PHYS 225 HW 9

James Liu

Due:Nov 7 Edit: November 6, 2024

1. a)
$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$$

Cartesian:

$$\begin{split} f(x,y,z) &= x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \\ \nabla f &= \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}\right) \\ &= (2x, 2y, 2z) \end{split}$$

Cylindrical:

$$\begin{split} f(x,y,z) &= x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \\ f(r,\theta,z) &= r^2 + z^2 \\ \nabla f &= \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial r}, \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}\right) \\ \nabla f &= (2r,0,2z) = 2r\hat{r} + 2z\hat{z} \\ &= 2\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \times \frac{x\hat{x} + y\hat{y}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} + 2z\hat{z} \\ &= 2x\hat{x} + 2y\hat{y} + 2z\hat{z} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} f(x,y,z) &= x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \\ f(\rho,\theta,\phi) &= \rho^2 \\ \nabla f &= \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial r}, \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta}, \frac{1}{r \sin(\phi)} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi}\right) \\ \nabla f &= (2\rho,0,0) = 2\rho \hat{\rho} \\ &= 2\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \times \frac{x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \\ &= 2x\hat{x} + 2y\hat{y} + 2z\hat{z} \end{split}$$

b)
$$f(x, y, z) = \sin(z)$$

$$f(x, y, z) = \sin(z)$$

$$\nabla f = (0, 0, \cos(z))$$

$$= \cos(z)\hat{z}$$

Cylindrical:

$$f(x, y, z) = \sin(z)$$

$$f(r, \theta, z) = \sin(z)$$

$$\nabla f = (0, 0, \cos(z)) = \cos(z)\hat{z}$$

$$\begin{split} f(x,y,z) &= \sin(z) \\ f(\rho,\theta,\phi) &= \sin(\rho \times \cos(\theta)) \\ \nabla f &= (\cos(\rho\cos(\theta))\cos(\theta), -\cos(\rho\cos(\theta))\sin(\theta), 0) \\ &= \cos(\rho\cos(\theta))\cos(\theta)\hat{r} - \cos(\rho\cos(\theta))\sin(\phi)\hat{\theta} \\ &= \cos(z) \times \frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \times \frac{x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \\ &- \cos(z) \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \times \frac{(x\hat{x} + y\hat{y})z - (x^2 + y^2)\hat{z}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \\ &= \cos(z) \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \left((x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z})z - (x\hat{x} + y\hat{y})z + (x^2 + y^2)\hat{z} \right) \\ &= \cos(z) \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \left((x^2 + y^2 + z^2)\hat{z} \right) \\ &= \cos(z)\hat{z} \end{split}$$

c)
$$f(x, y, z) = x + y + z$$

$$f(x, y, z) = x + y + z$$

$$\nabla f = (1, 1, 1)$$

$$= \hat{x} + \hat{y} + \hat{z}$$

Cylindrical:

$$\begin{split} f(x,y,z) &= x + y + z \\ f(r,\theta,z) &= r\cos(\theta) + r\sin(\theta) + z \\ \nabla f &= (\cos(\theta) + \sin(\theta), \cos(\theta) - \sin(\theta), 1) \\ &= (\cos(\theta) + \sin(\theta))\hat{\rho} + (\cos(\theta) - \sin(\theta))\hat{\theta} + \hat{z} \\ &= \left(\frac{x+y}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}\right) \frac{x\hat{x} + y\hat{y}}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} + \left(\frac{x-y}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}\right) \times \frac{-y\hat{x} + x\hat{y}}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} + \hat{z} \\ &= \frac{(x^2 + xy)\hat{x} + (xy + y^2)\hat{y}}{x^2 + y^2} + \frac{(y^2 - xy)\hat{x} + (x^2 - xy)\hat{y}}{x^2 + y^2} + \hat{z} \\ &= \hat{x} + \hat{y} + \hat{z} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} f(x,y,z) &= x + y + z \\ f(\rho,\theta,\phi) &= \rho \sin(\theta) \cos(\phi) + \rho \sin(\theta) \sin(\phi) + \rho \cos(\theta) \\ \nabla f &= \begin{cases} \sin(\theta) \cos(\phi) + \sin(\theta) \sin(\phi) + \cos(\theta) \\ \cos(\theta) \cos(\phi) + \cos(\phi) \sin(\phi) - \sin(\theta) \\ -\sin(\phi) + \cos(\phi) \end{cases} \\ &= \left(\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \times \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \times \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \right) \hat{\rho} \\ &+ \left(\frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \times \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} + \frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \times \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \right) \hat{\theta} \\ &+ \left(\frac{x - y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \right) \hat{\phi} \\ &= \left(\frac{x + y + z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \right) \frac{x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \\ &+ \left(\frac{z + z + z - x^2 - y^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \right) \frac{x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \\ &+ \left(\frac{z + z + z - x^2 - y^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \right) \frac{x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \\ &+ \left(\frac{z + y + z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \right) \frac{-y\hat{x} + y\hat{y}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}} \\ &+ \left(\frac{z + z + z - x^2 - y^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \right) \frac{(x\hat{x} + y\hat{y})z - (x^2 + y^2)\hat{z}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \\ &+ \frac{(x^2 + y^2)(x + y + z)(x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z})}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)(x^2 + y^2)} \\ &+ \frac{(x^2 + y^2)(x + y + z)(x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z})}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)(x^2 + y^2)} \\ &+ \frac{x(x^2 + y^2)(x + y + z) + zx(zx + zy - x^2 - y^2) - y(x - y)(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)(x^2 + y^2)} \hat{x} \\ &+ \frac{y(x^2 + y^2)(x + y + z) + zx(zx + zy - x^2 - y^2) + x(x - y)(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)(x^2 + y^2)} \hat{x} \\ &+ \frac{z(x^2 + y^2)(x + y + z) - (x^2 + y^2)(zx + zy - x^2 - y^2) + x(x - y)(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)(x^2 + y^2)} \hat{x} \\ &+ \frac{z(x^2 + y^2)(x + y + z) - (x^2 + y^2)(zx + zy - x^2 - y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)(x^2 + y^2)} \hat{x} \\ &+ \frac{z(x^2 + y^2)(x + y + z) - (x^2 + y^2)(zx + zy - x^2 - y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)(x^2 + y^2)} \hat{x} \\ &+ \frac{z(x^2 + y^2)(x + y + z) - (x^2 + y^2)(zx + zy - x^2 - y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)(x^2 + y^2)} \hat{x} \\ &+ \frac{z(x^2 + y^2)(x^2 + y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)(x^2 + y^2)} \hat{x} \\ &+ \frac{z(x^2 + y^2)(x^2 + y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)(x^2 + y^2)} \hat{x} \\ &= \frac{z^4 + y^4 + 2x^2y^2 + z^2x^2 + z^2y^2}{x^2 + y^2} \hat{x} \\ &= \frac{z^4 + y^4 + 2x^2y^2 + z^2}{x^2 + z^2} \hat{x} + \frac{z^2}{x^2 + y$$

