.4543692 0.9974309
## R.:urban noise-BT:urban noise -14.9875065 -30.379522 0.4045093 0.0645074
## CT:urban noise-CH:urban noise 20.6219814 -1.631224 42.8751871 0.0992116
## GT:urban noise-CH:urban noise 25.1333779 3.787318 46.4794380 0.0070165
## NH:urban noise-CH:urban noise 9.2186264 -16.956483 35.3937356 0.9915635
## R.:urban noise-CH:urban noise 0.6296264 -21.443164 22.7024165 1.0000000
## GT:urban noise-CT:urban noise 4.5113966 -10.991754 20.0145475 0.9984068
## NH:urban noise-CT:urban noise -11.4033550 -33.078911 10.2722015 0.8528913
## R.:urban noise-CT:urban noise -19.9923550 -36.481790 -3.5029199 0.0045467
## NH:urban noise-GT:urban noise -15.9147516 -36.657916 4.8284127 0.3283846
## R.:urban noise-GT:urban noise -24.5037516 -39.746802 -9.2607012 0.0000139
## R.:urban noise-NH:urban noise -8.5890000 -30.079292 12.9012919 0.9768304
```

```
## The species with the largest significant differences in
## visit rate are: CT-CH GT-CH R.-CT R.-GT There isn't a
## high significant difference between treatment types.
## Comparing visit rate by species and treatment types, the
## most significant differences lie in:
## R.:control-GT:control R.:urban noise-GT:control R.:urban
## noise-GT:urban noise
```

```
TukeyHSD(two_way_pr)
```

```
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = peck.rate ~ species * treatment, data = visit_peck)
##
## $species
## diff lwr upr p adj
## CH-BT -64.6107867 -128.372165 -0.849408 0.0449506
## CT-BT -38.9253788 -85.439020 7.588263 0.1597316
## GT-BT 0.1624407 -42.430172 42.755054 1.0000000
## NH-BT 43.4050649 -18.573559 105.383688 0.3405643
## R.-BT -66.6814351 -112.429367 -20.933503 0.0005297
## CT-CH 25.6854079 -40.455257 91.826073 0.8759916
## GT-CH 64.7732274 1.328768 128.217687 0.0422622
## NH-CH 108.0158516 30.218561 185.813142 0.0011755
```

```

## R.-CH -2.0706484 -67.675084 63.533788 0.9999991
## GT-CT 39.0878195 -6.990427 85.166066 0.1485555
## NH-CT 82.3304437 17.906660 146.754227 0.0038881
## R.-CT -27.7560563 -76.765723 21.253611 0.5840457
## NH-GT 43.2426242 -18.409916 104.895165 0.3388225
## R.-GT -66.8438758 -112.149055 -21.538696 0.0004288
## R.-NH -110.0865000 -173.959643 -46.213357 0.0000179
##
## $treatment
## diff lwr upr p adj
## urban noise-control -25.0107 -45.39626 -4.625142 0.0163322
##
## $'species:treatment'
## diff lwr upr p adj
## CH:control-BT:control -88.370140 -191.906843 15.1665628 0.1810982
## CT:control-BT:control -61.720000 -137.249563 13.8095628 0.2363679
## GT:control-BT:control -27.083735 -96.246272 42.0788021 0.9801992
## NH:control-BT:control 46.532662 -54.109175 147.1744998 0.9340215
## R.:control-BT:control -91.460909 -165.747102 -17.1747162 0.0035824
## BT:urban noise-BT:control -58.934091 -128.860878 10.9926965 0.1963467
## CH:urban noise-BT:control -99.785524 -203.322227 3.7511782 0.0708537
## CT:urban noise-BT:control -75.064848 -150.594411 0.4647143 0.0531201
## GT:urban noise-BT:control -31.525474 -100.688012 37.6370629 0.9400671
## NH:urban noise-BT:control -18.656623 -119.298461 81.9852140 0.9999802
## R.:urban noise-BT:control -100.836052 -175.122245 -26.5498591 0.0006516
## CT:control-CH:control 26.650140 -80.750084 134.0503636 0.9996418
## GT:control-CH:control 61.286405 -41.735679 164.3084885 0.7220084
## NH:control-CH:control 134.902802 8.574371 261.2312339 0.0247631
## R.:control-CH:control -3.090769 -109.620257 103.4387180 1.0000000
## BT:urban noise-CH:control 29.436049 -74.100654 132.9727516 0.9987123
## CH:urban noise-CH:control -11.415385 -140.061963 117.2311933 1.0000000
## CT:urban noise-CH:control 13.305291 -94.094932 120.7055151 0.9999997
## GT:urban noise-CH:control 56.844666 -46.177418 159.8667494 0.8087802
## NH:urban noise-CH:control 69.713516 -56.614915 196.0419481 0.8086483
## R.:urban noise-CH:control -12.465912 -118.995399 94.0635752 0.9999998
## GT:control-CT:control 34.636265 -40.186297 109.4588271 0.9334918
## NH:control-CT:control 108.252662 3.640337 212.8649881 0.0351510
## R.:control-CT:control -29.740909 -109.323556 49.8417380 0.9863055
## BT:urban noise-CT:control 2.785909 -72.743654 78.3154719 1.0000000
## CH:urban noise-CT:control -38.065524 -145.465748 69.3346993 0.9911084
## CT:urban noise-CT:control -13.344848 -94.089348 67.3996505 0.9999939
## GT:urban noise-CT:control 30.194526 -44.628037 105.0170879 0.9750626
## NH:urban noise-CT:control 43.063377 -61.548949 147.6757024 0.9710417
## R.:urban noise-CT:control -39.116052 -118.698699 40.4665951 0.9019982
## NH:control-GT:control 73.616398 -26.495941 173.7287364 0.3958316
## R.:control-GT:control -64.377174 -137.944418 9.1900703 0.1530314
## BT:urban noise-GT:control -31.850356 -101.012893 37.3121815 0.9357671
## CH:urban noise-GT:control -72.701789 -175.723873 30.3202946 0.4631525
## CT:urban noise-GT:control -47.981113 -122.803676 26.8414489 0.6161845
## GT:urban noise-GT:control -4.441739 -72.831486 63.9480081 1.0000000
## NH:urban noise-GT:control 8.427112 -91.685227 108.5394507 1.0000000
## R.:urban noise-GT:control -73.752317 -147.319561 -0.1850726 0.0487701
## R.:control-NH:control -137.993571 -241.711758 -34.2753845 0.0009509
## BT:urban noise-NH:control -105.466753 -206.108591 -4.8249158 0.0306373

```

