	## Name: Anmol Dhar
In [1]:	<pre>## Roll no: I4113 ## Subject:LP-IV(DL) import pandas as pd</pre>
	<pre>import numpy as np import tensorflow as tf import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split</pre>
	<pre>from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, recall_score, accuracy_score, precision_score RANDOM_SEED = 2021 TEST_PCT = 0.3</pre>
In [2]:	<pre>LABELS = ["Normal", "Fraud"] dataset = pd.read_csv("creditcard.csv")</pre>
In [3]:	<pre>#check for any null values print("Any nulls in the dataset",dataset.isnull().values.any()) print('') print("No. of unique labels",len(dataset['Class'].unique())) print("Label values",dataset.Class.unique())</pre>
	#0 is for normal credit card transcation #1 is for fraudulent credit card transcation print('') print("Break down of Normal and Fraud Transcations")
	<pre>print(pd.value_counts(dataset['Class'], sort=True)) Any nulls in the dataset False No. of unique labels 2 Label values [0 1]</pre>
	Break down of Normal and Fraud Transcations 0 284315 1 492 Name: Class, dtype: int64
In [4]:	<pre>#visualizing the imbalanced dataset count_classes = pd.value_counts(dataset['Class'], sort=True) count_classes.plot(kind='bar', rot=0) plt.xticks(range(len(dataset['Class'].unique())), dataset.Class.unique()) plt.title("Frequency by observation number")</pre>
Out[4]:	<pre>plt.xlabel("Class") plt.ylabel("Number of Observations") Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Observations')</pre>
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In [4]:	<pre>#Save the normal and fradulent transcations in seperate dataframe normal_dataset = dataset[dataset.Class == 0] fraud_dataset = dataset[dataset.Class == 1]</pre>
	<pre>#Visualize transcation amounts for normal and fraudulent transcations bins = np.linspace(200,2500,100) plt.hist(normal_dataset.Amount,bins=bins,alpha=1,density=True,label='Normal') plt.hist(fraud_dataset.Amount,bins=bins,alpha=0.5,density=True,label='Fraud') plt.legend(loc='upper right') plt.title("Transcation Amount vs Percentage of Transcations")</pre>
	plt.xlabel("Transcation Amount (USD)") plt.ylabel("Percentage of Transcations") plt.show() Transcation Amount vs Percentage of Transcations
	0.005 - Normal Fraud
	0.003 - 0.002 - 0.003
	0.000 1000 1500 2000 2500 Transcation Amount (USD)
<pre>In [5]: Out[5]:</pre>	
	0 0.0 -1.359807 -0.072781 2.536347 1.378155 -0.338321 0.462388 0.239599 0.098698 0.363787 -0.018307 0.277838 -0.110474 0.066928 0.128539 -0.189115 0.133558 -0.021053 149.62 0 1 0.0 1.191857 0.266151 0.166480 0.448154 0.060018 -0.082361 -0.078803 0.085102 -0.255425 -0.225775 -0.638672 0.101288 -0.339846 0.167170 0.125895 -0.008983 0.014724 2.69 0 2 1.0 -1.358354 -1.340163 1.773209 0.379780 -0.503198 1.800499 0.791461 0.247676 -1.514654 0.247998 0.771679 0.909412 -0.689281 -0.327642 -0.139097 -0.055353 -0.059752 378.66 0 3 1.0 -0.966272 -0.185226 1.792993 -0.863291 -0.010309 1.247203 0.237609 0.377436 -1.387024 -0.108300 0.005274 -0.190321 -1.175575 0.647376 -0.221929 0.06272
	4 2.0 -1.158233 0.877737 1.548718 0.403034 -0.407193 0.095921 0.592941 -0.270533 0.817739 -0.009431 0.798278 -0.137458 0.141267 -0.206010 0.502292 0.219422 0.215153 69.99 0 4
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In [6]:	284807 rows × 31 columns sc = StandardScaler()
In [7]:	<pre>dataset['Time'] = sc.fit_transform(dataset['Time'].values.reshape(-1,1)) dataset['Amount'] = sc.fit_transform(dataset['Amount'].values.reshape(-1,1)) raw_data = dataset.values</pre>
	#The last element contains if the transcation is normal which is represented by 0 and if fraud then 1 labels = raw_data[:,-1] #The other data points are the electrocadriogram data data = raw_data[:,0:-1]
In [8]:	<pre>train_data, test_data, train_labels, test_labels = train_test_split(data, labels, test_size = 0.2, random_state =2021) min_val = tf.reduce_min(train_data) max_val = tf.reduce_max(train_data)</pre>
	<pre>train_data = (train_data - min_val) / (max_val - min_val) test_data = (test_data - min_val) / (max_val - min_val) train_data = tf.cast(train_data,tf.float32)</pre>
In [9]:	<pre>test_data = tf.cast(test_data, tf.float32) train_labels = train_labels.astype(bool) test_labels = test_labels.astype(bool)</pre>
	<pre>#Creating normal and fraud datasets normal_train_data = train_data[~train_labels] normal_test_data = test_data[~test_labels] fraud_train_data = train_data[train_labels]</pre>
	fraud_test_data = test_data[test_labels] print("No. of records in Fraud Train Data=",len(fraud_train_data)) print("No. of records in Normal Train Data=",len(normal_train_data)) print("No. of records in Fraud Test Data=",len(fraud_test_data)) print("No. of records in Normal Test Data=",len(normal_test_data)) print("No. of records in Normal Test Data=",len(normal_test_data))
	No. of records in Fraud Train Data= 389 No. of records in Normal Train Data= 227456 No. of records in Fraud Test Data= 103 No. of records in Normal Test Data= 56859
In [10]:	<pre>nb_epoch = 50 batch_size = 64 input_dim = normal_train_data.shape[1] #num of columns, 30 encoding_dim = 14</pre>
In [11]:	hidden_dim1 = int(encoding_dim / 2) hidden_dim2 = 4 learning_rate = 1e-7
111 [11].	<pre>#input layer input_layer = tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=(input_dim,)) #Encoder encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(encoding_dim,activation="tanh",activity_regularizer = tf.keras.regularizers.l2(learning_rate))(input_layer) encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(encoder)</pre>
	<pre>encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden_dim1,activation='relu')(encoder) encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden_dim2,activation=tf.nn.leaky_relu)(encoder) #Decoder decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden_dim1,activation='relu')(encoder) decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden_dim1,activation='relu')(encoder)</pre>
	<pre>decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(decoder) decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(encoding_dim, activation='relu')(decoder) decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(input_dim, activation='tanh')(decoder) #Autoencoder autoencoder = tf.keras.Model(inputs = input_layer, outputs = decoder)</pre>
	autoencoder = tr.keras.Model(inputs = input_tayer, outputs = decoder) autoencoder.summary() Model: "model" Layer (type) Output Shape Param #
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