

Sistemi linearih jednačina- vežbe

December 5, 2021

1. Rešiti sledeće sisteme linearnih jednačina:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \text{1.1.} & \begin{array}{l} -2 \\ 2x \\ +3 \\ \hline \end{array} & \begin{array}{l} x + 3y - 5z = 6 \\ + z = 3 \\ \hline 3x + 3y - 4z = 9 \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3y + x - 5z = 6 \\ 2x + z = 3 \\ \hline 3y + 3x - 4z = 9 \end{array} \quad \begin{pmatrix} & \\ & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3y + x - 5z = 6 \\ 2x + z = 3 \\ \hline 2x + z = 3 \end{array} \quad \begin{pmatrix} & \\ & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3y + x - 5z = 6 \\ 2x + z = 3 \\ \hline 0 = 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{pmatrix} & \\ & \cancel{2x + z = 3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} x + 3y - 5z = 6 \\ 2x + z = 3 \\ 2x + z = 3 \end{array}}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3y - 5z = 6 - x \\ z = 3 - 2x \end{array} \quad \begin{pmatrix} & \\ & \uparrow \end{pmatrix}$$

1x neodređen
(jer su desne strane jednakosti, međutim su se promenjivu x)

$$x = t, \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$z = 3 - 2t$$

$$3y = 6 - t + 5(3 - 2t)$$

$$3y = 21 - 11t$$

$$y = \frac{7}{3} - \frac{11}{3}t$$

$$R_S = \{(t, \frac{7}{3} - \frac{11}{3}t, 3 - 2t) \mid t \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

14

$$\begin{array}{l} x + 3y - 5z = 6 \\ -6y + 11z = -9 \\ -6y + 11z = -9 \end{array} \quad \begin{pmatrix} & \\ & 2-1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x + 3y - 5z = 6 \\ -6y + 11z = -9 \\ \hline 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x + 3y = 6 + 5z \\ -6y = -9 - 11z \end{array}$$

1x neodređen

$$z = m, \quad m \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{11}{6}m$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x = 6 + 5m - \frac{9}{2} - \frac{11}{2}m \\ = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2}m \end{array}$$

$$R_S = \left\{ \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2}m, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{11}{6}m, m \right) \mid m \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

$$1.2 \quad \begin{array}{rcl} 3x & + & 3y - 5z = 6 \\ 2x & + & 2y + z = 3 \\ 3x & + & 3y - 4z = 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -5z + 3x + 3y & = & 6 \\ 2 + 2x + 2y & = & 3 \\ -4z + 3x + 3y & = & 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2 + 2x + 2y & = & 3 \\ -5z + 3x + 3y & = & 6 \\ -4z + 3x + 3y & = & 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2 + 2x + 2y & = & 3 \\ 13x + 13y & = & 21 \quad | :13 \\ 11x + 11y & = & 21 \quad | :11 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2 + 2x + 2y & = & 3 \\ x + y & = & \frac{21}{13} \\ x + y & = & \frac{21}{11} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2 + 2x + 2y & = & 3 \\ x + y & = & \frac{21}{11} \\ 0 & = & \frac{21}{11} - \frac{21}{13} \end{array}$$



 NEMOGUC
 SISTEM $R_S = \emptyset$

1.3

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x & + & y = 6 \\ 2x & + & y = 9 \swarrow -2 \\ 4x & + & 2y = 18 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + y & = & 6 \\ -y & = & -3 \\ -2y & = & -6 \swarrow -2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + y & = & 6 \\ -y & = & -3 \\ 0 & = & 0 \quad \checkmark \end{array}$$

$$y = 3$$

$$x = 3$$

$$R_S = \{(3, 3)\}$$

~~$$\begin{array}{rcl} x & + & y = 6 \\ 2x & + & y = 9 \\ 4x & + & 2y = 18 \end{array}$$~~

~~$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + y & = & 6 \\ 2x + y & = & 9 \swarrow -2 \\ 4x + 2y & = & 18 \end{array}$$~~

~~$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + y & = & 6 \\ -y & = & -3 \\ -2y & = & -6 \swarrow -2 \end{array}$$~~

