Problem Skipping Limits the Accuracy of Ability Estimates in Online Learning



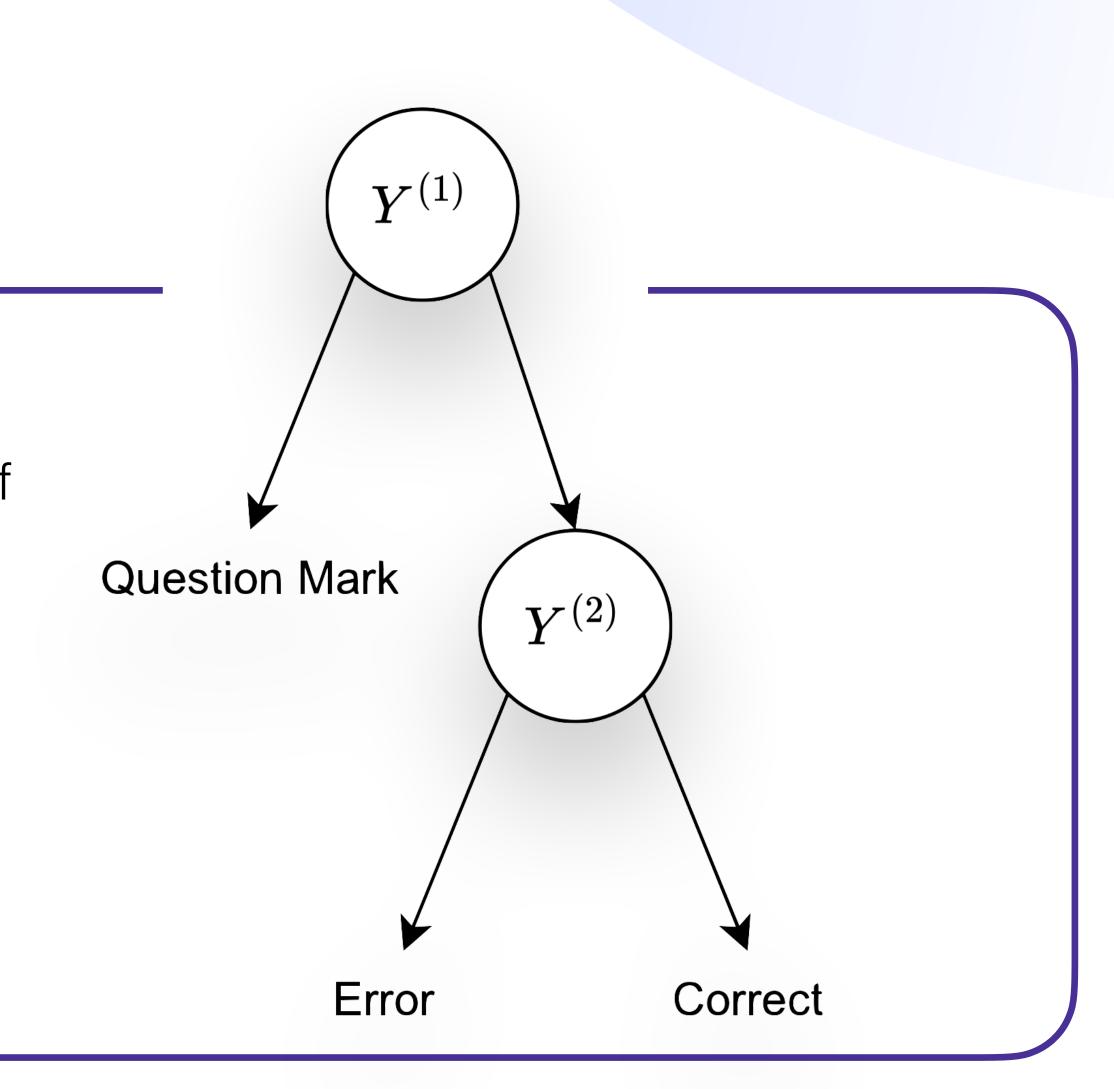
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Background & Methods.

