

1. Which sentence contains an adverb modifying an entire clause (sentence adverb)?

- A) He almost finished the task.
- B) Honestly, he deserves the prize.
- C) She runs very fast.
- D) They rarely agree.

Answer: B

2. Identify the adverb of degree.

- A) They arrived early.
- B) She speaks clearly.
- C) The room is quite small.
- D) He travels abroad.

Answer: C

3. Which sentence uses an adverb to modify another adverb?

- A) She hardly knows him.
- B) He rarely comes here.
- C) She sings extremely well.
- D) He is very intelligent.

Answer: C

4. Which sentence contains a focusing adverb?

- A) She only met him once.
- B) He runs swiftly.
- C) They seldom argue.
- D) She completely forgot.

Answer: A

5. Identify the negative adverb requiring inversion when placed at the beginning.

- A) He rarely attends classes.
- B) Rarely he attends classes.
- C) Rarely does he attend classes.
- D) He attends rarely classes.

Answer: C

6. Which sentence contains an interrogative adverb?

- A) Which book do you want?
- B) What is your plan?
- C) How did the accident happen?
- D) Whose house is this?

Answer: C

7. Which of the following contains an adverb modifying a past participle?

- A) The rapidly changing weather
- B) The brightly painted wall
- C) The girl ran fast
- D) They arrived late

Answer: B

8. Choose the sentence where "hardly" is used correctly as an adverb meaning "almost not."

- A) He works hardly.
- B) He hardly works.
- C) He works very hardly.
- D) He hardly hardly works.

Answer: B

9. Which one contains a place adverb?

- A) She is almost ready.
- B) He looked everywhere.
- C) They seldom study.
- D) She definitely knows.

Answer: B

10. Identify the adverb modifying an adjective.

- A) He rarely comes.
- B) The exam was extremely difficult.
- C) She reads quickly.
- D) He shouted loudly.

Answer: B

11. Select the sentence where "fast" is an adverb.

- A) The fast man escaped.
- B) The clock is fast.
- C) He ran fast.
- D) He bought a fast bike.

Answer: C

12. Which sentence contains an adverb of frequency in correct mid-position?

- A) She always is happy.
- B) She is always happy.
- C) Always she is happy.
- D) She is happy always.

Answer: B

13. Identify the relative adverb.

- A) I know the place where he lives.
- B) I know the reason that he left.
- C) I know the boy who came.
- D) I know the book which you bought.

Answer: A

14. Which sentence uses an adverb to modify a prepositional phrase?

- A) She runs slowly.
- B) The plan was quite beyond expectation.
- C) He arrived early.

D) They seldom travel.

Answer: B

15. Identify the sentence where the adverb of manner is placed incorrectly.

- A) She quickly completed the task.
- B) She completed the task quickly.
- C) Quickly she completed the task.
- D) She completed quickly the task.

Answer: D

16. Which sentence includes an adverb of time?

- A) She almost cried.
- B) He already finished the work.
- C) She speaks loudly.
- D) They hardly work.

Answer: B

17. Choose the correct sentence using a modal of obligation.

- A) You must to follow the rules.
- B) You must follow the rules.
- C) You have to must follow the rules.
- D) You should must follow the rules.

Answer: B

18. Identify the correct causative structure.

- A) I made him to clean the room.
- B) I made him clean the room.
- C) I made him cleaning the room.
- D) I made him cleaned the room.

Answer: B

19. Which sentence shows “permission”?

- A) You may leave early.
- B) You must leave early.
- C) You should leave early.
- D) You can have left early.

Answer: A

20. Choose the correct form of “let” in a causative sense.

- A) They let him to enter.
- B) They let him entering.
- C) They let him enter.
- D) They letting him enter.

Answer: C

21. Identify the sentence expressing a weak possibility.

- A) It must rain today.
- B) It might rain today.

- C) It has to rain today.
- D) It should rain today.

Answer: B

22. Choose the correct causative with “get.”

- A) I got him finish the job.
- B) I got him to finish the job.
- C) I got him finished the job.
- D) I got him finishing the job.

Answer: B

23. Which sentence expresses advice?

- A) You can work harder.
- B) You must work harder.
- C) You should work harder.
- D) You may work harder.

Answer: C

24. Identify the correct causative with “have.”

- A) I had the teacher to check my work.
- B) I had the teacher checking my work.
- C) I had the teacher check my work.
- D) I had the teacher checked my work.