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + y & = & 6 \\ -y & = & -3 \\ 0 & = & 2 \end{array}$$

~~$$R_S = \emptyset$$~~

$$1.4 \quad \begin{array}{rcl} x & + & y & + & z & = & 5 \\ 3x & - & y & + & 2z & = & 1 \end{array} \quad | -3$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + y + 2z & = & 5 \\ -4y - 2z & = & -14 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + y & = & 5 - 2 \\ -4y & = & -14 + 2 \end{array}$$

Ikusdreiener

$$z = t, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y = \frac{7}{2} - \frac{1}{4}t$$

$$x = 5 - t - \frac{7}{2} + \frac{1}{4}t$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{4}t$$

$$R_S = \left\{ \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{4}t, \frac{7}{2} - \frac{1}{4}t, t \right) \mid t \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

1.5

$$\begin{array}{rcccccccl} x & + & y & + & 2z & + & 2u & = & 5 \\ 2x & + & y & - & z & - & u & = & 0 \\ 3x & + & 2y & + & z & + & u & = & 5 \\ -x & - & y & + & 2z & + & u & = & 3 \end{array}$$

$$x + y + 2z + 2u = 5$$

$$-y - 5z - 5u = -10$$

$$\cancel{-y - 5z - 5u = -10}$$

$$4z + 3u = 8$$

$$x + y + 2z + 2u = 5$$

$$-y - 5z - 5u = -10$$

$$4z + 3u = 8$$

$$x + y + 2z = 5 - 2u$$

$$-y - 5z = -10 + 5u$$

$$4z = 8 - 3u$$

1 x Koeffizienten

$$u = t, \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$z = 2 - \frac{3}{4}t$$

$$-y = -10 + 5t + 5\left(2 - \frac{3}{4}t\right)$$

$$-y = \frac{5}{4}t$$

$$y = -\frac{5}{4}t$$

$$x = 5 - 2t - 2\left(2 - \frac{3}{4}t\right) + \frac{5}{4}t$$

$$= 1 + \frac{3}{4}t$$

$$R_S = \{(1 + \frac{3}{4}t, -\frac{5}{4}t, 2 - \frac{3}{4}t, t) \mid t \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

1.6

$$\begin{array}{rccccccccl}
 2x & - & y & + & 3z & - & 2u & + & 4v & = & -1 \\
 4x & - & 2y & + & 5z & + & u & + & 7v & = & 2 \\
 2x & - & y & + & z & + & 8u & + & 2v & = & 1 \\
 \hline
 & & & & & & & & & & -1
 \end{array}$$

$$2x - y + 3z - 2u + 4v = -1$$

$$-z + 5u - v = 4 \quad \text{---} \quad -2$$

$$-2z + 10u - 2v = 2$$

$$2x - y + 3z - 2u + 4v = -1$$

$$-z + 5u - v = 4$$

$$0 = 6$$

~~$$R_S = \emptyset$$~~

1.7

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2x - y + 3z - 2u + 4v & = & -1 \\ 4x - 2y + 5z + u + 7v & = & 2 \\ 2x - y + z + 8u + 2v & = & 7 \end{array}$$

$$2x - y + 3z - 2u + 4v = -1$$

$$-2 + 5u - v = 4$$

$$-22 + 10u - 2v = 8$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2x - y + 3z - 2u + 4v & = & -1 \\ -2 + 5u - v & = & 4 \\ 0 & = & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -y + 3z = 1 - 2x + 2u - 4v \\ -2 = 4 - 5u + v \end{array}$$

3x neodresten

$$x = t, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$u = m, m \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$v = p, p \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$z = -4 + 5m - p$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -1 + 2t - 2m + 4p + 3(-4 + 5m - p) \\ &= -13 + 2t + 13m + p \end{aligned}$$

$$R_S = \{(t, -13 + 2t + 13m + p, -4 + 5m - p, m, p) / t, m, p \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

2. Odrediti realne parametre c i d tako da sistem bude neodređen i

rešiti ga u slučaju neodređenosti.

