SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL OWL-NETS: Abstracting Knowledge for Network Inference

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1. Link Prediction Algorithms

The eight local similarity algorithms, defined consistent with the literature, ^{1,2} are:

(1) Degree Product: Given two nodes i and j, this measure is calculated as the product of the degree (i.e., the number of connected nodes) of nodes i and j, where k is the node degree:

$$score(i,j) = k_i k_j$$
 (1)

(2) Common Neighbors: Given two nodes i and j, this measure is calculated as the number of neighbors that are common to both nodes i and j, where is the set of nodes connected to node j:

$$score(i,j) = |\Gamma(i) \cap \Gamma(j)|$$
 (2)

(3) Jaccard Coefficient:³ Nodes i and j, this measure is calculated as the number of neighbors that are common to both nodes i and j normalized by the number of nodes adjacent to either node i or node j:

$$score(i,j) = \frac{|\Gamma(i) \cap \Gamma(j)|}{|\Gamma(i) \cup \Gamma(j)|}$$
(3)

(4) Srenson Similarity:⁴ Given nodes i and j, this measure is calculated as the number of neighbors that are common to both nodes i and j normalized by the sum of the degrees of node i and node j:

$$score(i,j) = \frac{|\Gamma(i) \cap \Gamma(j)|}{k_i + k_j}$$
 (4)

(5) Leicht-Holme-Newman:⁵ Two nodes i and j, this measure is calculated as the number of neighbors that are common to both nodes i and j normalized by the product of the degrees of node i and node j:

$$score(i,j) = \frac{|\Gamma(i) \cap \Gamma(j)|}{k_i * k_j}$$
(5)

(6) Shortest Paths: Given two nodes i and j, this measure is calculated as the reciprocal of the length of the shortest path from node i to node j, (i, j):

$$score(i,j) = \frac{1}{\sigma(i,j)}$$
 (6)

A score of zero is given for all node pairs not connected by a path.

(7) Resource Allocation:⁶ given two nodes i and j, this measure is calculated as the sum of the reciprocal of the degrees of nodes adjacent to both nodes i and j:

$$score(i,j) = \sum_{z \in \Gamma(i) \cap \Gamma(j)} \frac{1}{k_z}$$
 (7)

(8) Adamic-Advar:⁷ Given two nodes i and j, this measure is calculated as the sum of the reciprocal of the log of the degrees of the nodes adjacent to both nodes i and j:

$$score(i,j) = \sum_{z \in \Gamma(i) \cap \Gamma(j)} \frac{1}{\log(k_z)}$$
 (8)

The two global similarity algorithms, defined consistent with the literature, 8 are:

(1) Katz: Given an unweighted adjacency matrix A, $A_{i,j}$ if there is a link between nodes i and j and zero if there is not. Each element of A_{ij} , A_k has value equal to the number of walks with length k between nodes i and j:

$$score(i,j) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \beta^k A_{ij}^k$$
(9)

where β , must be lower than the largest eigenvector of matrix A, that is used to give shorter paths more weight. Consistent with the literature, ¹⁰ a value of $\beta = 0.001$ was used.

(2) Rooted Page Rank: A random walker starts from node i and randomly moves to a neighbor of node i. The walker then has a probability of $1 - \alpha$ for teleporting back to node i. Consistent with the literature, ¹⁰ a value of $\alpha = 0.15$ was used.

Table 1. Table 1. Descriptive Characteristics by Network Representation

Property	OWL	OWL-NETS	p-value
Nodes	1578.400 (155.850)	247.950 (22.741)	< 0.0001
Edges	4110.930 (445.103)	1130.100 (153.514)	< 0.0001
Average Degree	5.204 (0.091)	9.083 (0.473)	< 0.0001
Density	$0.003\ (0.000)$	0.037(0.002)	0.002
Diameter	10.000 (0.000)	$5.880\ (0.325)$	< 0.0001
Clustering Coefficient	$0.067 \ (0.005)$	0.338(0.013)	0.013
Degree Assortativity	-0.223 (0.001)	-0.122 (0.019)	0.019
Degree Heterogeneity	$13.684\ (1.542)$	$2.354\ (0.185)$	< 0.0001
Number of Shortest Paths	5694.170 (1054.645)	683.680 (116.755)	< 0.0001
Average Shortest Path Length	3.760(0.039)	2.934(0.048)	< 0.0001
Number of Cliques	3532.050 (376.901)	703.110 (95.554)	< 0.0001

