

# Implementation

Assume that in node  $s$  the counts  $a_s(x_1^{t-1})$  and  $b_s(x_1^{t-1})$  are stored, as well as  $\beta^s(x_1^{t-1})$ . We then get the following sequence of operations:

1. Node  $0_s$  delivers cond. wei. probability  $P_w^{0s}(X_t = 1|x_1^{t-1})$  to node  $s$ .
2. Cond. est. probability  $P_e^s(X_t = 1|x_1^{t-1})$  is determined as follows:

$$P_e^s(X_t = 1|x_1^{t-1}) = \frac{b_s(x_1^{t-1}) + 1/2}{a_s(x_1^{t-1}) + b_s(x_1^{t-1}) + 1}. \quad (3)$$

3. Now  $P_w^s(X_t = 1|x_1^{t-1})$  can be computed as in (1).
4. The ratio  $\beta^s(\cdot)$  is then updated with symbol  $x_t$  as follows:

$$\beta^s(x_1^{t-1}, x_t) = \beta^s(x_1^{t-1}) \cdot \frac{P_e^s(X_t = x_t|x_1^{t-1})}{P_w^{0s}(X_t = x_t|x_1^{t-1})}. \quad (4)$$

5. Finally, depending on the value  $x_t$ , either count  $a_s(x_1^{t-1})$  or  $b_s(x_1^{t-1})$  is incremented.