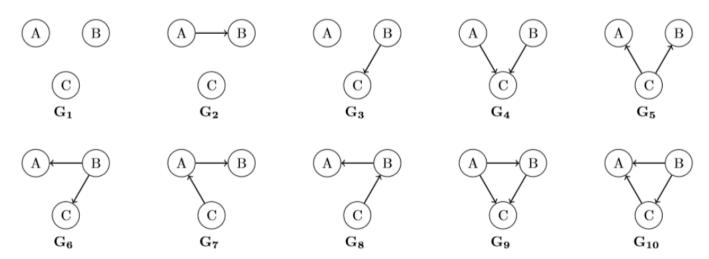
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Homework 6 Written

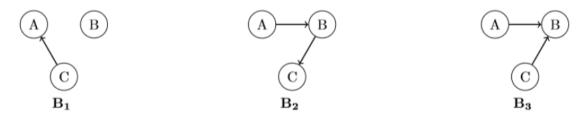
July 7th, 2021 at 11:59pm

1 Bayes' Net: Representation

Assume we are given the following ten Bayes' nets, labeled G_1 to G_{10} :



Assume we are also given the following Bayes' nets, labeled G_1 to G_3 :



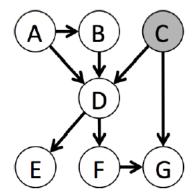
- 1. Assume we know that a joint distribution d_1 (over A,B,C) can be represented by Bayes' net $\mathbf{B_1}$. Mark all of the following Bayes' nets that are guaranteed to be able to represent d_1 .

 - \square None of the above.

								can be represented by Bayes' net $\mathbf{B_2}$. be able to represent d_2 .
G_1		G_2		G_3		$\mathbf{G_4}$		${ m G}_5$
G_{6}		G_7	✓	G_8	4	G_9	✓	G_{10}
None of	f the	above.						
		_				,		can be represented by Bayes' net $\mathbf{B_3}$. be able to represent d_3 .
G_1		$\mathbf{G_2}$		G_3		$\mathbf{G_4}$		${f G}_5$
G_{6}		G_7		G_8	√	\mathbf{G}_{9}	\checkmark	G_{10}
None of	f the	above.						
								an be represented by Bayes' net $\mathbf{B_1B_2}$ anteed to be able to represent d_4 .
${ m G_1}$	1	G_2	A	G_3	A	$\mathbf{G_4}$	V	anteed to be able to represent d_4 . $\mathbf{G_5}$
G_{6}	4	G_7	4	G_8	4	G_9		G_{10}
None of	f the	above.						

2 Variable Elimination

For the Bayes' net below, we are given the query P(A, E|+c). All variables have binary domains. Assume we run variable elimination to compute the answer to this query, with the following variable elimination ordering: B, D, G, F.



Complete the following description of the factors generated in this process:

After inserting evidence, we have the following factors to start out with:

Solution:

$$P(A), P(B \mid A), P(+c), P(D \mid A, B, +c), P(E \mid D), P(F \mid D), P(G \mid +c, F)$$

When eliminating B we generate a new factor f_1 as follows:

Solution:

$$f_1(A, +c, D) = \sum_b P(b \mid A)P(D \mid A, b, +c)$$

This leaves us with the factors:

Solution:

$$P(A), P(+c), P(E \mid D), P(F \mid D), P(G \mid +c, F), f_1(A, +c, D)$$

When eliminating D we generate a new factor f_2 as follows:

Solution: ...
$$f_2(A, E, F, +c) = \sum_{\alpha} P(E|A)P(F|A)f_{\alpha}(A, +c, A)$$

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This leaves us with the factors:

Solution:
$$P(A), P(+c), P(G|+c,F), f_2(A,E,F,+c)$$

When eliminating G we generate a new factor f_2 as follows:

Solution: ...
$$f_3(+c, F) = \sum_{g} P(g|+c, F)$$

This leaves us with the factors:

Solution: ...
$$P(A)$$
, $P(+c)$, $f_{2}(A,E,F,+c)$, $f_{3}(+c,F)$

When eliminating F we generate a new factor f_4 as follows:

Solution: ...
$$f_4(A,E+c) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} f_2(A,E,f_i+c) f_3(+c,f_i)$$

This leaves us with the factors:

(b) Write a formula to compute P(A, E|+c) from the remaining factors.

Solution: ...
$$P(A,E)+c) = \frac{P(A)P(+c)f_4(A,E,+c)}{\sum_{\alpha \in P(\alpha)}P(+c)f_4(\alpha,e,+c)}$$

(c) Among f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4 , which is the largest factor generated, and how large is it? Assume all variables have binary domains and measure the size of each factor by the number of rows in the table that would represent the factor.

Solution: ...
$$+ \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

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(d) Find a variable elimination ordering for the same query, i.e., for P(A, E|+c), for which the maximum size factor generated along the way is smallest. Hint: the maximum size factor generated in your solution should have only 2 variables, for a size of $2^2 = 4$ table. Fill in the variable elimination ordering and the factors generated into the table below.

Variable Eliminated	Factor Generated
В	filA, +c,D)
G	f. (A, +C,D) f. (+C,F)
F	Fa(A,+c,D)
D	fr(A, tc, E)

For example, in the naive ordering we used earlier, the first row in this table would have had the following two entries: B, $f_1(A, +c, D)$.