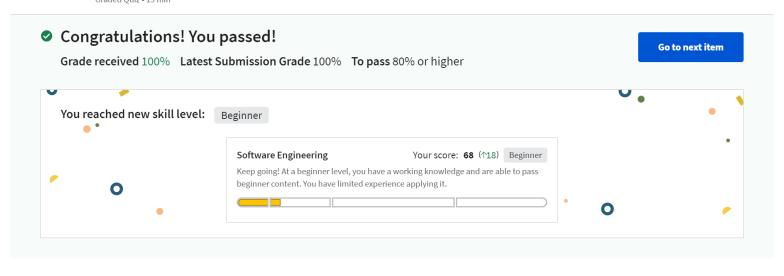


git-pull downstream



1.	What happens if you make a change on a repository branch that you don't own?	1/1 point
	GitHub undoes the changes. GitHub generates an error message. GitHub issues a push request for the owner. GitHub makes a pull request.	
	Correct GitHub automatically makes a pull request on your behalf if you make a change on a repository branch that you do not own.	
2.	You need to run three commands to push local changes to the GitHub repository. What is the third command?  git-commit -m  git-push  git-add  git-remove -v	1/1 point
	Correct The third command needed to push local changes to the GitHub repository is git-push.	
3.	What are three commonly used commands for working with remote repositories?  Create, delete, copy  open, close, send  open, edit, push  push, pull, fetch	1/1 point
	Correct Three commonly used operations for working with remote repositories are push, pull, and fetch.	
4.	When managing forks, which command can you use to fetch and merge the remote branch in a single step?	1/1 point

	O Bicliettal abotteani	
	git-pull upstream	
	O git-merge upstream/master	
	<ul> <li>Correct</li> <li>When managing forks, you can use the git-pull upstream command to fetch and merge the remote branch in a single step.</li> </ul>	
_	Which command can a repository administrator use to allow anonymous downloads from repositories?	
э.	which command can a repository administrator use to allow anonymous downloads from repositories:	1/1 point
	O git-am	
	⊚ git-daemon	
	O git-shell	
	O git-rerere	
	Correct A repository administrator can use the git-daemon command to allow anonymous downloads from repositories.	