Table 2. Table 2. Descriptive Characteristics by Network Representation and Query

Property	Q2:OWL	Q2:OWL-NETS	Q3:OWL	Q3:OWL-NETS
Nodes	840	59	22,679	1783
Edges	1426	59	33,848	3940
Average Degree	3.419	2.000	2.980	4.420
Density	0.0040	0.0344	0.0001	0.0020
Diameter	13	4	9	18^a
Degree Assortativity	-0.193	-0.630	-0.124	-0.308
Degree Heterogeneity	8.789	4.533	558.463	6.673
Number of Shortest Paths	2,683	202	91,483	$8,986^{a}$
Average Shortest Path Length	4.06	3.19	4.13	6.54^{a}

All descriptives were run on the undirected versions of the networks. a Query 3:OWL-NETS statistics were derived on the largest connected component

Table 3. Table 3. Queries 2 Link Prediction Run–Time

Algorithm	OWL	OWL-NETS
Degree Product	00:00:07	00:37:42
Shortest Path	00:00:10	01:49:08
Common Neighbors	00:00:07	00:31:47
Jaccard Coefficient	00:00:07	00:32:04
Sorenson Similarity	00:00:07	00:32:09
Leicht-Holme-Newman	00:00:07	00:32:09
Adamic Advar	00:00:08	00:32:51
Resource Allocation	00:00:07	00:32:36
Katz	00:00:30	08:12:51
Rooted Page Rank	00:01:00	12:16:21

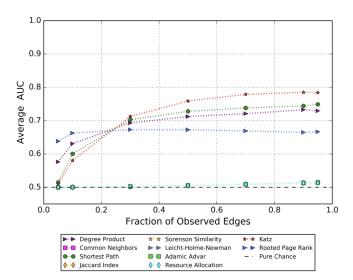


Fig. 1. Link Prediction Methods. The OWL-NETS abstraction networks created from Query 3 (Table 1).

Table 4. Table 4. Top Scoring Edges from the Query 3 OWL-NETS Abstraction Networks (n=6 edges)

Node 1	Node 2	Description
AG- 1067^{a}	$\mathrm{MMP2}^b$	AGI-1067 is derived from probucol, which has been shown to decrease MMP-2 expression and activity in Apolipoprotein E-deficient mice. ¹¹
$DB03683^{a}$	$\mathrm{APAF1}^b$	DB03683a targets MMP9 through an unknown mechanism. Downregulation of MMP9 induces APAF1 expression. 12
$celiprolol^a$	CYCS^b	Celiprolol is an investigational drug used to treat hypertension. Cytochrome c has been shown to mediate hypertension in rats and in humans. 13,14
1454838^{c}	TF^b	TF binds to and transports iron. Iron is required for the proliferation of multiple myeloma cells. CD147 (1454838) is overexpressed in multiple myeloma cells and is positively correlated with cell proliferation. ^{15,16}
$DB04513^{a}$	$\mathrm{RAF1}^b$	DB04513 targets Calmodulin 1, which can regulate the threshold for activation of the Ras/Raf/MEK/ERK signaling pathway. 17
$\mathrm{CXCL}12^b$	$DB07691^{a}$	DB07691 is an n-phenylbenzamide, which can inhibit the Mitochondrial Permeability Transition Pore whose continual opening is associated with mitochondrial dysfunction. CXCL12 regulates mitochondria association around the MTOC (microtubule organizing center). ^{18,19}

 $[^]a\mathrm{DrugBank}$ entity (DrugBank ID used for experimental compounds); $^b\mathrm{Uniprot}$ entity (gene symbol shown); $^c\mathrm{Reactome}$ entity (database identifier).

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