2. a)
$$v = x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z}$$

$$\nabla \cdot v = 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$$

Cylindrical:

$$v = x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z}$$

$$v = \rho\cos(\theta)(\cos(\theta)\hat{\rho} - \sin(\theta)\hat{\theta}) + \rho\sin(\theta)(\sin(\theta)\hat{\rho} + \cos(\theta)\hat{\theta}) + z\hat{z}$$

$$= \rho\hat{\rho} + 0\hat{\theta} + z\hat{z}$$

$$\nabla v = \frac{1}{\rho}\frac{\partial}{\partial\rho}\rho A_{\rho} + \frac{1}{\rho}\frac{\partial}{\partial\theta}A_{\theta} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z}A_{z}$$

$$= 2 + 0 + 1 = 3$$

$$\begin{split} v &= x\hat{x} + y\hat{y} + z\hat{z} \\ &= \rho \sin(\theta) \cos(\phi)\hat{x} + \rho \sin(\theta) \sin(\phi)\hat{y} + \rho \cos(\theta)\hat{z} \\ &= \rho \sin^2(\theta) \cos^2(\phi)\hat{\rho} + \rho \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta) \cos^2(\phi)\hat{\theta} - \rho \sin(\theta) \cos(\phi) \sin(\phi)\hat{\phi} \\ &+ \rho \sin^2(\theta) \sin^2(\phi)\hat{\rho} + \rho \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) \sin^2(\phi)\hat{\theta} + \rho \sin(\theta) \sin(\phi) \cos(\phi)\hat{\phi} \\ &+ \rho \cos^2(\theta)\hat{\rho} - \rho \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta)\hat{\theta} \\ &= \rho(\cos^2(\theta) + \sin^2(\theta)(\cos^2(\theta) + \sin^2(\theta)))\hat{\rho} \\ &+ \rho \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta)(\cos^2(\phi) + \sin^2(\phi) - 1)\hat{\theta} \\ &+ \rho \sin(\theta)(\sin(\phi) \cos(\phi) - \sin(\phi) \cos(\phi)) \\ &= \rho\hat{\rho} + 0\hat{\theta} + 0\hat{\phi} \\ \nabla v &= \frac{1}{\rho^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \rho^2 A_\rho + \frac{1}{\rho \sin(\theta)} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (A_\theta \sin(\theta)) + \frac{1}{\rho \sin(\theta)} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} A_\phi \\ &= 3 + 0 + 0 = 3 \end{split}$$

b)
$$v = \hat{\rho}$$

$$\begin{split} v &= \frac{x\hat{x} + y\hat{y}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \\ &= \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \hat{x} + \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \hat{y} \\ \nabla v &= \frac{y^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{x^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \end{split}$$

Cylindrical:

$$v = 1\hat{\rho} + 0\hat{\theta} + 0\hat{z}$$
$$\nabla v = \frac{1}{\rho} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$$

c)
$$v = \hat{\theta}$$

Cartesian:

$$\begin{split} v &= \frac{(x\hat{x} + y\hat{y})z - (x^2 + y^2)\hat{z}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \\ &= \frac{xz}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}\hat{x} + \frac{yz}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}\hat{y} - \frac{(x^2 + y^2)}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}\hat{z} \\ \nabla v &= -\frac{z(x^4 - y^4 - z^2y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)\frac{3}{2}(x^2 + y^2)\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{z(y^4 - x^4 - z^2x^2)}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)\frac{3}{2}(x^2 + y^2)\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{z^2x(x^2 + y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)\frac{3}{2}(x^2 + y^2)} \\ &= \frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} v &= \hat{\theta} \\ \nabla v &= \frac{\cos(\theta)}{r \sin(\theta)} \\ &= \frac{\frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}} \\ &= \frac{z}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \end{split}$$

3.

$$\begin{split} \partial_i v^i &= (R^j_i \partial'_j) ((R^{-1})^i_k v'^k) \\ &= \partial'_j (R^j_i) (R^{-1})^i_k v'^k \\ &= \delta^j_k \partial'_j v'^k \\ &= \partial'_j v'^j \end{split}$$

Thus the divergence is invarianced