Answer: C

25. Choose the correct modal to express past ability.

- A) When I was young, I could swim fast.
- B) When I was young, I can swim fast.
- C) When I was young, I may swim fast.
- D) When I was young, I must swim fast.

Answer: A

26. Identify the grammatically correct sentence.

- A) He ought follow the rules.
- B) He ought to follow the rules.
- C) He ought to follows the rules.
- D) He oughts to follow the rules.

Answer: B

27. Choose the correct causative meaning “forced action.”

- A) The rain made us cancel the trip.
- B) The rain let us cancel the trip.
- C) The rain had us cancel the trip.
- D) The rain got us to cancel the trip.

Answer: A

28. Which expresses strong logical deduction?

- A) He might be at home.

- B) He could be at home.
- C) He must be at home.
- D) He may be at home.

Answer: C

29. Identify the correct causative with “help.”

- A) She helped me to finishing the report.
- B) She helped me finish the report.
- C) She helped me to finished the report.
- D) She helped me finished the report.

Answer: B

30. Choose the correct modal for polite request.

- A) Must you pass me the book?
- B) Will you pass me the book?
- C) May you pass me the book?
- D) Would you pass me the book?

Answer: D

31. Choose the correct sentence.

- A) He can to solve the problem.
- B) He can solve the problem.
- C) He cans solve the problem.
- D) He can solving the problem.

Answer: B

32. Identify the sentence with causative “have” showing arranged action.

- A) I had my brother to repair the computer.
- B) I had my brother repairing the computer.
- C) I had my brother repair the computer.
- D) I had my brother repaired the computer.

Answer: C

33. Identify the sentence with a dangling modifier.

- A) While walking to the station, I saw an old friend.
- B) After opening the door, the cat ran outside.
- C) Before leaving the class, she submitted her assignment.
- D) To complete the task, he stayed up late.

Answer: B

34. Choose the corrected version of the dangling modifier.

- X Running quickly, the gate seemed far away.
- A) Running quickly, I felt the gate was far away.
 - B) I felt the gate was far away, running quickly.
 - C) The gate seemed far away as running quickly.
 - D) Running quickly made the gate seem far away.

Answer: A

35. Identify the sentence without a dangling modifier.

- A) To win the match, practice was essential.
- B) While swimming in the lake, a fish bit my toe.
- C) After finishing the homework, the TV was turned on.
- D) Before entering the room, I knocked twice.

Answer: D

36. Which sentence contains a dangling participle?

- A) Hoping to impress the teacher, the essay was rewritten.
- B) Hoping to impress the teacher, he rewrote the essay.
- C) He rewrote the essay to impress the teacher.
- D) To impress the teacher, he rewrote the essay.

Answer: A

37. Identify the grammatically correct sentence.

- A) While climbing the hill, the bags became heavier.
- B) While climbing the hill, we felt the bags become heavier.
- C) Climbing the hill, the bags felt heavier.
- D) The bags were heavier while climbing the hill.

Answer: B

38. Choose the dangling modifier error.

- A) After talking for hours, we decided to leave.
- B) While driving to work, the rain started falling heavily.
- C) Before starting the project, he made a plan.
- D) To improve her grades, she began studying daily.

Answer: B

39. Choose the corrected form.

- ✗ Traveling through the forest, the sounds seemed mysterious.
- A) The sounds seemed mysterious while traveling through the forest.
 - B) Traveling through the forest made the sounds seem mysterious.
 - C) Traveling through the forest, we found the sounds mysterious.
 - D) The sounds were mysterious traveling through the forest.

Answer: C

40. Which one is free of dangling modifier?

- A) While washing the dishes, a glass slipped from my hand.
- B) After preparing dinner, the guests arrived.
- C) Hoping to find a seat, he entered the hall quickly.
- D) To avoid traffic, the road was taken.

Answer: C

41. Identify the dangling modifier.

- A) To complete the training, he practiced daily.
- B) Walking in the moonlight, the river looked silver.
- C) Before submitting the form, she checked the details.
- D) While taking rest, he drank some water.

Answer: B

42. Choose the correct sentence.

- A) Wanting to improve our English, a course was taken.
- B) We took a course wanting to improve our English.
- C) A course was taken by us wanting to improve our English.
- D) Wanting to improve our English, it was necessary to take a course.

