## Mitochondrial Genome Sequencing for variants identification in cancer



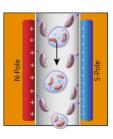
Group 2 - Pink

Elisabetta Callegaro Alice Casata Alessio Gambella Annalisa Xamin

#### **OUR PROPOSAL**

- Efficient **organelle isolation**
- mtDNA extraction and recovery
- Quality Control (size, amount and purity)
- PacBio Sequel IIe NNGS
   (mtDNA denaturation + custom-made primer set)

No library? - No problem!



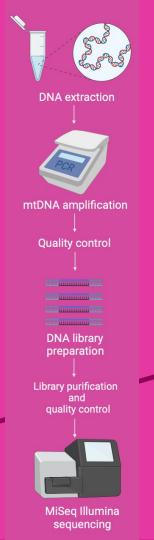
Fractionated Mitochondria
 Magnetic Separation (FMMS)

- Lysis Buffer
- Phenol-Chloroform Extraction
- RNases and Proteases Treatment



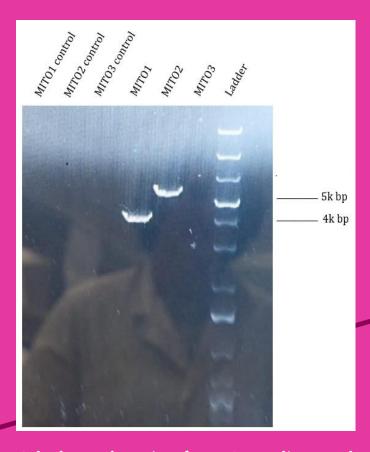
Quality Control
(low-voltage agarose gel
electrophoresis + Qubit + Nanodrop)

 Sequencing on PacBio Sequel IIe platform -Circular Consensus Mode (CCS)



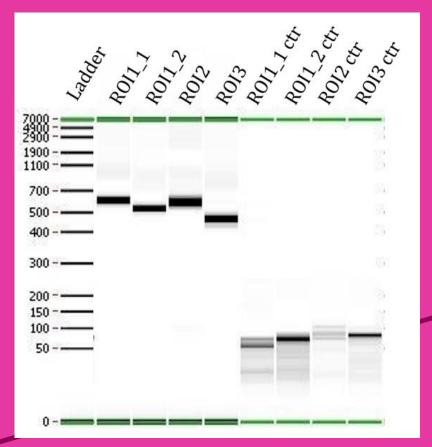
#### WetLab Workflow

- 1. **DNA extraction** (both nuclear and mitochondrial)
- 2. mtDNA amplification
  - a. MITO amplicons
    - gel electrophoresis
  - b. ROI amplicons
    - purification via Agencourt AMPure XP
    - ii. capillary electrophoresis via LabChip GX
- 3. Library preparation
  - a. via Nextera XT kit (MITO)
  - b. addition of adapters via PCR (ROI)
- 4. Library purification and quality control
  - a. purification via Agencourt AMPure XP
  - b. Qubit
  - c. capillary electrophoresis via LabChip GX
- 5. NGS via Illumina MiSeq



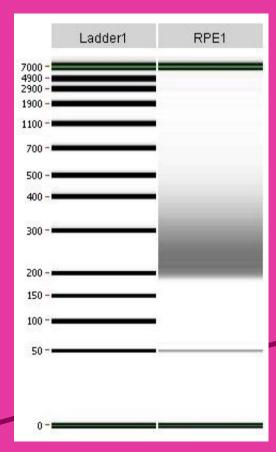
Gel electrophoresis of MITO amplicons. The MITO3 band is not visible.

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Results of capillary electrophoresis of the ROI amplicons. The control bands (without DNA template) are shorter in length and not purified.

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Results of capillary electrophoresis on Revvity LabChip GX of the MITO library.

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#### Computational Analysis Workflow

#### 1. Reads Quality Control

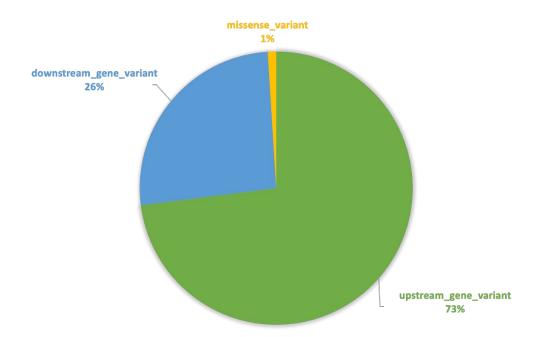
- a. before and after adapter removal (FastQC)
- b. Adapters removal (*Trimmomatic*)
- Alignment of the reads with a reference genome (BWA)
- 3. Variant calling (Mutect2)
  - a. Filtering of variants (*FilterMutectCalls*)
- 4. Variant functional annotation
- 5. Comparison of samples (PCA)

#### Results VEP RPE-ROI

#### Variant Effector Predictor - Ensembl

- Processed variants: 6
- Novel variants: 1
- Existing variants: 5

100% missense variants (coding)



#### Results - VEP RPE-ROI

- VEP (Variant Effector Predictor) Ensembl
- Considered predictors:
  - → SIFT: based on sequence homology and the physical properties of amino acids
  - → **Polyphen**: based on phylogenetic considerations

Location	Consequence	Symbol and Gene	Existing variant	APPRIS	SIFT	PolyPhen	Clinical Significance
M:3739-3739	Missense variant	MT-ND1 ENSG00000198888	-	P1	0.23	0.119	-

