

Arguments

Arguments and Roles

Argument:

- Noun Phrases that are governed by a predicate.
- Must serve both grammatical roles and semantic/participant roles.

Semasiological
Concern Form

Grammatical role:

- The grammatical job arguments assume.

Semantic/participant role:

- The conceptual job arguments assume.

Onomasiological
Concern Meaning

Hand: Noedelhap/iStock/Thinkstock

Arguments and Roles

● Argument:

- Noun Phrases that are governed by a predicate.
- Must serve both grammatical roles and semantic/participant roles.
- Form of the sentence.
- Number and order of Noun phrases.

● Grammatical role:

- The grammatical job arguments assume.
- Form of the words.
- Order of the words.

E.g.:

We run to the store.

He runs to the store.

● Semantic/participant role:

- The conceptual job arguments assume.
- How the arguments are related via the action or state.

Arguments and Roles

● Argument:

- Noun Phrases that are governed by a predicate.
- Must serve both grammatical roles and semantic/participant roles.
- Form of the sentence.
- Number and order of Noun phrases.

subject
agent
argument

(direct)
object
patient
argument

V_2 Maggie bandages the cat.

● Grammatical role:

- The grammatical job arguments assume.
- Form of the words.
- Order of the words.

patient
subject

agent
complement

The cat is bandaged by Maggie.

● Semantic/participant role: (a.k.a. Thematic roles, Theta roles, 0-roles)

- The conceptual job arguments assume.
- How the arguments are related via the action or state.