When using online learning platforms, students are often faced with the option to **skip a problem**. Traditional IRT models treat this behavior the same as incorrect responses, assuming that the tendency of a student to problem-skip is the same as their tendency to give an incorrect response¹

We used an item response tree model to test:

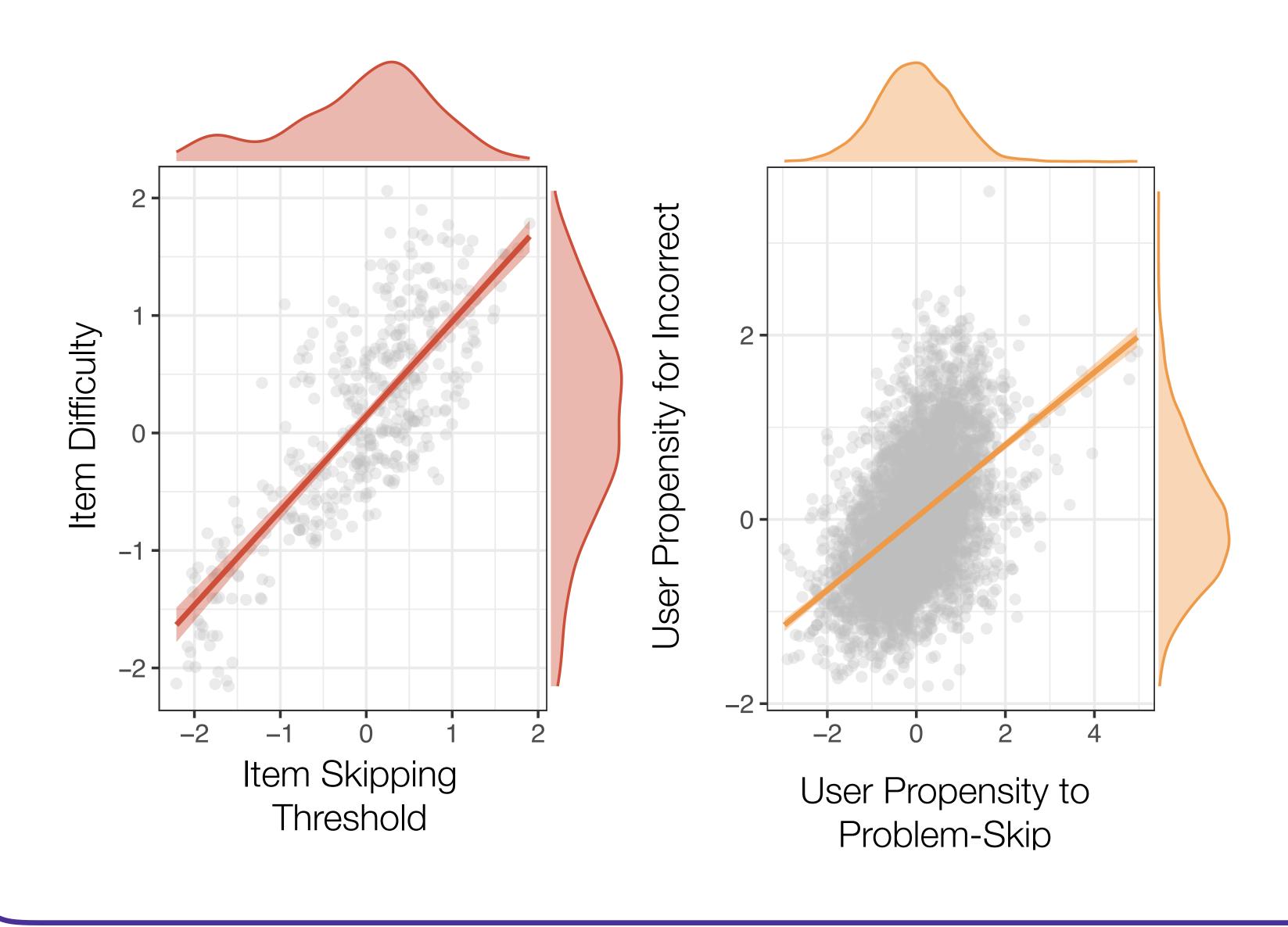
- 1. Should problem-skipping be estimated separately from accuracy in online learning systems?
- 2. How are item difficulties and user ability related to problem-skipping?



