

# **SURGICAL PATHOLOGY REPORT [SYNTHETIC]**

ACCESSION #: UC-2025-21599

DATE OF PROCEDURE: 04/03/2025

DATE OF REPORT: 04/08/2025

REQUESTING PHYSICIAN: Dr. Desiree Hurst, Gastroenterology

PATHOLOGIST: Dr. Steven Barnes, Anatomic Pathology

## **CLINICAL HISTORY:**

41 year old female with recent onset history of bloody diarrhea, abdominal pain, and urgency. Colonoscopy showed mild erythema and granularity limited to rectum and sigmoid colon. Clinical suspicion for ulcerative colitis.

## **SPECIMEN RECEIVED:**

- A. Rectum, biopsy
- B. Sigmoid colon, biopsy
- C. Descending colon, biopsy
- D. Transverse colon, biopsy
- E. Ascending colon, biopsy
- F. Terminal ileum, biopsy

## **GROSS DESCRIPTION:**

- A. Received in formalin labeled "rectum" are 6 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 4 mm in aggregate.
- B. Received in formalin labeled "sigmoid colon" are 3 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 8 mm in aggregate.
- C. Received in formalin labeled "descending colon" are 6 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 3 mm in aggregate.
- D. Received in formalin labeled "transverse colon" are 6 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 4 mm in aggregate.
- E. Received in formalin labeled "ascending colon" are 3 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 5 mm in aggregate.
- F. Received in formalin labeled "terminal ileum" are 4 tan-pink tissue fragments measuring 6 mm in aggregate.

All specimens are entirely submitted in 6 cassette(s).

## **MICROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION:**

- A. Rectal mucosa shows mild active chronic inflammation with focal cryptitis, preserved crypt architecture. The inflammatory process is limited to the mucosa without evidence of granulomas. Mucosal edema and congestion are present

B. Sigmoid colonic mucosa shows mild chronic colitis with minimal cryptitis, mild architectural changes. The inflammatory process is limited to the mucosa without evidence of granulomas.

C. Descending colonic mucosa shows mild active chronic inflammation with mild neutrophilic cryptitis, focal crypt distortion. The inflammatory process is limited to the mucosa without evidence of granulomas. Reactive epithelial changes are seen adjacent to areas of active inflammation

D. Transverse colonic mucosa shows mild active chronic inflammation with mild neutrophilic cryptitis, minimal crypt architectural distortion. The inflammatory process is limited to the mucosa without evidence of granulomas. Occasional apoptotic bodies are present in crypts

E. Ascending colonic mucosa shows mild active chronic inflammation with minimal cryptitis, preserved crypt architecture. The inflammatory process is limited to the mucosa without evidence of granulomas.

F. Terminal ileal mucosa shows mild reactive changes. No evidence of chronic inflammatory bowel disease identified in this section.

#### DIAGNOSIS:

A. Rectum, biopsy:

- mild active chronic colitis with ['minimal crypt architectural distortion', 'focal crypt distortion', 'mild architectural changes', 'preserved crypt architecture']
- mild consistent with mild ulcerative colitis
- No dysplasia identified
- No evidence of cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection

B. Sigmoid colon, biopsy:

- mild active chronic colitis with ['minimal crypt architectural distortion', 'focal crypt distortion', 'mild architectural changes', 'preserved crypt architecture']
- mild consistent with mild ulcerative colitis
- No dysplasia identified

C-E. Descending, transverse, and ascending colon, biopsies:

- mild active chronic colitis with crypt architectural distortion
- Features consistent with mild ulcerative colitis
- No dysplasia identified

F. Terminal ileum, biopsy:

- Mild non-specific inflammation
- No evidence of inflammatory bowel disease

#### COMMENT:

The histologic findings show a pattern of continuous chronic active colitis with greatest severity in the distal colon and rectum, with relative sparing of the proximal colon. The absence of granulomas, transmural inflammation, and terminal ileal involvement are features favoring ulcerative colitis over Crohn's disease. Correlation with clinical, endoscopic, and radiologic findings is recommended for

definitive classification.

**SPECIAL STUDIES:**

No special stains were performed.

\_This is a synthetic educational pathology report created for AI training purposes. It does not represent a real patient case.\_