

### 1 Overview

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

z q1;

OPENQASM 2.0;

In the figure, the first green circle is the transmitting station, also referred to as endpoint 1. The red dot is the data to be transmitted,  $|\Psi\rangle_1$ . The transmitting station also holds the link qubit  $|\Psi\rangle_A$ . The middle green circle is the repeater, which holds the entangled states  $|\Psi\rangle_{A'}$  and  $|\Psi\rangle_{B'}$ . The green circle on the right is endpoint two,  $|\Psi\rangle_B$ , the receiving station. The red dot there is the received qubit.

The sequence of events is as follows:

- 1. The transmitting station computes the data qubit
- 2. The transmitting station entangles its link qubits A and A'
- 3. The receiving station entangles its link qubits B and B'
- 4. The repeater measures the link qubits A' and B'
- 5. The transmitting station measures the the data qubit and its link qubit  $|\Psi\rangle_A$
- 6. The transmitting station sends its measurement results to the receiving station via a non-quantum communication channel
- 7. The receiving station selects and applies a gate to its link qubit  $|\Psi\rangle_B$ , reconstructing the transmitted qubit.
- 8. The receiving station measures the reconstructed data qubit

# OPENQASM Quantum Circuit Code

## 3 OPENQASM Quantum Circuit Code

```
include "qelib1.inc";
\operatorname{creg} c[5];
qreg one[1];
qreg a[1];
qreg ap[1];
qreg bp[1];
qreg b[1];
gate entangle() q1,q2
x q1;
x q2;
h q1;
cx q1,q2;
gate bell_measure() q1,q2
x q2;
cx q1,q2;
x q2;
x q1;
h q1;
```

```
entangle() a,ap;
entangle() bp,b;
""" + data +
bell_measure() ap,bp;
measure ap-\xi c[2];
measure bp-\frac{1}{6}c[3];
bell_measure() one,a;
measure one-\xi c[0];
measure a-ic[1];
if (c==1) z b;
if (c==2) \times b;
if (c==3) y b;
if (c==4) z b;
if (c==6) y b;
if (c==7) \times b;
if (c==8) \times b;
if (c==9) y b;
if (c==11) z b;
if (c==12) y b;
if (c==13) \times b;
if (c==14) z b;
measure b-ic[4];
```

#### 4 Dirac Notation

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \to |u\rangle \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \to |d\rangle$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \to \langle u|$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow |uu\rangle \ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow |ud\rangle \ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow |du\rangle \ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow |dd\rangle$$

For n qubits, if the  $b_i$ , i = 0...n - 1 are the states of the qubits left-to-right, then the corresponding state vector has the j-th element equal to one where the binary representation of j is  $b_{n-1}, b_{n-2}...b_0$ 

# 5 EPR/Bell States

$$\begin{split} &\Psi^+ = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(|ud\rangle + |du\rangle) \\ &\Psi^- = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(|ud\rangle - |du\rangle) \text{ EPR singlet state} \\ &|\Phi^+\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(|uu\rangle + |dd\rangle) \\ &|\Phi^-\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}(|uu\rangle - |dd\rangle) \end{split}$$

#### 6 Measurement Gate

This is the unitary matrix for the Bell measurement, expressed in the computational basis.

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} \langle \Phi^+ | \\ \langle \Phi^- | \\ \langle \Psi^+ | \\ \langle \Psi^- | \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Entanglement Swapping

For technical reasons, in the code for the YouTube video, the sign of the second row of the matrix for the measurement gate,  $\langle \Psi^- |$ , is inverted in the code. The overall sign of a quantum state does not affect measurement results.

$$|\Psi\rangle_{AA'B'B} = \frac{1}{2}(|ud\rangle - |du\rangle)(|ud\rangle - |du\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}[|uddu\rangle - |udud\rangle - |dudu\rangle + |duud\rangle]$$

$$\begin{aligned} |ud\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|\Psi^{+}\rangle + |\Psi^{-}\rangle) \\ |du\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|\Psi^{+}\rangle - |\Psi^{-}\rangle) \\ |dd\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|\Phi^{+}\rangle - |\Psi^{-}\rangle) \\ |\Psi\rangle_{AA'B'B} &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}[|u\rangle\left(|\Phi^{+}\rangle - |\Phi^{-}\rangle\right)|u\rangle - |u\rangle\left(|\Psi^{+}\rangle - |\Psi^{-}\rangle\right)|d\rangle - |d\rangle\left(|\Psi^{+}\rangle + |\Psi^{-}\rangle\right)|u\rangle + |d\rangle\left(|\Phi^{+}\rangle + |\Phi^{-}\rangle\right)|d\rangle \\ |\Psi\rangle_{A'B'AB} &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}[|\Phi^{+}\rangle|uu\rangle - |\Phi^{-}\rangle|uu\rangle - |\Psi^{+}\rangle|ud\rangle + |\Psi^{-}\rangle|du\rangle + |\Phi^{+}\rangle|dd\rangle + |\Phi^{-}\rangle|dd\rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}[|\Psi^{+}\rangle\left(-|ud\rangle - |du\rangle\right) + |\Psi^{-}\rangle\left(|ud\rangle - |du\rangle\right) + |\Phi^{+}\rangle\left(|uu\rangle + |dd\rangle\right) + |\Phi^{-}\rangle\left(-|uu\rangle + |dd\rangle\right)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2}[-|\Psi^{+}\rangle_{A'B'}|\Psi^{+}\rangle_{AB} + |\Psi^{-}\rangle_{A'B'}|\Psi^{-}\rangle_{AB} + |\Phi^{+}\rangle_{A'B'}|\Phi^{+}\rangle_{AB} - |\Phi^{-}\rangle_{A'B'}|\Phi^{-}\rangle_{AB}] \end{aligned}$$

