

## STA260 Tutorial 8 Question 4

### Question 4

Let  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  be a random sample with the following common probability density function:

$$f(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} e^{\frac{-(y-\theta)}{2}} & y > \theta \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Here,  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$ . Determine whether  $f(y)$  is part of the exponential family.

No because the support depends on  $\theta$ .

Alternatively, if you try to turn this into an exponential form:

$$f(y) = \frac{1}{2} e^{-y/2 + \theta/2} = e^{-y/2 + \theta/2 + \ln(1/2)}$$

$$f(y|\theta) = e^{p(\theta)u(y) + q(\theta) + s(y)} \quad U = \sum_{i=1}^n u(y_i)$$

$$p(\theta) = -1/2 \quad u(y) = y \quad q(\theta) = \theta/2 \quad s(y) = \ln(1/2)$$

but  $p(\theta)$  is supposed to explicitly contain  $\theta$ ; it cannot be a constant.