

# 1 Solution for HW1 / CSE254 / 2020

## 1.1 Setup

We observe a bit sequence  $Y_1, Y_2, \dots \in \{0, 1\}$ . We generate a sequence of predictions  $p_1, p_2, \dots \in [0, 1]$  and would like to minimize the cumulative loss  $L_T = \sum_{t=1}^T |p_t - Y_t|$ .

We consider two scenarios:

1. We assume that the sequence is generated by IID coin flips where  $P(Y_t = 1) = q$ .  $q$  is unknown.
2. We don't assume anything about how the sequence is generated. We want the cumulative loss to not be much larger than the cumulative loss of the best (in hindsight) fixed prediction  $h \in [0, 1]$

## 1.2 Analysis for IID scenario

Suppose that we are in the IID scenario, and that we know the bias  $q$ . It is not hard to convince yourself that if  $q > 1/2$  the best prediction is  $p = 1$  and if  $q < 1/2$  the best prediction is  $p = 0$ . If  $q = 1/2$  the expected loss is  $1/2$  independent of the value of  $p$

As we don't know the value of  $q$ , we need to estimate it, the minimal variance estimator is

$$\hat{q}_t = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^t Y_i}{t}$$

The best prediction, given this estimate, is

$$p_t = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \hat{q}_t \leq 1/2 \\ 1 & \text{if } \hat{q}_t > 1/2 \end{cases}$$