```

## CH:urban noise-NH:control -146.318187 -272.646618 -19.9897552 0.0088454
## CT:urban noise-NH:control -121.597511 -226.209837 -16.9851850 0.0084187
## GT:urban noise-NH:control -78.058137 -178.170476 22.0542023 0.3037301
## NH:urban noise-NH:control -65.189286 -189.156230 58.7776586 0.8532619
## R.:urban noise-NH:control -147.368714 -251.086901 -43.6505273 0.0002597
## BT:urban noise-R.:control 32.526818 -41.759375 106.8130111 0.9546439
## CH:urban noise-R.:control -8.324615 -114.854103 98.2048719 1.0000000
## CT:urban noise-R.:control 16.396061 -63.186586 95.9787077 0.9999423
## GT:urban noise-R.:control 59.935435 -13.631809 133.5026790 0.2404734
## NH:urban noise-R.:control 72.804286 -30.913901 176.5224727 0.4718986
## R.:urban noise-R.:control -9.375143 -87.778723 69.0284369 0.9999998
## CH:urban noise-BT:urban noise -40.851434 -144.388136 62.6852691 0.9790096
## CT:urban noise-BT:urban noise -16.130758 -91.660320 59.3988052 0.9999174
## GT:urban noise-BT:urban noise 27.408617 -41.753921 96.5711538 0.9782890
## NH:urban noise-BT:urban noise 40.277468 -60.364370 140.9193050 0.9765916
## R.:urban noise-BT:urban noise -41.901961 -116.188154 32.3842318 0.7855409
## CT:urban noise-CH:urban noise 24.720676 -82.679548 132.1208997 0.9998271
## GT:urban noise-CH:urban noise 68.260050 -34.762034 171.2821340 0.5654307
## NH:urban noise-CH:urban noise 81.128901 -45.199531 207.4573328 0.6139586
## R.:urban noise-CH:urban noise -1.050527 -107.580015 105.4789598 1.0000000
## GT:urban noise-CT:urban noise 43.539374 -31.283188 118.3619364 0.7496093
## NH:urban noise-CT:urban noise 56.408225 -48.204101 161.0205509 0.8311356
## R.:urban noise-CT:urban noise -25.771203 -105.353851 53.8114436 0.9958707
## NH:urban noise-GT:urban noise 12.868851 -87.243488 112.9811899 0.9999996
## R.:urban noise-GT:urban noise -69.310578 -142.877822 4.2566666 0.0864486
## R.:urban noise-NH:urban noise -82.179429 -185.897616 21.5387584 0.2798742

```

```

## The species with the largest significant differences in
## visit rate are: R.-BT R.-GT R.-NH There is a higher
## significant difference between treatment types for peck
## rate than visit rate. Comparing visit rate by species
## and treatment types, the most significant differences
## lie in: R.:urban noise-NH:control R.:urban
## noise-BT:control R.:urban noise-NH:control

```

```

## These results suggest that treatment type has a higher
## significance for peck rate than visit rate, while
## species is the main influencing factor on visit rate.

```