

Calculus I - MAC 2311 - Section 003

Homework 1

Instructions: Solve the following exercises in a **separate sheet of paper**. Be tidy and organized! You can work on the exercises with your friends (or enemies!) but the final editing has to be yours. The homework has to be returned **by Wednesday September 12, 12:30 pm**. The total number for this homework is 110 (there are 10 extra points). The grade you will receive for this homework will count as a part of *Quizzes and handwritten homework* component of the total grade (15%).

Ex 1. (40 points) Compute the following limits and show all your work:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sin(\pi x)}{x + 1}$

b) $\lim_{t \rightarrow 3} \frac{t^2 - 2t - 3}{2t - 6}$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - 1}{x}$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\pi x^7 + 2x - 1}{-3x^7 + x^5}$

e) $\lim_{u \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-u^3 + 3u}{u + 1}$

f) $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{t + 5}{2t^5 - 3t^3 - 1}$

g) $\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(2018\alpha)}{2019\alpha}$

h) $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^+} \frac{\cos x - 1}{\cos x}$

i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2}{x + 1}$

j) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x)$, where $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2-4}{x-2}, & \text{when } x < 2 \\ \sqrt{x+2} + 2 & \text{when } x \geq 2 \end{cases}$



Ex 2. (25 points) Sketch the graph of a function f which satisfies simultaneously the following conditions:

- a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0$,
- b) f has a jump discontinuity at $x = -2$,
- c) $f(-2) = 3$,
- d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-2)^+} f(x) = 3$,
- e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = -\infty$,
- f) $x = 0$ is a solution for the equation $f(x) = 2$,
- g) The line $y = 2$ is a horizontal asymptote.



Ex 3. (25 points) Let f be the function defined as:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} c^2 \cdot \cos(x+1) + 2c, & \text{when } x \leq -1 \\ \frac{c}{x+3} & \text{when } x \geq -1 \end{cases},$$

where c is a constant (i.e. a real number).

- a) Compute $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-1)^-} f(x)$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-1)^+} f(x)$ and $f(-1)$.
- b) Find the value(s) of c what make f continuous at $x = -1$.
- c) If c is one of the values found in (b), is f continuous for all real numbers?



Ex 4. (20 points) Which statements are True/False? Justify your answers.

- a) The function $f(x) = \frac{x^2-9}{x+3}$ has a vertical asymptote at $x = -3$.
- b) Let f be a function which is continuous at $x = 2$. If $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = 3$, then $f(2) = 3$.
- c) If f is a continuous function on $[a, b]$ such that $f(a) < 0$ and $f(b) > 0$ then the equation $f(x) = 0$ has at least a solution.
- d) There exists a rational function that has 2 different horizontal asymptotes.