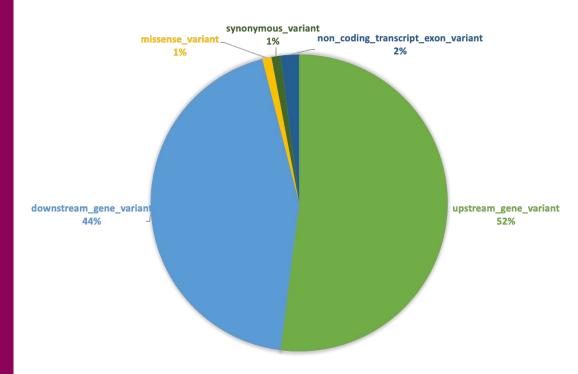
### Results VEP RPE-MITO

#### Variant Effector Predictor - Ensembl

- Processed variants: 21
- Novel variants: 1
- Existing variants: 20

50% missense variants

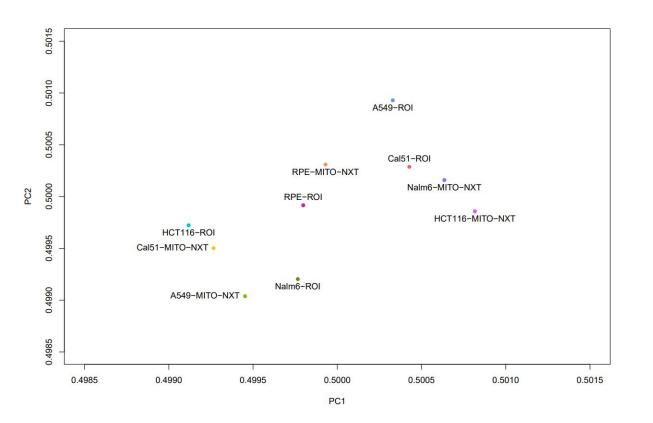
50% synonymous variants



#### Results - VEP RPE-MITO

Location	Consequence	Symbol and Gene	Existing variant	APPRIS	SIFT	PolyPhen	Clinical Significance
M:13145-13145	Missense variant	MT-ND5 ENSG00000198786	rs386829175	P1	1	0.003	benign
M:6419-6419	Missense variant	MT-CO1 ENSG00000198804	rs1603220461	P1	0	0.999	-
M:9912-9912	Missense variant	MT-CO3 ENSG00000198938	rs28580363	P1	0	0.957	-
M:15326-15326	Missense variant	MT-CYB ENSG00000198727	rs2853508	P1	0.21	0.009	benign, likely pathogenic
M:8860-8860	Missense variant	MT-ATP6 ENSG00000198899	rs2001031	P1	0.43	0.003	benign

#### Results - PCA



#### **Expectations**

- ★ Healthy and cancer cell lines are separated
- ★ MITO and ROI cluster together

#### Limitations

- ★ Overlapping points
- ★ Random distribution (Jitter function)

#### **Explanations**

- ★ Similar data
- ★ Problems in the PCA

#### VCF file analysis

Table S1 | Mutational burden of cancer vs healthy cell lines. The variations have been counted.

5 <u>2</u>	A549	Cal51	HCT116	Nalm6	RPE
MITO	36	26	34	57	27
ROI	8	10	7	21	8
$MITO \cap ROI$	39	32	38	67	30



#### **Conclusions**

- ★ Mutational burden higher in cancer cell lines
- ★ ROIs were valuable to identify variants

#### VCF file analysis

#### Only one variant is present in all tumor cell lines but not in RPE cells



#### MT-NDR2 gene

chrM:2.465

Total count: 5024

A: 760 (15%, 33+, 727-)

C:4(0%, 4+, 0-) G:19(0%, 7+, 12-)

T: 4241 (84%, 2949+, 1292-)

N:0

DEL: 8 INS: 1

Table S2 | Position and type of the SNPs found in RPE samples but not in tumor cells.

Position in ChrM	Gene	Type	RPE MITO	RPE ROI
152	-	Upstream/downstream gene variant	yes	yes
1959	MT-RNR2	Non-coding transcript exon variant	yes	no
3363	MT-ND1	-	no	yes
5318	MT-ND2	Synonymous variant	yes	no
5691	MT-TN	-	no	yes
9912	MT-CO3	Missense variant	yes	no
9950	MT-CO3	Synonymous variant	yes	no
13145	MT-ND5	Missense variant	yes	no
15466	MT-CYB	Synonymous variant	yes	no
15721	MT-CYB	Synonymous variant	yes	no
16192	-	Upstream/downstream gene variant	yes	no

# OUR PROPOSAL VS THE HARSH REALITY

#### **Main Divergences**



#### **Distinct sequencing technologies:**

- Illumina MiSeq
- PacBio Sequel IIe

#### **Distinct extraction processes:**

- Nuclear/mitochondrial DNA extraction + enrichment
- Organelle isolation + mtDNA extraction

Distinct quality control approaches and timing

**Library preparation** 



#### **Some Commonalities**

#### **Quality control techniques:**

- Qubit fluorometer 🔼 Go
- **□** Gel electrophoresis

## CRITICALITIES AND PROBLEMS

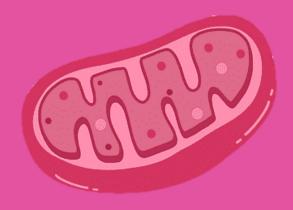
(THE DAILY BREAD OF ANY RESPECTABLE SCIENTIST)

#### **Notable Mentions**

- Unsuccessful MITO3 amplification
- Unsatisfactory library size and purity
- Irrelevant PCA plot



# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



# E.A.M

