

## Anmol More – 11915043

Mach I –

- a. Net cash flow of Mach I project – Assuming, question is asking cash flows at year 0, also calculating discounted cash flows at year 0

Year	0	1	2	3	4	5
<b>After tax operating Cash flows</b>	-200	110	159	295	185	0
Discounted cash flows	-200.00	91.67	110.42	170.72	89.22	0.00
<b>Net Cash Flow</b>	<b>549</b>					
<b>Net Discounted Cash Flows</b>	<b>-262.02</b>					

- b. NPV of Mach I project – **70.48**

NET PRESENT VALUE						
Year	0	1	2	3	4	5
<b>After tax operating Cash flows</b>	-200	110	159	295	185	0
Discounted cash flows	-200.00	91.67	110.42	170.72	89.22	0.00
<b>PV(cash flows)</b>	<b>262.02</b>					
PV(capital expenditure)	-250					
Increase in Working Capital	0	50	100	100.00	-125	-125
Working Capital at Year 0	0.00	41.67	69.44	57.87	-60.28	-50.23
<b>PV (Working Capital)</b>	<b>58.47</b>					
<b>NPV</b>	<b>70.48</b>					
Cost of Capital	20%					

- c. 1. PV of cash flows is negative, so if working capital is not assured as assumed Blitz should not invest.  
 2. However, Blitz should invest – if expected working capital is most likely to be achieved and future risk remains same, then NPV becomes positive at 70.48, hence it should invest

## Mach II –

- a. Of what kind is the option to invest in Mach II – **It's a call option, because its option to invest further**
- b. Assuming Double of mach I ie. – R&D cost and capital expenditure both would double by year 3 - 200x2 – 250x2

**Underlying asset price,  $S_0 = 900 / (1.1^3) = 676.2$**

**Exercise Price,  $K = 800 / (1.1^3) = 601$**

- c. **Calculating by Black Scholes Model -**  
**Value of option =  $S_0 N(d1) - Ke^{-rT} N(d2)$**

$S_0$ , underlying asset price

K, exercise price

Sigma (standard deviation) = 35%

r, risk free rate of Interest = 10%

T, is the time to expiration of the option in years = ?

Where,

$N(d1) = .3739$

$N(d2) = .1767$

Therefore,

$d1 = -0.3215416$

$d2 = -0.9280146$

$d2 = d1 - \sigma \times \sqrt{T}$

$-0.9280146 = -0.3215416 - .35 \sqrt{T}$

$-.35 \sqrt{T} = -0.606473$

**T = 3 Years**

Therefore, substituting in black Scholes model –

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Value of option to invest} &= S_0 \times .3739 - K \times e^{(-.1 \times 3)} \times .1767 \\ &= S_0 \times .3739 - K \times 0.74081822 \times .1767 \\ &= S_0 \times .3739 - K \times 0.1309 \\ &= 174.1\end{aligned}$$

- d. As per calculations, we can afford to invest 174 or less, if it clears the uncertainty over future cash flows of Mach II  
**But, capital expenditure required in Mach I is 250, so I won't invest in Mach I as it is much more than value we are getting, ie. 174 out of that investment**