## MATH 116 EXAM 02

## BLAKE FARMAN UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Answer the questions in the spaces provided on the question sheets and turn them in at the end of the class period. If you require extra space, use the back of the page and indicate that you have done so.

Unless otherwise stated, all supporting work is required. Unsupported or otherwise mysterious answers will **not receive credit**. You may not use any calculators.

Name:

| Problem | Points Earned | Points Possible |
|---------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1       |               | 20              |
| 2       |               | 20              |
| 3       |               | 20              |
| 4       |               | 20              |
| 5       |               | 20              |
| Total   |               | 100             |

Date: November 16, 2016.

1 (20 Points). Find the period, frequency, and amplitude of  $y = -2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) + 2$ , then graph one period.

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**2** (20 Points). Find the period, frequency, and amplitude of  $y = 3\cos(4x) + 1$ , then graph one period.

- **3** (20 Points). Let  $f(x) = x^2 1$  and g(x) = x + 1.
- (a) Compute  $(f \circ g)(x)$ .

(b) Compute  $(g \circ f)(x)$ .

**4** (20 Points). Let  $f(x) = x^3 - 1$  and g(x) = x + 1.

(a) Compute  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

(b) Compute  $g^{-1}(x)$ .

(c) Compute  $(f \circ g)^{-1}(x)$ .

**Hint**: You can compute this *without* computing  $(f \circ g)(x)$ .

5 (20 Points). Solve the following equations for x.

(a)

$$\log_6(x-2) + \log_6(x-3) = 1$$

$$e^{2x} - 1 = 0$$