

Camp: Hqgsmakssalik N 2111

14 Jan 2012 - STW

Rusty slab ~3 mm thick; total mass 62.0 g

Coarsest octahedrite; lam. bandwidth ~5 mm

Much corrosion at lam. grain boundaries but interiors seem to be solid metal.

Metal seems to have a frosty appearance, probably the result of a deep etch. We did not yet prepare a new surface.

I was not able to find any inclusions.

IN 1360

Anyujskij

Small sample from KMAN, Moscow 5 mm. Seems to be a hexahedrite; abundant Neumann<sup>7</sup> lines, no taenite. Curious "whitish" mottled area in lower left - may be some sort of reheatting effect. Under high power I can see many tiny ( $10 \mu\text{m} \times 100 \mu\text{m}$ ) kamacites in the unreheated area, but extensive resorption and even euhedral melilite? (domains of clear soled  $60 \times 100 \mu\text{m}$  in size) in the mottled areas.

JRW 3.9.90

# Antofagasta (Antofagasta, Chile)

13. Aug. 71. Two pieces from NMNH 1207. Both have had olivine removed. Pallasite seems to be relatively rich in metal. Olivine grains were rounded, and typical dimensions were apparently about 0.5 cm diameter. The one flat surface of the larger piece we received includes one area of clear metal about 1.1 cm across, and at least 2-3 mm thick in this section. There is a little fresh rust on the polished etched surface, but on the whole the sample is very fresh. Minor amount of (schreib.) inclusions - apparently most were removed with olivine. Kam about 1.2 mm, unoriented. Swathing kam 1-2 mm across, unoriented. Dark plessite with no banding, but one big (1.2 mm) band.  
"merowid"

Apizaco

Jan 2015

End piece weighs ~ 5 g, piece recovered  
from straight edge on "north". Mass today 126.5

Section not completely flat (we didn't remove  
all the grooves from the saw).

Band width is  $1.05 \pm 0.15$  mm

Numerous dark plagioclase fields,  $(0.3-1) \times (1 \times 2)$  mm

No FeS recognized. Some small bright inclusions (upto  $3 \times 0.6$  mm)  
may be schreibersite (Alan agrees that they are),  $\text{NO}_{\text{2}} \text{mm}^{+2}$

There is a crack (shown in mirror image on the sketch), filled  
with iron oxide.

The meteorite rests happily in the cabinet.

{ west  
filled  
crack  
curved  
edge }

Apolca - 2nd card.

6 Jun. 66. sample received from CNHM, Cat No. Me 1008, Wt 18.0 g.  
sample is flat slab,  $\sim 1.5\text{ cm} \times 3\text{ cm}$ , with one  $0.5 \times 3\text{ cm}$  surface  
in very bad condition from weathering. Weathering does not  
appear to have penetrated inward more than  $\sim 0.1$  mm, however.  
Several large schreib inclusions, which are extended to form  
cracks. Evidence of oxidation along these cracks + inclusions, inward  $\sim 0.1$   
mm. Widmannstätten pattern a bit indistinct, probably as a result of  
light heat treatment (or a manifestation of weathering? - I doubt it). Kams  
bands are irregular, and vary in width from  $0.3 - 0.7$  mm. Resembles  
group III b mts except for slightly washed out Widmannstätten pattern.

29 Jul 1966 Perry (1944) plate 47, fig 1, p. 167 gives a very nice X1.2 photo  
of Apolca, showing a troilite inclusion and two small Reichenbach lamellae