Day2

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1. Agenda

- Point-to-point communication
- Synchronous and Asynchronous calls
- Non-blocking calls
- Sum using p2p communication

2. Scripts

2.1. compile script

2.2. run script

```
#!/bin/sh
#source /opt/ohpc/pub/apps/spack/share/spack/setup-env.sh
#spack load gcc/5i5y5cbc
source ~/git/spack/share/spack/setup-env.sh
spack load openmpi
cmd="mpirun -np $2 $1"
echo "------
echo "Command executed: $cmd"
echo "########
                OUTPUT
echo
mpirun -np $2 $1
echo
```

3. MPI Communication: Synchronous and Asynchronous

3.1. Synchronous Communication using MPI_{Send} and MPI_{Recv}

In synchronous communication, the send operation does not complete until the matching receive operation has been started.

3.1.1. mpi_{sync.c}

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
    int rank;
    MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &rank);
    int size;
    MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &size);
    if (size < 2) {
        fprintf(stderr, "World size must be greater than 1 for this example\n");
        MPI_Abort(MPI COMM WORLD, 1);
    }
    int number;
    if (rank == 0) {
        number = -1:
        MPI Send(&number, 1, MPI INT, 1, 0, MPI COMM WORLD);
        printf("Process 0 sent number %d to process 1\n", number);
    } else if (rank == 1) {
        MPI Recv(&number, 1, MPI INT, 0, 0, MPI COMM WORLD, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
        printf("Process 1 received number %d from process 0\n", number);
    }
    MPI Finalize();
    return 0;
```

3.1.2. Compilation and Execution (Synchronous)

• Compile the program:

```
bash compile.sh mpi_sync.c

Command executed: mpicc mpi_sync.c -o mpi_sync.out

Compilation successful. Check at mpi_sync.out
```

• Run the program:

3.2. Asynchronous Communication using MPI_{Isend} and MPI_{Irecv}

In asynchronous communication, the send operation can complete before the matching receive operation

starts. Non-blocking operations allow computation and communication to overlap.

3.2.1. mpiasync.c

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
    int rank;
    MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &rank);
    int size;
    MPI Comm size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
    if (size < 2) {
        fprintf(stderr, "World size must be greater than 1 for this example\n");
        MPI Abort(MPI COMM WORLD, 1);
    }
    int number;
    if (rank == 0) {
        number = -1;
        MPI Request request;
       MPI Isend(&number, 1, MPI INT, 1, 0, MPI COMM WORLD, &request);
        //MPI Wait(&request, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
        printf("Process 0 sent number %d to process 1\n", number);
    } else if (rank == 1) {
       MPI Request request;
       MPI_Irecv(&number, 1, MPI_INT, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &request);
       MPI Wait(&request, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
        printf("Process 1 received number %d from process 0\n", number);
    }
    MPI Finalize();
    return 0;
}
```

3.2.2. Compilation and Execution (Asynchronous)

• Compile the program:

```
bash compile.sh mpi_async.c
```

```
Command executed: mpicc mpi_async.c -o mpi_async.out
Compilation successful. Check at mpi_async.out
```

• Run the program:

4. MPI Array Sum Calculation Example

4.1. mpi_{arraysum.c}

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
```

```
int world rank:
MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &world rank);
int world size;
MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &world size);
int n = 10000; // Size of the array
int *arrav = NULL:
int chunk size = n / world size;
int *sub array = (int*)malloc(chunk size * sizeof(int));
if (world rank == 0) {
    array = (int*)malloc(n * sizeof(int));
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        array[i] = i + 1; // Initialize the array with values 1 to n
    }
    // Distribute chunks of the array to other processes
    for (int i = 1; i < world size; i++) {
        MPI Send(array + i * chunk size, chunk size, MPI INT, i, 0, MPI COMM WORLD);
    }
    // Copy the first chunk to sub array
    for (int i = 0; i < \text{chunk size}; i++) {
        sub array[i] = array[i];
} else {
    // Receive chunk of the array
    MPI Recv(sub array, chunk size, MPI_INT, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
}
// Compute the local sum
int local sum = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < \text{chunk size}; i++) {
    local sum += sub array[i];
}
if (world rank != 0) {
    // Send local sum to process 0
    MPI Send(&local sum, 1, MPI INT, 0, 0, MPI COMM WORLD);
} else {
    // Process 0 receives the local sums and computes the final sum
    int final sum = local sum;
    int temp sum;
    for (int i = 1; i < world size; i++) {
        MPI Recv(&temp sum, 1, MPI INT, i, 0, MPI COMM WORLD, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
        final sum += temp sum;
```

```
printf("The total sum of array elements is %d\n", final_sum);

free(sub_array);
if (world_rank == 0) {
    free(array);
}

MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
}
```

4.2. Compilation and Execution

• Compile the program:

