

Functions, pointers, and Tricky Declarations Activity

1. The output of the code is 22 and 11. The variable that is passed by reference is x.
2. &x is used because the function divby2 takes the reference of a variable to gain access to its arguments.
- 3.

Declaration	Meaning
int x;	x is an int
int * x;	x is a pointer to an int
char ** x;	x is a pointer to a pointer to a char
int * x [5];	x is an array of 5 pointers to ints
int (* x) [5];	x is a pointer to an array of 5
int (* x [5]) [5];	x is an array of 5 pointers to arrays of 5 ints
int * (* x [5]) [5];	x is an array of 5 pointers to arrays of 5 pointers to ints
int x();	x is a function with no parameters that returns an int
int x(int);	x is a function that takes an int as a parameter that returns an int
int * x();	x is a function with no parameters that returns a pointer to an int
int * x(int *);	x is a function that takes a pointer to an int as a parameter that returns a pointer to an int
int (* x)();	x is a pointer to a function with no parameters that returns an int
int ** (* x)(int **);	x is a pointer to a function that takes a pointer to a pointer to an int as a parameter that returns a pointer to a pointer to an int

Const Pointers Activity

1.
 - a. All statements of the code marked for part a are valid.
 - b. Statement 1 and 3 are valid. Statement 2 is invalid because it is a pointer that points to a constant int so the data it points to cannot be modified.
 - c. Statement 1 is valid. Statement 2 is invalid because it is a pointer that points to a constant int so the data it points to cannot be modified. Statement 3 is invalid because the pointer is constant so it cannot be modified to point to other data.
- 2.

- a. All statements are valid.
- b. Statements 1 and 2 are valid. Statement 3 is not valid because it is trying to change a constant pointer to point to something else.
- c. Statement 1 and 2 are valid. Statement 3 is invalid because it is trying to return a value in an index that is not in bounds of the array

3.

- a. Statement 1 and 2 are valid. Statement 3 is not valid because you cannot assign the increment operators to a function.
- b. Statement 1 and 2 are valid. Statement 3 is not valid because it is trying to change the constant int that is being pointed to. Statement 4 is not valid because you cannot assign the increment operators to a function. Statement 5 is not valid because it is trying to change the constant int.
- c. Statements 1 and 2 are valid. Statement 3 is not valid because it is trying to change the constant int that is being pointed to. Statement 4 is not valid because you cannot assign the increment operators to a function. Statement 5 is valid.