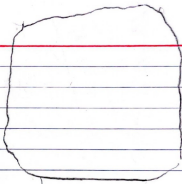



^{Sample:} Angsmakssalik W 2111
14 Jan 2012 - JTW

Rusty slab ~ 3 mm thick; total mass 62.0 g
Coarsest octahedrite; ham. bandwidth ~ 5 mm
Much corrosion at ham. grain boundaries but
interiors seem to be solid metal.
Metal seems to have a frothy appearance,
probably the result of a deep etch. We did not
yet prepare a new surface.
I was not able to find any inclusions.



Amygiskij

Small sample from KMAN, Moscow ⁵ . Seems to be a hexahedrite; abundant Neumann lines, no taenite. Curious "whitish" mottled area in lower left - may be some sort of reheating effect. Under high power I can see many tiny ($10\text{ }\mu\text{m} \times 100\text{ }\mu\text{m}$) rhabdites in the unheated area, but extensive resorption and even incipient melting? (domains of clear solid $60 \times 100\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ in size) in the mottled areas.

JTW 3.4.90

Autofagasta (Autofagasta, Chile)

13. Aug. 71. Two pieces from NMNH 1207. Both have had olivine removed. Pallasite seems to be relatively rich in metal. Olivine grains were rounded, and typical dimensions were apparently about 0.5 cm diameter. The one flat surface of the larger piece we received includes one area of clear metal about 1.1 cm across, ^(w/1.2 cm²) and at least 2-3 mm thick in this section. There is a little fresh rust on the polished & etched surface, but on the whole the sample is very fresh. Minor amount of (schreib.) inclusions - apparently most were removed with olivine. Kam about 1.2 mm, unoriented. Swathing horn 1-2 mm across, unoriented. Dark plessite with ^{"merowid"} no v. banding, but one big (1.2 mm) band.

Apizaco

Jan 2015

End piece minus ~ 5 g piece removed
from straight edge on "north". Mass today 126.5

Section not completely flat (we didn't remove
all the grooves from the saw).

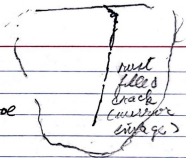
Bandwidth is 1.05 ± 0.15 mm

Numerous dark pleisile fields, $(0.3-1) \times (1 \times 2)$ mm

No FeS recognized. Some small bright inclusions (upto 3×0.6 mm)
may be schreibersite. (Alan agrees that they are).

There is a crack (shown in mirror image on the sketch), filled
with iron oxide. NO. 2 mm ^{wide}

The meteorite nests rapidly in the cabinet.



Apoala - 2nd card.

6 Jun. 66. sample received from CNHM, Cal No. Me 1008, Wt 18.0 g.
Sample is flat slab, $\sim 1.5 \text{ cm} \times 3 \text{ cm} \times 1.5 \text{ cm}$, with one $0.5 \times 3 \text{ cm}$ surface
in very bad condition from weathering. Weathering does not
appear to have penetrated inward more than $\sim 1 \text{ mm}$, however.
Several large schreib inclusions, which are extended to form
cracks. Evidence of oxidation along these cracks & inclusions, inward ~ 0.1
mm. Widmannstätten pattern a bit indistinct, probably as a result of
light heat treatment (or a manifestation of weathering? - I doubt it). Kam
bands are irregular, and vary in width from $0.3 - 0.7 \text{ mm}$. Resembles
group #6 met's except for slightly washed out Widmannstätten pattern.

29 Jul 1966 Perry (1944) plate 47, fig 1, p. 167 gives a very nice X1.2 photo
of Apoala, showing a troilite inclusion and two small Reichenbach lamellae.