



Module 3-11

VUE Component Communication

Objectives

- Identify candidate components in a web page/app
- Explain SRP (Single Responsibility Principle)
- Implement a simple SPA (Single Page Application)
- Implement a child component that is passed data from a parent using props
- Create child components from an array in a parent component
- Access data stored in Vuex from multiple components
- Modify data stored in Vuex using mutations

Components in Vue

- A component is a custom element in Vue. They help you extend basic HTML elements to encapsulate reusable code.
- Allows you to break your app into small, reusable pieces which you can then
 use to build more complicated apps with.
- Just like encapsulation!
- SRP Single Responsibility Principle each component of an app should handle only one job.
 - Limit functionality as much as possible

Working With Multiple Components

- So far we have dealt with a relatively simple project setup, with a single component doing all the hard work, then importing that component into the App.vue parent component.
- The whole idea of component based JS development is that we can take several components and integrate them together under a parent component.
 - This requires us to learn some additional techniques as individual components are not aware of each other.
- Namely, we will be covering how to transmit data from a parent component to a child component and vice versa.

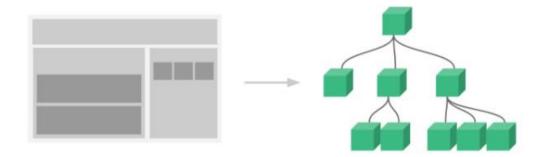
Importing Components

- Three step process
 - 1. Import the component in the script area
 - 2. Declare the component in the components object
 - 3. Add the component to your template object in the mark-up

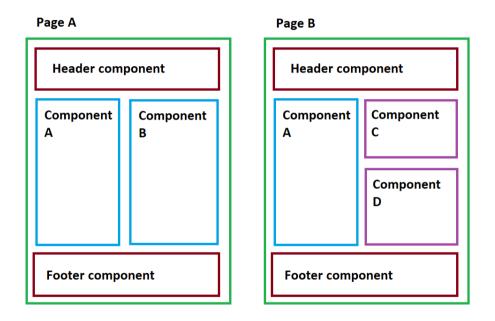
```
<template>
   <add-review></add-review>
</template>
<script>
import AddReview from \./components/addReview';
export default {
    components: {
      AddReview
</script>
```

Working With Multiple Components

- Does not change functionality
- Makes app easier to test and more maintainable



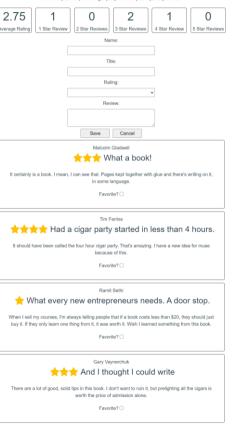
Working With Multiple Components



How to break apart ProductReviews

Product Reviews for Cigar Parties for Dummies

Host and plan the perfect cigar party for all of your squirrelly friends.



Single Responsibility Principle

Displaying Counts & Averages

Managing the Add Review Form

Filtering Reviews

Displaying Review Information



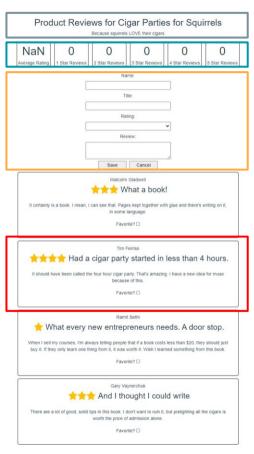
Display product information

Letting the user filter on star count

Adding Reviews

Marking Reviews as Favorited

Identifying Components



Props

 Vue has many properties, data, computed, methods and now props. Props is how a component can be given access to data from outside of that component.

 We will be using props to transmit data from a parent component to a child component.

Props Defining

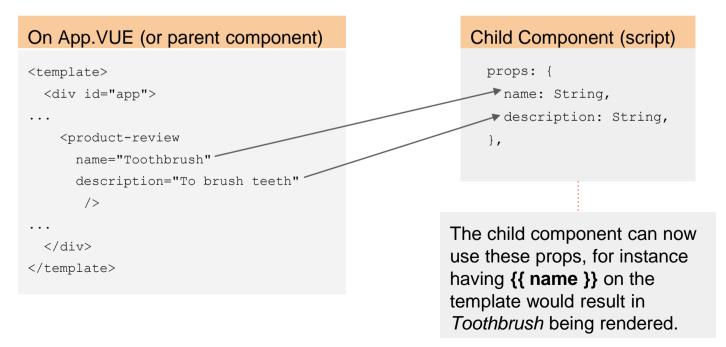
 Within a child component, props are defined in JSON format within the script section.