Answer: B

43. Pick the sentence with NO dangling modifier.

- A) Before eating the food, the table was cleaned.
- B) To avoid confusion, the instructions were repeated.
- C) After entering the library, silence must be maintained.
- D) Running fast, the finish line appeared closer.

Answer: B

44. Identify the clearest corrected version.

- ✗ Turning the corner, the building came into view.
- A) Turning the corner, the building was visible.
 - B) Turning the corner, I saw the building come into view.
 - C) The building came into view turning the corner.
 - D) The corner was turned, and the building came into view.

Answer: B

45. Spot the dangling modifier.

- A) To make the picture better, he edited the lighting.
- B) While jogging in the morning, the breeze felt cool.
- C) After cleaning the room, she felt relaxed.
- D) Hoping for the best, they submitted the form.

Answer: B

46. Choose the correct sentence.

- A) Walking down the lane, the flowers smelled sweet.
- B) Walking down the lane, I smelled the sweet flowers.
- C) The flowers smelled sweet walking down the lane.
- D) The flowers were smelled sweet walking.

Answer: B

47. Which sentence has a dangling modifier?

- A) By practicing regularly, you will master the skill.
- B) To reach the destination, more directions were needed.
- C) Before signing the paper, he read it twice.
- D) After resting for a while, they continued the journey.

Answer: B

48. Pick the correct improved sentence.

- ✗ To finish the job, more workers were hired.
- A) More workers were hired to finish the job.

- B) To finish the job, they hired more workers.
- C) They hired more workers to finish the job.
- D) To finish the job, hiring more workers was necessary.

Answer: C

49. Choose the correct meaning of the proverb: "A stitch in time saves nine."

- A) Delaying work increases the reward
- B) Timely action prevents bigger problems
- C) Proper planning ensures success
- D) Time is more valuable than work

Answer: B

50. Select the best translation: "He hit the nail on the head."

- A) He spoke accurately and precisely
- B) He made a terrible mistake
- C) He started a difficult task
- D) He reached the wrong conclusion

Answer: A

51. The proverb "Birds of a feather flock together" means—

- A) Birds stay with their families
- B) People of similar nature stay together
- C) Everyone prefers company
- D) Friends often disagree

Answer: B

52. Translate the expression: "Burning the midnight oil."

- A) Wasting time at night
- B) Working late into the night
- C) Doing unnecessary tasks
- D) Staying awake without purpose

Answer: B

53. "Don't cry over spilt milk" means—

- A) Regretting the past is useless
- B) You must fix your mistakes
- C) Milk is more valuable than time
- D) Do not waste food

Answer: A

54. Choose the correct meaning of: "Every cloud has a silver lining."

- A) Hope exists in every difficult situation
- B) Clouds always bring rain
- C) Sadness leads to happiness
- D) Good times return after storms

Answer: A

55. Translate: "He turned a blind eye."

- A) He ignored something intentionally
- B) He became blind suddenly
- C) He felt afraid to see
- D) He misunderstood the situation

Answer: A

56. The proverb “Better late than never” implies—

- A) Being late is always wrong
- B) It is better to finish than to start
- C) Doing something late is better than not doing it
- D) Delay improves results

Answer: C

57. “He left no stone unturned” means—

- A) He destroyed everything
- B) He tried every possible way
- C) He wasted all his energy
- D) He worked without a plan

Answer: B

58. Translated meaning of: “He broke the ice.”

- A) He caused tension
- B) He ended an uncomfortable silence
- C) He damaged something accidentally
- D) He became emotional

Answer: B

59. Meaning of the proverb: “A friend in need is a friend indeed.”

- A) A friend is always necessary
- B) True friends never argue
- C) A real friend helps during hardship
- D) Friendship depends on time

Answer: C

60. Choose the correct translation: “A drop in the ocean.”

- A) Something completely useless
- B) An effort that creates more problems
- C) Something extremely small compared to what is needed
- D) A benefit with no purpose

