# Natural Language Processing (CSE4022)

# **NLP Hands on Activity**

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Topic: National Geographic Traveler Article Analysis

### Note:

The following document would contain my individual submission for the NatGeo traveler article similarity analysis hands on activity. Officially being a part of **Team 3**, the reason behind an individual submission would be the lack of coordination amidst the team members. We have had our share of problems being on the same page and delegating and distributing the tasks, and hence I decided to do it by myself and turn in an individual submission and I hope my case would be considered.

# Approach and pipeline:

- 1. Extract text from the given corpus.
- 2. Perform stop word removal.
- 3. Tokenization
- 4. Formulate the bag of words representation.
- 5. Tf-idf vectorization
- 6. Compute cosine similarity and find document rank.
- 7. Compute Euclidian Distance and document rank.
- 8. Formulate results

The approach I have followed here is taking a random article of hers and assuming she has written the same for our publication, whose similarity we will be computing with the given 4 articles to get an idea of the 'originality' of her articles. The similarity metrics used for this purpose are cosine similarity and Euclidian distance, coupled with tf-idf vectorizer for vectorization and the bag of words representation to represent the words in the form of a dataframe.

# **Code Snippets and Screenshots:**

```
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                import libraries
In [1]: from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
                document extraction and stopword removal
In [2]:
    def extract_doc(doc):
        f = open(doc,"r", encoding='utf-8')
        data = f.read()
        word_tokenize(data)
        stop_words = list(set(stopwords.words('english')))
                        filtered_sentence = []
stopwords_list = []
for w in word_tokens:
                            if w not in stop_words:
    filtered_sentence.append(w)
                                     stopwords_list.append(w)
                      return filtered_sentence
               d2 = extract_doc(r"c:\Users\anmol\Downloads\natgeo2.txt")
d3 = extract_doc(r"c:\Users\anmol\Downloads\natgeo3.txt")
d4 = extract_doc(r"c:\Users\anmol\Downloads\natgeo4.txt")
d5 = extract_doc(r"c:\Users\anmol\Downloads\natgeo4.txt")
                 bag of words representation
In [6]: import pandas as pd
                 else:
                                        word_l.append(0)
                       return word 1
                 df = pd.DataFrame()
                 df = pd.DataFrame()
df["words"] = distinct_words
df["d1"] = Bag_of_words(d1)
df["d2"] = Bag_of_words(d2)
df["d3"] = Bag_of_words(d3)
df["d4"] = Bag_of_words(d4)
df["d5"] = Bag_of_words(d5)
                 print(df.head(100))
                                    words d1 d2 d3 d4 d5
                               words d1 d2 d3 d4 d5
server-a 0 0 1 0 0
meat 0 0 1 0 0

j 0 0 1 2 1

buy 0 1 0 0 1

work 0 0 0 0 0 1
                 95 interesting 0 0 1 0 96 gates 0 0 0 0 0 97 manager 0 0 1 0 0 98 Traveller 1 0 0 0 99 drinking 0 1 0 0
```

#### tf-idf

```
In [9]: import numpy as np
        tfidf = pd.DataFrame()
tfidf["words"] = distinct_words
        n1 = np.array(tf.d1)
        n2 = np.array(tf.d2)
        n3 = np.array(tf.d3)
        n4 = np.array(tf.d4)
        n5 = np.array(tf.d5)
        x = np.array(idf.relevance)
        tfidf["d1"] = n1*x
        tfidf["d2"] = n2*x
tfidf["d3"] = n3*x
        tfidf["d4"] = n4*x
tfidf["d5"] = n5*x
        print(tfidf)
                  words
                                d1
                                          d2
                                                     d3
                server-a 0.000000 0.000000 1.791759 0.000000 0.000000
        0
        1
                   meat 0.000000 0.000000 1.791759 0.000000 0.000000
                      ; 0.000000 0.000000 0.980829
        2
                                                         1.497323
                                                                   0.980829
        3
                    buy 0.000000 1.791759 0.000000 0.000000
                                                                  0.000000
        4
                    work 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 1.791759
                    Bolt 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 1.791759 0.000000
        1062
        1063
                 pretend 0.000000 0.000000
                                               0.000000 1.791759
                                                                   0.000000
        1064
                    real 1.252763 1.252763 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000
        1065
                    food 0.000000 0.980829
                                              1.921577 0.000000 0.980829
        1066 pugilistic 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 1.791759 0.000000
        [1067 rows x 6 columns]
```

## **Cosine Similarity**

```
In [11]: #cosine-similarity
          import numpy as np
          import math
          cs = \{\}
          q = 0
          for i in np.array(tfidf.d5):
              q+=(i**2)
          # print(q)
          def cosine_sim(doc):
              d = 0
              for i in doc:
                  d+=(i**2)
                print(d)
              a = doc.dot(np.array(tfidf.d5))
                print(a)
                return (a/(math.sqrt(q*d)))
              return('{0:.10f}'.format((a/(math.sqrt(q*d)))))
          cs["d1"] = float(cosine_sim(np.array(tfidf.d1)))
          cs["d2"] = float(cosine_sim(np.array(tfidf.d2)))
cs["d3"] = float(cosine_sim(np.array(tfidf.d3)))
          cs["d4"] = float(cosine_sim(np.array(tfidf.d4)))
          print(cs)
```

{'d1': 0.0698268963, 'd2': 0.0472304297, 'd3': 0.0524115398, 'd4': 0.0783768587}

#### **Eucledian Distance and Document Ranking**

```
In [15]: ed = {}
           def euc_d(doc,query):
    e = 0
                for i in range(len(doc)):
                     e+=(doc[i] - query[i])**2
                return ('{0:.10f}'.format(math.sqrt(e)))
           ed["d1"] = float(euc_d(np.array(tfidf.d1), np.array(tfidf.d5)))
           ed["d2"] = float(euc_d(np.array(tfidf.d2), np.array(tfidf.d5)))
ed["d3"] = float(euc_d(np.array(tfidf.d3), np.array(tfidf.d5)))
ed["d4"] = float(euc_d(np.array(tfidf.d4), np.array(tfidf.d5)))
           print(ed)
           print(list(ed.values()))
            def rank_doc(array):
                1 = array.copy()
                valid = True
                 while valid:
                     if(len(np.where(array == min(l))[0]) > 1):
                          for i in range(len(np.where(array == min(1))[0])):
    print((np.where(array == min(1))[0][i]+1),)
1 = np.delete(l,np.where(1 == min(1)),0)
                         print(np.where(array == min(1))[0][0]+1)
                           l = np.delete(l,np.where(l == min(l))[0],0)
                     if(len(l) == 0):
                           valid = False
           rank doc(np.array(list(ed.values())))
{'d1': 0.0342566834, 'd2': 0.0340484218, 'd3': 0.0357740865, 'd4': 0.0338834713}
```

```
{'d1': 0.0342566834, 'd2': 0.0340484218, 'd3': 0.0357740865, 'd4': 0.0338834713}
[0.0342566834, 0.0340484218, 0.0357740865, 0.0338834713]
4
2
1
3
```

# Final Note:

We see that after computing the **cosine similarity** and **Euclidean distance** between the sample article and the 4 articles given to us in the form of the corpus, the similarity is almost negligible. Hence it is safe to assume that the articles she writes are original and we can hire her for our publication.

Since enclosing all the code snippets is beyond the scope of this document, I have only attached the prominent and the most important ones here, the entirety of this jupyter notebook can be checked out at:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1kfh\_iSe3P6bNbf\_YWxp4qZVEB3EXUqhJ