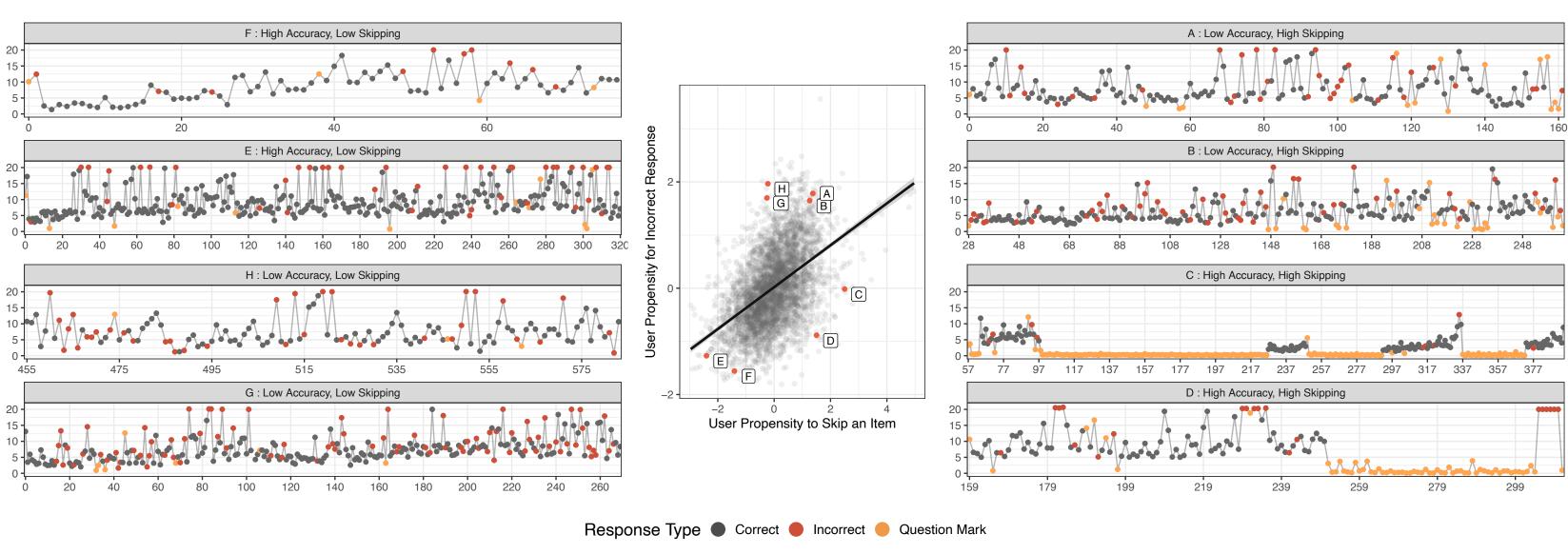
Results.

Item difficulties and user ability estimates are best captured by an IRTree model separately accounting for problem-skipping and accuracy.

Students who skip more have lower ability estimates, but are not always answering incorrectly.



Model	Random parameters	AIC	BIC	$cor(\theta^{(1)}, \theta^{(2)})$	$cor(\beta^{(1)}, \beta^{(2)})$
Fully Estimated IRTree multidimensional; response is predicted by a random node effect of items and a random node effect of users.	$\theta_n, \theta_i, \beta_n, \beta_i$	1559132	1559220	0.44	0.77
Item-Constrained IRTree multidimensional; response is predicted by a random intercept for items, and a random node effect of users.	θ , β	1574386	1574449	0.37	_
User-Constrained IRTree multidimensional; response is predicted by a random intercept for users, and a random node effect of items.	$\boldsymbol{\theta}$. $\boldsymbol{\beta}$.	1591531	1591594	_	0.72
Fully Constrained IRTree unidimensional; both item- and user-level effects are modeled with random intercepts.	_	1619044	1619081	-	_



Problem-skipping and accuracy are distinct processes.

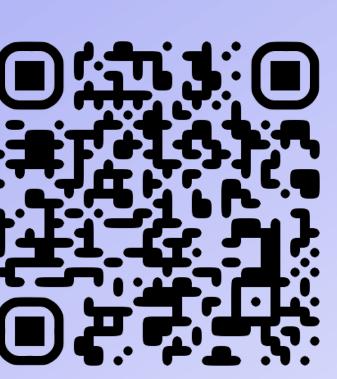
Educational measurement models that rely on one latent ability measure may not be sufficient to capture learning.

Suggestions for learning analytics:

- Measure both latent traits ad-hoc and report them.
- On-the-fly problem-skipping estimation. Teacher dashboards can give insights on problem-skipping in real time.
- Restrict problem-skipping behavior.

Scan for full reference list and preprint

Little & Rubin (2019)
Klinkenberg et. al. (2011)
3. De Boeck & Partchev (2012)



Based on the project: Johansson, A.M., Savi, A.O., & Hofman, A.D. A problem that shouldn't be skipped: Problem skipping limits the accuracy of ability estimates in online learning. (In review)

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