$D_S \neq 0 \Rightarrow$ sistem određen

$$5x + 3y + z = -5$$

$$x - 2y + z = 2$$

$$cx + 2y - z = d$$

$D_S = 0 \Rightarrow$ sistem nemoguć, i.e. neodređen

Da bi sistem bio neodređen $D_S = 0$.

$$D_S = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ c & 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 10 + 3c + 2 + 2c - 10 + 3 = 5c + 5 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 5c + 5 = 0 \\ c = -1 \end{array} \right\}$$

Kako je $D_S = 0$ onda je sistem i.e. nemoguć, i.e. neodređen.
uvravno se vrati u Gaussov postupak.

$$5x + 3y + z = -5$$

$$x - 2y + z = 2$$

$$x - 2y + z = 2$$

$$\boxed{0 = d + 2}$$

$$-x + 2y - z = d$$

$$8y - 4z = -8 \quad | :4$$

$$\begin{aligned} x - 2y + z &= 2 \\ -x + 2y - z &= d \\ 5x - 2y + z &= 2 \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{d} \neq -2 \\ \text{d} = -2 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$2x \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} d \neq -2 \\ d = -2 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$2x \quad \boxed{d = -2} \quad \text{NEODREĐEN}$$

$$x - 2y + z = 2$$

$$2y - z = -2$$

$$x + z = 2 + 2y$$

$$-z = -2 - 2y$$

$$1x \text{ neodređen}$$

$$y = t, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$z = 2 + 2t$$

$$x = 2 + 2t - 2t$$

$$x = 0$$

$$R_S = \{(0, t, 2 + 2t) \mid t \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

3. Odrediti realan parametar b tako da sistem bude nemoguć.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x + y - 3z & = & 1 \\ 2x + y - 2z & = & 1 \swarrow -2 \\ x + y + z & = & b \swarrow -1 \\ x + 2y - 3z & = & 1 \swarrow -1 \end{array}$$

$$x + y - 3z = 1$$

$$-y + 4z = -1$$

$$4z = b - 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\boxed{y = 0}$$

$$x - 3z = 1$$

$$4z = -1$$

$$4z = b - 1 \swarrow -1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$x - 3z = 1$$

$$4z = -1$$

$$0 = b$$

$$b \neq 0$$



4. U zavisnosti od realnog parametra a , diskutovati prirodu rešenja sistema linearnih jednačina i rešiti ga u slučaju neodređenosti.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} ax + (a-1)y + z & = & 1 \\ x - y + az & = & a \\ -ay + az & = & 2 \end{array}$$

$$D_S = \left| \begin{array}{ccc|cc} a & a-1 & 1 & a & a-1 \\ 1 & -1 & a & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & -a & a & 0 & -a \end{array} \right| = -a^2 - a + a^3 - a(a-1) \\ = -a^2 - a + a^3 - a^2 + a \\ = a^3 - 2a^2 \\ = a^2(a-2)$$

I $D_S \neq 0$ za $a \neq 0 \wedge a \neq 2 \Rightarrow$ sistem određen

II $D_S = 0$ za $a=0 \vee a=2 \Rightarrow$ sistem nemoguć, tj
neodređen

i moramo da je početi sa
Gausov postupak!

$$\begin{array}{l} a=0 \\ -y + z = 1 \\ x - y = 0 \\ 0 = 2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x-y+2z=2 \\ y-z=-1 \\ -y+z=1 \end{array}$$

$\Leftrightarrow R_S = \emptyset$

$$a=2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2x + y + z = 1 \\ x - y + 2z = 2 \\ -2y + 2z = 2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x-y+2z=2 \\ y = -1+z \end{array}$$

$$x - y + 2z = 2 \quad | -2$$

$$2x + y + z = 1 \quad | -2$$

$$-y + z = 1$$

$$x - y + 2z = 2$$

$$3y - 3z = -3 \quad | :3$$

$$-y + z = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - y + 2z = 2 \\ y - z = -1 \\ -y + z = 1 \end{array}$$

$$x - y + 2z = 2 \quad | -2$$

$$y = -1 + z$$

$$x - y + 2z = 2 \quad | -2$$

$$y = -1 + z$$

$$x - y + 2z = 2 \quad | -2$$

$$x = 2 - 2t + t - 1$$

$$x = 1 - t$$

$$y = -1 + t$$

$$x = 2 - 2t + t - 1$$

$$x = 1 - t$$

$$R_S = \{(t, t-1, t)\} \text{ teži}$$

5.