 It is a peer of the other sections we've seen so far: data(), computed, methods.

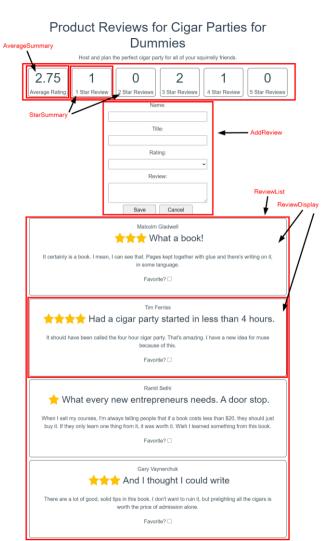
```
<script>
export default {
    name: "product-review",
    props() {
      // your props go here
    },
    data() {
             . . .
    computed: {
             . . .
    },
    methods: {
</script>
```

Properties Example

Consider the following example, where we utilize props to send data from a parent component to a child component:



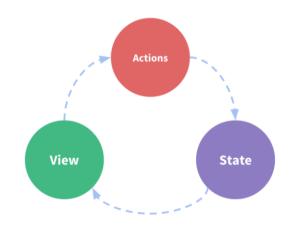
Components for Product Reviews



Let's Look at the Lecture Code!

Sharing data across multiple components

- Best to have data live in central location.
 - Separate from components that use it
 - Datastore
 - State
 - View
 - Actions
- Components read from store
 - Not keep own copy of data
- Only one store for each application
 - Single source of truth

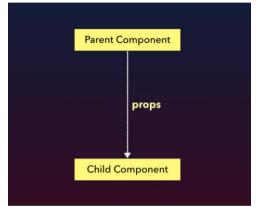


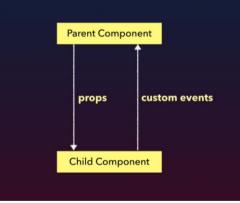
State and State management

- State of data
 - Data shared across components
 - Components receive this data
 - When data changes, component will update itself
 - Single source of truth in app
- State management
 - Managing data across components of an app
 - Store pattern where all actions that change state are in single stored class
 - Library such as Vuex makes this easy!

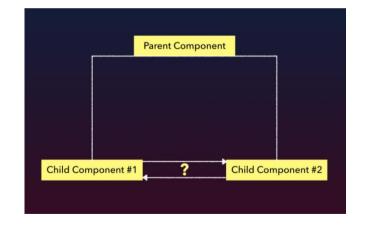


Sharing data across components



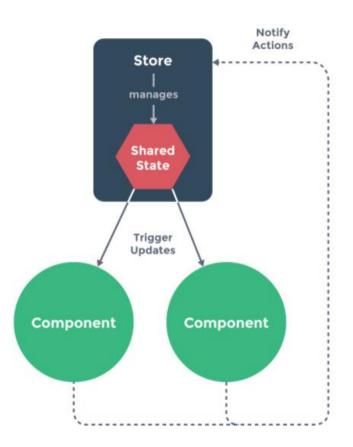






Vuex Store





Creating a Vuex Store

During project creation, add Vuex.

Add vuex to already created project

```
Vue CLT v3.7.0

Update available: 4.5.10

P Please pick a preset: Manually select features
C Check the features needed for your project: (Press <space> to select, <a> to oggle all, <i> to invert selection)
C Babel
( ) TypeScript
( ) Progressive Web App (PWA) Support
( ) Router
( ) Vuex
( ) CSS Pre-processors
( ) Linter / Formatter
( ) Unit Testing
( ) EZE Testing
```

```
C:\Users\Margaret Green\Workspace\first-project>vue add vuex

@ D@ Invoking generator for core:vuex...

@ D@ Installing additional dependencies...

added 1 package from 1 contributor and audited 1294 packages in 6.076s
found 0 vulnerabilities

@ Successfully invoked generator for plugin: core:vuex
The following files have been updated / added:

src/store/index.js
package-lock.json
package.json
src/main.js

You should review these changes with git diff and commit them.

C:\Users\Margaret Green\Workspace\first-project>
```

