```
In [ ]:
            ## Name: Anmol Dhar
            ## Roll no: I4113
            ##Subject:LP-IV(DL)
  In [1]:
            import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
            import seaborn as sns
            import matplotlib as mpl
            import matplotlib.pylab as pylab
            import numpy as np
            %matplotlib inline
  In [2]:
            #Data Prepration
            import re
  In [3]:
            sentences = """We are about to study the idea of a computational process.
            Computational processes are abstract beings that inhabit computers.
            As they evolve, processes manipulate other abstract things called data.
            The evolution of a process is directed by a pattern of rules
            called a program. People create programs to direct processes. In effect,
            we conjure the spirits of the computer with our spells."""
          Clean Data
  In [4]:
            # remove special characters
            sentences = re.sub('[^A-Za-z0-9]+', ' ', sentences)
            # remove 1 letter words
            sentences = re.sub(r'(?:^|)\w(?:$|)', '', sentences).strip()
            # lower all characters
            sentences = sentences.lower()
          Vocabulary
  In [5]:
            words = sentences.split()
            vocab = set(words)
  In [6]:
            vocab_size = len(vocab)
            embed_dim = 10
            context_size = 2
          Implementation
  In [7]:
            word_to_ix = {word: i for i, word in enumerate(vocab)}
            ix_to_word = {i: word for i, word in enumerate(vocab)}
           Data bags
  In [8]:
            # data - [(context), target]
            data = []
            for i in range(2, len(words) - 2):
Loading [MathJax]/extenstonstSet/etjs= [words[i - 2], words[i - 1], words[i + 1], words[i + 2]]
```

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target = words[i]
              data.append((context, target))
          print(data[:5])
          [(['we', 'are', 'to', 'study'], 'about'), (['are', 'about', 'study', 'the'], 'to'), (['abo
         ut', 'to', 'the', 'idea'], 'study'), (['to', 'study', 'idea', 'of'], 'the'), (['study', 'the', 'computational'], 'idea')]
         Embeddings
In [9]:
          embeddings = np.random.random_sample((vocab_size, embed_dim))
         Linear Model
In [10]:
          def linear(m, theta):
              w = theta
               return m.dot(w)
         Log softmax + NLLloss = Cross Entropy
In [11]:
          def log_softmax(x):
              e_x = np.exp(x - np.max(x))
               return np.log(e_x / e_x.sum())
In [12]:
          def NLLLoss(logs, targets):
              out = logs[range(len(targets)), targets]
               return -out.sum()/len(out)
In [13]:
          def log_softmax_crossentropy_with_logits(logits, target):
              out = np.zeros_like(logits)
               out[np.arange(len(logits)), target] = 1
               softmax = np.exp(logits) / np.exp(logits).sum(axis=-1, keepdims=True)
               return (- out + softmax) / logits.shape[0]
         Forward function
In [14]:
          def forward(context_idxs, theta):
              m = embeddings[context_idxs].reshape(1, -1)
              n = linear(m, theta)
              o = log_softmax(n)
               return m, n, o
         Backward function
In [15]:
          def backward(preds, theta, target_idxs):
              m, n, o = preds
              dlog = log_softmax_crossentropy_with_logits(n, target_idxs)
               dw = m.T.dot(dlog)
               return dw
```

Optimize function

```
def optimize(theta, grad, lr=0.03):
    theta -= grad * lr
    return theta
```

Training

```
In [17]: #Genrate training data
    theta = np.random.uniform(-1, 1, (2 * context_size * embed_dim, vocab_size))

In [18]: epoch_losses = {}
    for epoch in range(80):
        losses = []
        for context, target in data:
            context_idxs = np.array([word_to_ix[w] for w in context])
            preds = forward(context_idxs, theta)

            target_idxs = np.array([word_to_ix[target]])
            losses = NLLLoss(preds[-1], target_idxs)

            losses.append(loss)
            grad = backward(preds, theta, target_idxs)
            theta = optimize(theta, grad, lr=0.03)
```

Analyze

Plot loss/epoch

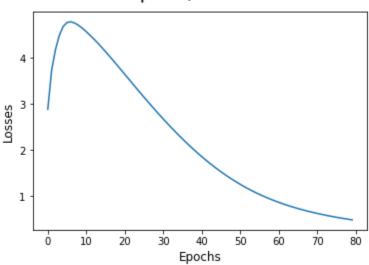
Out[19]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Losses')

epoch_losses[epoch] = losses

```
in [19]:
    ix = np.arange(0,80)

fig = plt.figure()
    fig.suptitle('Epoch/Losses', fontsize=20)
    plt.plot(ix,[epoch_losses[i][0] for i in ix])
    plt.xlabel('Epochs', fontsize=12)
    plt.ylabel('Losses', fontsize=12)
```

Epoch/Losses



Predict function

```
In [20]:
           def predict(words):
               context_idxs = np.array([word_to_ix[w] for w in words])
               preds = forward(context_idxs, theta)
               word = ix_to_word[np.argmax(preds[-1])]
               return word
In [21]:
           # (['we', 'are', 'to', 'study'], 'about')
predict(['we', 'are', 'to', 'study'])
          'about'
Out[21]:
         Accuracy
In [22]:
           def accuracy():
               wrong = 0
               for context, target in data:
                    if(predict(context) != target):
                        wrong += 1
               return (1 - (wrong / len(data)))
In [23]:
           accuracy()
Out[23]: 1.0
In [24]:
           predict(['processes', 'manipulate', 'things', 'study'])
          'effect'
Out[24]:
 In [ ]:
```