```
Command executed: mpicc mpi_array_sum.c -o mpi_array_sum.out

Compilation successful. Check at mpi_array_sum.out
```

• Run the program:

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
    int rank:
   MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &rank);
    int size;
    MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &size);
    if (size < 2) {
        fprintf(stderr, "World size must be greater than 1 for this example\n");
        MPI Abort(MPI COMM WORLD, 1);
    }
    int number;
    if (rank == 0) {
        number = 100:
        MPI Send(&number, 1, MPI INT, 1, 0, MPI COMM WORLD);
        printf("Process 0 sent number %d to process 1\n", number);
       MPI Recv(&number, 1, MPI INT, 1, 0, MPI COMM WORLD, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
        printf("Process 0 received number %d from process 1\n", number);
    } else if (rank == 1) {
        MPI Recv(&number, 1, MPI INT, 0, 0, MPI COMM WORLD, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
       printf("Process 1 received number %d from process 0\n", number);
        number = 200;
       MPI Send(&number, 1, MPI INT, 0, 0, MPI COMM WORLD);
        printf("Process 1 sent number %d to process 0\n", number);
    } else{
        printf("I am process %d and I have nothing to do\n", rank);
    }
    MPI Finalize();
    return 0:
```

```
bash compile.sh task1.c
```

```
Command executed: mpicc task1.c -o task1.out
Compilation successful. Check at task1.out
```

```
bash run.sh ./task1.out 2
```

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);

    int rank;
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
    int size;
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
```

```
if (size < 2) {
        fprintf(stderr, "World size must be greater than 1 for this example\n");
        MPI Abort(MPI COMM WORLD, 1);
    }
    int number1, number2;
    if (rank == 0) {
        number1 = 100;
        number2 = 200;
        MPI Send(&number1, 1, MPI INT, 1, 0, MPI COMM WORLD);
       MPI Send(&number2. 1. MPI INT. 1. 2. MPI COMM WORLD):
        printf("Process 0 sent number %d to process 1\n", number1);
        printf("Process 0 sent number %d to process 1\n", number2);
    } else if (rank == 1) {
        MPI Recv(&number1, 1, MPI INT, 0, 0, MPI COMM WORLD, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
        MPI Recv(&number2, 1, MPI INT, 0, 2, MPI COMM WORLD, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
        printf("Process 1 received number %d from process 0\n", number1);
        printf("Process 1 received number %d from process 0\n", number2);
    } else{
        printf("I am process %d and I have nothing to do\n", rank);
    MPI Finalize();
    return 0;
}
```

```
bash compile.sh task2.c
```

```
Command executed: mpicc task2.c -o task2.out
Compilation successful. Check at task2.out
```

```
bash run.sh ./task2.out 2
```

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
    int rank;
    MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &rank);
    int size;
    MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &size);
    if (size < 2) {
        fprintf(stderr, "World size must be greater than 1 for this example\n");
        MPI Abort(MPI COMM WORLD, 1);
    }
    int number1, number2;
    if (rank == 0) {
        number1 = 100;
        number2 = 200;
        MPI Request request:
       MPI Isend(&number1, 1, MPI INT, 1, 0, MPI COMM WORLD, &request);
        MPI Isend(&number2, 1, MPI INT, 1, 0, MPI COMM WORLD, &request);
        printf("Process 0 sent number %d to process 1\n", number1);
        printf("Process 0 sent number %d to process 1\n", number2);
    } else if (rank == 1) {
        MPI Request request:
        MPI Irecv(&number1, 1, MPI INT, 0, 0, MPI COMM WORLD, &request);
       MPI Wait(&request, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
        MPI Irecv(&number2, 1, MPI INT, 0, 0, MPI COMM WORLD, &request);
```

```
MPI_Wait(&request, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
    printf("Process 1 received number %d from process 0\n", number1);
    printf("Process 1 received number %d from process 0\n", number2);
} else{
    printf("I am process %d and I have nothing to do\n", rank);
}

MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}
```

```
Compilation successful. Check at task3.out
```

```
bash run.sh ./task3.out 2
```

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define N 10000
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    int arr[N];
    for(int i = 0; i < N; i++){
        arr[i] = i + 1;
    MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
    int rank;
    MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &rank);
    int size:
    MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &size);
    int chunksize = N / size;
   int start = chunksize * rank;
    int end = (rank + 1) * chunksize;
    if (size < 2) {
        fprintf(stderr, "World size must be greater than 1 for this example\n");
       MPI Abort(MPI COMM WORLD, 1);
   }
    int localSum = 0;
    for(int i = start; i < end; i++){
        localSum+= arr[i];
    if(rank != 0){
       MPI Send(&localSum, 1, MPI INT, 0, 0, MPI COMM WORLD);
    if (rank == 0) {
        int totalSum = 0;
        totalSum += localSum;
        for(int i = 1; i < size; i++){
            MPI Recv(&localSum, 1, MPI INT, i, 0, MPI COMM WORLD, MPI STATUS IGNORE);
            totalSum += localSum;
        printf("Total sum = %d\n", totalSum);
    }
    MPI Finalize();
    return 0;
```

bash compile.sh task4.c

Command executed: mpicc task4.c -o task4.out
Compilation successful. Check at task4.out

bash run.sh ./task4.out 10

Author: Abhishek Raj

Created: 2024-07-03 Wed 07:05