## Solution 8: 5 of 8 tests passed (50%)

Submitted on 17 Mar 2021 | ID: 63176822 | Size: 381

```
1 function [L, U, P] = luFactor(A)
2 % luFactor(A)
3 % LU decomposition with pivotiing
4 % inputs:
5 % A = coefficient matrix
6 % outputs:
7 % L = lower triangular matrix
8 % U = upper triangular matrix
      P = the permutation matrix
10
11 [n m] = size(A);
12 | if n~=m
       error("Not a square matrix");
14 end
15
16 P = [1 0 0; 0 1 0; 0 0 1];
17 %PIVOTING ROWS BASED ON GREATEST ABS VALUE
18 if abs(A(1,1)) > abs(A(2,1)) && abs(A(1,1)) > abs(A(3,1))
19
      A = A;
       P = P;
28
21
   end
22
23 if abs(A(2,1)) > abs(A(1,1)) && abs(A(2,1)) > abs(A(3,1))
24
       A = [A(2,1) \ A(2,2) \ A(2,3); \ A(1,1) \ A(1,2) \ A(1,3); \ A(3,1) \ A(3,2) \ A(3,3)];
25
       P = [0 0 1; 0 1 0; 1 0 0];
26
   end
27
28 %FIRST AND SECOND STEPS OF GAUSS ELIMINATION
29 a1 = A(2,1) / A(1,1);
30 a2 = A(3,1) / A(1,1);
31.
32 eq1A = [A(1,1) A(1,2) A(1,3)];
33 eq2A = (a1.*[A(1,1) A(1,2) A(1,3)]) - [A(2,1) A(2,2) A(2,3)];
34 \mid eq3A = (a2.*[A(1,1) A(1,2) A(1,3)]) - [A(3,1) A(3,2) A(3,3)];
35
36 U1 = [eq1A; eq2A; eq3A];
37
38 %THIRD STEP OF GAUSS ELIMINATION
   a3 = (a2*A(1,2)-A(3,2)) / (a1*A(1,2)-A(2,2));
   eq4A = (a3.*[U1(2,1) U1(2,2) U1(2,3)]) - ([U1(3,1) U1(3,2) U1(3,3)]);
41.
42 U = [eq1A; eq2A; eq4A];
43 L = [1 0 0; a1 1 0; a2 a3 0];
44 P = P:
45
46
47
48
49 end
```