U zavisnosti od realnog parametra a , diskutovati prirodu rešenja sistema linearnih jednačina i rešiti ga u slučaju neodređenosti.

$$x + y + z = a$$

$$x + (a+1)y + z = 2a$$

$$x + y + az = -a$$

6. U zavisnosti od realnog parametra a , diskutovati prirodu rešenja sistema linearnih jednačina i rešiti ga u slučaju neodređenosti.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x - 2y + (a+1)z & = & 3 \\ 5x + 2y & = & 1 \\ ax & + & 2z = 2 \end{array}$$

$$D_S = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 & a+1 \\ 5 & 2 & 0 \\ a & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 5 & 2 \\ a & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 4 - 2a(a+1) + 20$$

$$= 4 - 2a^2 - 2a + 20 = -2a^2 - 2a + 24$$

$$= -2(a^2 + a - 12)$$

$$a_{1,2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+48}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm 7}{2} = \begin{cases} 3 \\ -4 \end{cases}$$

I $D_S \neq 0 \Rightarrow a \neq 3 \wedge a \neq -4$
 \Rightarrow sistem određen

II $D_S = 0 \Rightarrow a \models \boxed{a=3} \vee \boxed{a=-4}$
 \Rightarrow sistem nemogući, ali
 neodređen

$$\boxed{a=3}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - 2y + 4z = 3 \\ 5x + 2y = 1 \\ 3x + 2z = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - 2y + 4z = 3 \\ 12y - 20z = -14 \div 2 \\ 6y - 10z = -7 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x - 2y + 4z = 3}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 6y - 10z = -7 \\ 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x - 2y = 3 - 4z}$$

$$\boxed{0y = -7 + 10z}$$

$$\text{1x neodređen}$$

$$z = t, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y = -\frac{7}{6} + \frac{5}{3}t$$

$$x = 3 - 4t - \frac{7}{3} + \frac{10}{3}t$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3}t$$

$$R_S = \left\{ \left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3}t, -\frac{7}{6} + \frac{5}{3}t, t \right) \mid t \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

$$\boxed{a=-4}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - 2y - 3z = 3 \\ 5x + 2y = 1 \\ -4x + 2z = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - 2y - 3z = 3 \\ 12y + 15z = -14 \\ -8y - 10z = 14 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - 2y - 3z = 3 \\ -4y - 5z = 4 \\ 12y + 15z = -14 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - 2y - 3z = 3 \\ -uy - 5z = 7 \\ 0 = 7 \end{array}$$

$$R_S = \emptyset$$

7. U zavisnosti od realnog parametra a , diskutovati prirodu rešenja sistem linearnih jednačina i rešiti ga.

$$\begin{array}{lcl} (a-1)x & = & 0 \\ x + (a-1)y & = & 0 \\ y + (a-1)z & = & 0 \end{array}$$

$$D_S = \begin{vmatrix} a-1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & a-1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & a-1 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} a-1 & 0 \\ 1 & a-1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (a-1)^3$$

I $D_S \neq 0$ za $a \neq 1 \Rightarrow$ sistem je određen
i rešenje nije $(0,0,0)$

II $D_S = 0$ za $a=1 \Rightarrow$ sistem je neodređen
(homogeni sistem ukoliko ne može biti
nemoguć)

$$a=1$$

$$\begin{array}{lcl} 0 & = & 0 \\ x & = & 0 \\ y & = & 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} z = t, \\ t \in \mathbb{R} \end{array}$$

$$R_S = \{(0,0,t) \mid t \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

8. U zavisnosti od realnih parametara a i b , diskutovati prirodu rešenja sistema linearnih jednačina i rešiti ga u slučaju neodređenosti.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x & + & 2y & + & z & = & 3 \\ 2x & + & 3y & - & 3z & = & b \\ x & + & ay & + & 6z & = & -2 \end{array}$$

$$D_S = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & -3 \\ 1 & a & 6 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 1 & a \end{vmatrix} = 18 - 6 + 29 - 3 + 3a - 24 = 5a - 15 = 5(a - 3)$$

