

SURGICAL PATHOLOGY REPORT [SYNTHETIC]

ACCESSION #: UC-2025-63715

DATE OF PROCEDURE: 05/10/2025

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REQUESTING PHYSICIAN: Dr. Desiree Hurst, Gastroenterology

PATHOLOGIST: Dr. Marilyn Mitchell, Anatomic Pathology

CLINICAL HISTORY:

58 year old female with 6 month history of bloody diarrhea, abdominal pain, and urgency. Colonoscopy showed mild erythema and granularity limited to rectum and sigmoid colon. Clinical suspicion for ulcerative colitis.

SPECIMEN RECEIVED:

- A. Rectum, biopsy
- B. Sigmoid colon, biopsy
- C. Descending colon, biopsy
- D. Transverse colon, biopsy
- E. Ascending colon, biopsy
- F. Terminal ileum, biopsy

GROSS DESCRIPTION:

- A. Received in formalin labeled "rectum" are 4 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 3 mm in aggregate.
- B. Received in formalin labeled "sigmoid colon" are 2 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 4 mm in aggregate.
- C. Received in formalin labeled "descending colon" are 3 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 5 mm in aggregate.
- D. Received in formalin labeled "transverse colon" are 3 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 7 mm in aggregate.
- E. Received in formalin labeled "ascending colon" are 2 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 5 mm in aggregate.
- F. Received in formalin labeled "terminal ileum" are 2 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 6 mm in aggregate.

All specimens are entirely submitted in 5 cassette(s).

MICROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION:

- A. Rectal mucosa shows mild chronic colitis with focal cryptitis, focal crypt distortion. The inflammatory process is limited to the mucosa without evidence of granulomas.
- B. Sigmoid colonic mucosa shows minimal to mild inflammation with mild neutrophilic cryptitis, minimal crypt architectural distortion. The inflammatory process is limited to the mucosa without evidence of

granulomas.

C. Descending colonic mucosa shows minimal to mild inflammation with mild neutrophilic cryptitis, minimal crypt architectural distortion. The inflammatory process is limited to the mucosa without evidence of granulomas.

D. Transverse colonic mucosa shows mild chronic colitis with minimal cryptitis, mild architectural changes. The inflammatory process is limited to the mucosa without evidence of granulomas. Surface epithelium shows reactive changes

E. Ascending colonic mucosa shows mild chronic colitis with focal cryptitis, preserved crypt architecture. The inflammatory process is limited to the mucosa without evidence of granulomas. Basal plasmacytosis is prominent

F. Terminal ileal mucosa shows mild reactive changes. No evidence of chronic inflammatory bowel disease identified in this section.

DIAGNOSIS:

A. Rectum, biopsy:

- mild active chronic colitis with ['minimal crypt architectural distortion', 'focal crypt distortion', 'mild architectural changes', 'preserved crypt architecture']
- mild consistent with mild ulcerative colitis
- No dysplasia identified
- No evidence of cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection

B. Sigmoid colon, biopsy:

- mild active chronic colitis with ['minimal crypt architectural distortion', 'focal crypt distortion', 'mild architectural changes', 'preserved crypt architecture']
- mild consistent with mild ulcerative colitis
- No dysplasia identified

C-E. Descending, transverse, and ascending colon, biopsies:

- mild to moderate active chronic colitis with crypt architectural distortion
- Features consistent with mild ulcerative colitis
- No dysplasia identified

F. Terminal ileum, biopsy:

- Mild non-specific inflammation
- No evidence of inflammatory bowel disease

COMMENT:

The histologic findings show a pattern of continuous chronic active colitis with greatest severity in the distal colon and rectum, with relative sparing of the proximal colon. The absence of granulomas, transmural inflammation, and terminal ileal involvement are features favoring ulcerative colitis over Crohn's disease. Correlation with clinical, endoscopic, and radiologic findings is recommended for

definitive classification.

SPECIAL STUDIES:

No special stains were performed.

This is a synthetic educational pathology report created for AI training purposes. It does not represent a real patient case.