Answer: C

61. Synonym of Jeopardize

- A) Secure
- B) Endanger
- C) Restore
- D) Protect

Answer: B

62. Synonym of Jubilant

- A) Miserable
- B) Joyful
- C) Nervous
- D) Silent

Answer: B

63. Synonym of Judicious

- A) Wise
- B) Reckless
- C) Careless
- D) Partial

Answer: A

64. Synonym of Kindle

- A) Extinguish
- B) Ignite
- C) Suppress
- D) Deny

Answer: B

65. Synonym of Keen

- A) Dull
- B) Sharp
- C) Slow
- D) Weak

Answer: B

66. Synonym of Luscious

- A) Tasteless
- B) Delicious
- C) Ordinary
- D) Toxic

Answer: B

67. Synonym of Lucid

- A) Confusing
- B) Clear
- C) Dark
- D) Shallow

Answer: B

68. Synonym of Mendacious

- A) Truthful
- B) Honest
- C) Lying
- D) Straightforward

Answer: C

69. Synonym of Morbid

- A) Cheerful
- B) Healthy
- C) Gruesome
- D) Mild

Answer: C

70. Synonym of Notorious

- A) Famous
- B) Ill-famed
- C) Popular
- D) Celebrated

Answer: B

71. Synonym of Negligible

- A) Significant
- B) Trivial
- C) Immense
- D) Clear

Answer: B

72. Synonym of Obsolete

- A) Modern
- B) Current
- C) Outdated
- D) Active

Answer: C

73. Synonym of Obstinate

- A) Flexible
- B) Stubborn
- C) Soft
- D) Gentle

Answer: B

74. Synonym of Plausible

- A) Presentable
- B) Unacceptable
- C) Believable
- D) Impossible

Answer: C

75. Synonym of Prudent

- A) Foolish
- B) Wise
- C) Risky
- D) Vague

Answer: B

76. Synonym of Quell

- A) Encourage
- B) Suppress
- C) Motivate
- D) Develop

Answer: B

77. Synonym of Reiterate

- A) Modify
- B) Repeat
- C) Avoid
- D) Reverse

Answer: B

78. Synonym of Robust

- A) Weak
- B) Strong
- C) Slow
- D) Fragile

Answer: B

79. Synonym of Sporadic

- A) Regular
- B) Continuous
- C) Occasional
- D) Permanent

Answer: C

80. Synonym of Taciturn

- A) Talkative
- B) Noisy
- C) Silent
- D) Cheerful

Answer: C

81. Choose the correctly spelled word:

- A) Jenuine
- B) Genuine
- C) Geneuin
- D) Genunine

Answer: B

82. Correct spelling of the word meaning “joyful”:

- A) Jubilant
- B) Jubillant
- C) Jubeleant

D) Jubielant

Answer: A

83. Correct spelling:

A) Knowledgeable

B) Knowlegeable

C) Knolegeable

D) Knowledgable

Answer: A

84. Correct spelling:

A) Leisure

B) Liesure

C) Leasure

D) Leizure

Answer: A

85. Correct spelling:

A) Liaison

B) Liasion

C) Lieson

D) Liyason

Answer: A

86. Correct spelling:

A) Magnificent

B) Magnifiscent

C) Magnificant

D) Magnifisient

Answer: A

87. Correct spelling:

A) Maintenance

B) Maintanance

C) Maintenence

D) Maintinance

Answer: A

88. Correct spelling:

A) Necessary

B) Necesary

C) Neccessary

D) Nesesery

Answer: A

89. Correct spelling:

A) Noticeable

B) Noticable

C) Noticeable

D) Notisable

Answer: A

90. Correct spelling:

A) Occurrence

B) Ocurrence

C) Occurence

D) Occurans

Answer: A

91. Correct spelling:

A) Opportunity

B) Oppurtunity

C) Oppertunity

D) Oportunity

Answer: A

92. Correct spelling:

A) Parallel

B) Paralel

C) Parallel

D) Paraleel

Answer: A

93. Correct spelling:

A) Peculiar

B) Peculair

C) Peculier

D) Peculyar

Answer: A

94. Correct spelling:

A) Perseverance

B) Perserverance

C) Perseverence

D) Persiverance

Answer: A

95. Correct spelling:

A) Possession

B) Posession

C) Possesion

D) Posesion

Answer: A

96. Correct spelling:

A) Questionnaire

- B) Questionaire
- C) Quastionnaire
- D) Questionnare

Answer: A

97. Correct spelling:

- A) Recommend
- B) Reccommend
- C) Recomend
- D) Recccomend

Answer: A

98. Correct spelling:

- A) Restaurant
- B) Resturant
- C) Restauraunt
- D) Restaurrant

Answer: A

99. Correct spelling:

- A) Successful
- B) Succesful
- C) Successfull
- D) Sucsessful

Answer: A

100. Correct spelling:

- A) Tomorrow
- B) Tommorow
- C) Tomorow
- D) Tomorrah

Answer: A