I) $D_S \neq 0$ za $a \neq 3 \Rightarrow$ sistem određen
 $(b \in \mathbb{R})$

II) $D_S = 0$ za $a = 3 \Rightarrow$ sistem nemogući
 neodređen

$$a=3$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x+2y+z=3 \\ 2x+3y-3z=b \\ x+3y+6z=-2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x+2y+z=3 \\ -y-5z=b-6 \\ y+5z=-5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x+2y+z=3 \\ -y-5z=b-6 \\ 0=b-11 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2a \\ b \neq 11 \end{array} \Leftrightarrow R_1 = \emptyset$$

$$2a \quad b=11$$

$$x+2y+z=3$$

$$-y-5z=b$$

$$x+2y=3-z$$

$$-y=5+5z$$

I) neodređen

$$z=t, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y=-5-5t$$

$$x=13+10t$$

$$x=13+9t$$

$$R_1 = \{(13+9t, -5-5t, t) | t \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

$\exists A \quad V \in \mathbb{C}^{p \times q}$

9 U zavisnosti od realnih parametara a i b , diskutovati prirodu rešenja sistema linearnih jednačina i rešiti ga u slučaju neodređenosti.

$$-ax - 3z = 3b$$

$$x + (a+1)y = 1$$

$$ax - 2y + 4z = -2$$

10. U zavisnosti od realnih parametara a i b , diskutovati prirodu rešenja sistema linearnih jednačina i rešiti ga u slučaju neodređenosti.

$$\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{cccccc} (a-3)x & + & y & - & z & = ab \\ -2x & + & 2(a-2)y & - & 2z & = 3b \\ (a-2)x & + & 2y & & & = b \end{array} \\ \hline D_S = \left| \begin{array}{ccc|cc} a-3 & 1 & -1 & a-3 & 1 \\ -2 & 2(a-2) & -2 & -2 & 2(a-2) \\ a-2 & 2 & 0 & a-2 & 2 \end{array} \right| \\ = -2(a-2) + 4 + 2(a-2)^2 + 4(a-3) \\ = -2a + 4 + 4 + 2a^2 - 8a + 8 + 4a - 12 \\ = 2a^2 - 6a + 4 = 2(a^2 - 3a + 2) \\ a_{1,2} = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9-8}}{2} = \frac{3 \pm 1}{2} = \begin{cases} 1 \\ 1 \end{cases} \end{array}$$

$\exists D_s \neq 0 \text{ zu } a \neq 1 \wedge a \neq 2$
 $\rightarrow \text{system oderter}$

II) $D_S = 0$ zu $\boxed{a=1}$ v $\boxed{a=2}$
 \rightarrow System weiss und 14 niedrigen

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \boxed{a=1} \\
 \begin{array}{rcl}
 -2x+y & -z = b \\
 -2x-2y & -2z = 3b \\
 -x+2y & = b
 \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{rcl}
 -z & -2x+y = b \\
 -2z & -2x-2y = 3b \\
 -x+2y & = b
 \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{rcl}
 -z & -2x+y = b \\
 2x-4y & = b \\
 -x+2y & = b
 \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{rcl}
 -z & -2x+y = b \\
 -x+2y & = b \\
 2x-4y & = b
 \end{array} \\
 \hline
 \begin{array}{rcl}
 -z & -2x+y = b \\
 -x+2y & = b
 \end{array} \\
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \begin{array}{l} 2a \\ b \neq 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \swarrow \\ R_S = \emptyset \end{array} \\
 & \begin{array}{l} 2a \quad b = 0 \\ -z - 2x + y = 0 \\ -x + 2y = 0 \end{array} \\
 & \begin{array}{r} -z - 2x = -y \\ -x = -2y \end{array} \\
 & \begin{array}{l} 1 \times \text{reduziert} \\ y = t, \quad t \in \mathbb{R} \\ x = 2t \\ z = -3t \\ R_S = \{(2t, t, -3t) \mid t \in \mathbb{R}\} \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a=2$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -x+y-z & = & 2b \\ -2x & - & 2z = 3b \end{array} \quad | -2$$
$$\underline{\quad 2y \quad = b}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -x+y-z & = & 2b \\ -2y & = & -b \\ 2y & = & b \end{array} \quad | +$$
$$\underline{\quad}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -x+y-z & = & 2b \\ -2y & = & -b \\ 0 & = & 0 \end{array} \quad \checkmark$$
$$\underline{\quad}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -x+y & = & 2b+z \\ 2y & = & b \end{array}$$