#### **Endpoint States after Repeater Measurement**

The repeater performs a measurement on its entangled states. The possible outcomes and endpoint states are

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \operatorname{Measure}(A'B') & |\Psi\rangle_{AB} \\ \hline 00 & -|\Psi^+\rangle \\ 01 & |\Psi^-\rangle \\ 10 & |\Phi^+\rangle \\ 11 & -|\Phi^-\rangle \end{array}$$

 $|uu\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|\Phi^{+}\rangle + |\Phi^{-}\rangle)$ 

#### 7.2 Teleportation of data qubit

The state of the data qubit is  $\Psi_1 = a |u\rangle + b |d\rangle$ 

#### 7.2.1 Swapped Entanglement

$$\begin{split} & \text{If } |\Psi\rangle_{AB} = -|\Psi^{+}\rangle \text{ then } \\ & |\Psi\rangle_{1AB} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(a|u\rangle + b|d\rangle)(|ud\rangle + |du\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}[-a|uud\rangle - a|udu\rangle - b|dud\rangle - b|ddu\rangle] \\ & = \frac{1}{2}[|\Psi^{+}\rangle\left(-a|u\rangle - b|d\rangle\right) + |\Psi^{-}\rangle\left(-a|u\rangle + b|d\rangle\right) + |\Phi^{+}\rangle\left(-a|d\rangle - b|u\rangle\right) + |\Phi^{-}\rangle\left(-a|d\rangle + b|u\rangle\right)] \\ & \text{If } |\Psi\rangle_{AB} = |\Psi^{-}\rangle \text{ then } \\ & |\Psi\rangle_{1AB} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(a|u\rangle + b|d\rangle)(|ud\rangle - |du\rangle) = a|uud\rangle - a|udu\rangle + b|dud\rangle - b|ddu\rangle \\ & = \frac{1}{2}[a(|\Phi^{+}\rangle + |\Phi^{-}\rangle)|d\rangle - a(|\Psi^{+}\rangle - |\Psi^{-}\rangle)|u\rangle - b(|\Psi^{+}\rangle |\Psi^{-}\rangle)|d\rangle + b(|\Phi^{+}\rangle - |\Phi^{-}\rangle)|u\rangle] \\ & = \frac{1}{2}[|\Psi^{+}\rangle\left(-a|u\rangle + b|d\rangle\right) + |\Psi^{-}\rangle\left(-a|u\rangle - b|d\rangle\right) + |\Phi^{+}\rangle\left(a|d\rangle - b|u\rangle\right) + |\Phi^{-}\rangle\left(a|d\rangle + b|u\rangle\right)] \\ & \text{If } |\Psi\rangle_{AB} = |\Phi^{+}\rangle \text{ then } \\ & |\Psi\rangle_{1AB} = \frac{1}{2}[|\Psi^{+}\rangle\left(a|d\rangle + b|u\rangle\right) + |\Psi^{-}\rangle\left(a|d\rangle - b|u\rangle\right) + |\Phi^{+}\rangle\left(a|u\rangle + b|d\rangle\right) + |\Phi^{-}\rangle\left(a|u\rangle - b|d\rangle\right)] \\ & \text{If } |\Psi\rangle_{AB} = |\Phi^{-}\rangle \text{ then } \\ & |\Psi\rangle_{1AB} = \frac{1}{2}[|\Psi^{+}\rangle\left(a|d\rangle - b|u\rangle\right) + |\Psi^{-}\rangle\left(a|d\rangle + b|u\rangle\right) + |\Phi^{+}\rangle\left(-a|u\rangle + b|d\rangle\right) + |\Phi^{-}\rangle\left(-a|u\rangle - b|d\rangle\right)] \end{split}$$

#### 7.2.2 Coding Endpoint Two's Reconstruction of the Teleported Qubit

$$\sigma_x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sigma_y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sigma_z = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Quantum registers in code:

1AA'B'B01234

A'	B'	$b_2$	$b_3$	$ \Psi angle$
0	0	0	0	$-\ket{\Psi^+}$
0	1	0	1	$ \Psi^{-}\rangle$
1	0	1	0	$ \Phi^{+}\rangle$
1	1	1	1	$-\ket{\Phi^-}$

#### Measurement Combinations

m(A'B')	m(1A)	Gate	$b_3 b_2 b_1 b_0$	$\mathbf{c}$
00	00	none	0	0
00	01	X	2	
00	10	$\mathbf{Z}$	0001	1
00	11	Y	0011	3
01	00	X	1000	8
01	01	none	10	
01	10	Y	1001	9
01	11	$\mathbf{Z}$	1011	11
10	00	$\mathbf{Z}$	0100	4
10	01	Y	0110	6
10	10	none	0101	5
10	11	X	don't care	
11	00	Y	1100	12
11	01	$\mathbf{Z}$	1110	14
11	10	X	don't care	
11	11	none	1111	15