Vuex Store

```
import Vue from 'vue'
import Vuex from 'vuex'
Vue.use(Vuex)
export default new Vuex.Store({
  state: {
 mutations: {
  actions: {
 modules: {
```

Defining State

```
import · Vue · from · 'vue'
import · Vuex · from · 'vuex'
Vue.use (Vuex)
∃export default new Vuex.Store({
state: {
····name: 'Cigar Parties for Dummies',
....description: 'Host and plan the perfect cigar party for all of your squirre
····filter: ·0,
reviews: [
·····reviewer: · 'Malcolm · Gladwell',
·····title: 'What a book!',
····review:
......"It certainly is a book. I mean, I can see that. Pages kept together.
        language.",
·····rating: 3,
favorited: false
```

Accessing State

Moving State to Vuex with Mutations

```
1 import Vue from 'vue'
2 import Vuex from 'vuex'
4 Vue.use(Vuex)
6 export default new Vuex.Store({
    // State contains the global application state. Think of it as app-wide data
    state: {
    isAddOuestionVisible: false,
10
    },
11
    // Mutations are used to make discrete changes to state from a central place
13
    mutations: {
14
      SHOW_ADD_QUESTION(state) {
15
        state.isAddQuestionVisible = true;
16
      },
17
      HIDE_ADD_QUESTION(state) {
18
        state.isAddQuestionVisible = false;
19
      },
20
21 })
22
```

Calling Mutations from Component

```
1 export default {
    // Methods contain functions which can be invoked from event handlers or other code
    methods: {
      /**
      * Shows the add question form.
      showAddOuestionForm() {
        this.$store.commit('SHOW_ADD_QUESTION');
 9
      },
    },
    // Computed contains the Vue.is equivalent of getters that rely on other data to compute results.
    // Think of computed as computed or auto-calculated properties that are bound to from the template.
13
    computed: {
       isAddQuestionVisible() {
14
15
         return this.$store.state.isAddQuestionVisible;
16
18 };
```

Sending parameters from Component to Store

Receiving parameters from Component

Vuex \$store Commit **Vue Components** Mutations **Changes** Referenced in **Computed Properties** State

Big Picture



Component

```
1 export default {
    // Methods contain functions which can be invoked to
    methods: {
       * Shows the add question form.
 6
       showAddQuestionForm() {
        this.$store.commit('SHOW_ADD_QUESTION');
 9
10
    // Computed contains the Vue.is equivalent of gette
     // Think of computed as computed or auto-calculated
     computed: {
      isAddQuestionVisible() {
14
         return this.$store.state.isAddQuestionVisible;
15
16
17 }
18 };
```

```
1 export default new Vuex.Store({
2     // State contains the global application state. Think of it as app-wide data
3     state: {
4         isAddQuestionVisible: false,
5     },
6
7     // Mutations are used to make discrete changes to state from a central place
8     mutations: {
9         SHOW_ADD_QUESTION(state) {
10             state.isAddQuestionVisible = true;
11         },
12         HIDE_ADD_QUESTION(state) {
13             state.isAddQuestionVisible = false;
14         },
15         },
16     })
```

Big Picture



Component

```
1 export default {
    // Methods contain functions which can be invoked to
    methods: {
       * Shows the add question form.
 6
      showAddQuestionForm() {
        this.$store.commit('SHOW_ADD_QUESTION');
 9
10
    // Computed contains the Vue.is equivalent of gette
     // Think of computed as computed or auto-calculate
     computed: {
      isAddQuestionVisible() {
14
         return this.$store.state.isAddQuestionVisible;
15
16
17 }
18 };
```

```
1 export default new Vuex.Store({
2    // State contains the global application state. Think of it as app-wide data
3    state: {
4        isAddQuestionVisible: false,
5    },
6
7    // Mutations are used to make discrete changes to state from a central place
8    mutations: {
9        SHOW_ADD_QUESTION(state) {
10             state.isAddQuestionVisible = true;
11        },
12        HIDE_ADD_QUESTION(state) {
13             state.isAddQuestionVisible = false;
14        },
15        },
16    })
```

Immutability

Let's Code!