1x nachrechnen

$$z = m, m \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y = \frac{b}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{b}{2} - 2b - m = -\frac{3}{2}b - m$$

$$P_S = \left\{ \left(-\frac{3}{2}b - m, \frac{b}{2}, m \right) \mid m \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

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U zavisnosti od realnih parametara a i b , diskutovati prirodu rešenja sistem linearnih jednačina i rešiti ga u slučaju neodređenosti.

$$ax + bz = -a$$

$$(a+b)y = b$$

$$bx + az = 2a$$

12. U zavisnosti od realnih parametara a i b , diskutovati prirodu rešenja i rešiti sistem linearnih jednačina

$$\begin{array}{rcl} ax & + & y + z = 1 \\ -2ax & + & (a-3)y + az = b-2 \end{array} \quad | \quad 2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \\ \begin{array}{l} ax + y + z = 1 \\ (a-1)y + (a+2)z = b \end{array} \end{array}$$

$$\text{I } a \neq 0 \wedge a \neq 1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} ax + y = 1-z \\ (a-1)y = b - (a+2)z \end{array} \quad | \times \text{ redobr. na } 2.$$

$$z = t, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y = \frac{b - (a+2)t}{a-1}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{a}(1-t - \frac{b-(a+2)t}{a-1})$$

$$R_S = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{a}(1-t - \frac{b-(a+2)t}{a-1}), \frac{b-(a+2)t}{a-1}, t \right) \mid t \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

$$\text{II } | a=0 \rangle$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y+z=1 \\ 3z=b \end{array} \quad | \quad \begin{array}{l} z=\frac{b}{3} \\ y=1-\frac{b}{3} \end{array}$$

$$z = \frac{b}{3}$$

$$y = 1 - \frac{b}{3}$$

$$x = u, u \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$R_S = \left\{ \left(u, 1 - \frac{b}{3}, \frac{b}{3} \right) \mid u \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

$$\text{III } | a=1 \rangle$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x+y+z=1 \\ 3z=b \\ x+z=1-y \\ 3z=b \end{array} \quad | \quad \begin{array}{l} y=p \\ z=\frac{b}{3} \\ x=1-p-\frac{b}{3} \end{array}$$

$$R_S = \left\{ \left(1-p-\frac{b}{3}, p, \frac{b}{3} \right) \mid p \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

13. U zavisnosti od realnih parametara a i b , diskutovati prirodu rešenja i rešiti sistem linearnih jednačina

$$\begin{array}{lclclclcl} x & + & 2y & - & 3az & + & 4u & = & 1 \\ ax & - & 2y & + & z & - & 2u & = & b \end{array}.$$

14. U zavisnosti od realnih parametara a i b , diskutovati prirodu rešenja i rešiti sistem linearnih jednačina

$$\begin{array}{lclclclcl} -x & + & (a-2)y & + & az & + & (a-1)u & = & 1 \\ ax & + & (a-2)y & + & az & - & u & = & b \\ ax & + & (a-2)y & - & z & + & au & = & b \end{array}$$

ZA VEŽBU:IZ SKRIPTE

Zadatak 9.5, 9.6, 9.7, 9.8, 9.9,

teži: 9.10, 9.17