You can run (almost) anything on the JVM, so why not run everything on the same JVM?! The magic of interoperability!

Anne DeCusatis, May 2019

#### What is the JVM?

- The Java Virtual Machine (JVM) was created as a cross-platform environment to run code from the programming language Java
- As long as the language can compile to Java bytecode, the source language doesn't have to be Java

# Scala

#### Scala runs in SBT on the JVM

```
package interop.example1

object ScalaMain {

  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
     println("Initializing Scala!")
     println("Exiting Scala!")
  }
}
```

```
sbt:interop> runMain interop.example1.ScalaMain
...
[info] Running interop.example1.ScalaMain
Initializing Scala!
Exiting Scala!
[success] Total time: 3 s
```

## Java

#### Scala interoperates with Java

```
package interop.example1;
public class JavaMain {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
      System.out.println("Initializing Java!");
      ScalaMain$.MODULE$.main(args);
      System.out.println("Exiting Java!");
package interop.example1
object ScalaMain {
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
      println("Initializing Scala!")
      println("Exiting Scala!")
```

```
sbt:interop> runMain interop.example1.JavaMain
...
[info] Running interop.example1.JavaMain
Initializing Java!
Initializing Scala!
Exiting Scala!
Exiting Java!
[success] Total time: 4 s
```

#### Scala interoperates with Java

```
package interop.example1;
public class JavaMain {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     System.out.println("Initializing Java!");
      ScalaMain$.MODULE$.main(args);
      System.out.println("Exiting Java!");
package interop.example1
object ScalaMain {
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
      println("Initializing Scala!")
      println("Exiting Scala!")
```

```
sbt:interop> runMain interop.example1.JavaMain
...
[info] Running interop.example1.JavaMain
Initializing Java!
Initializing Scala!
Exiting Scala!
Exiting Java!
[success] Total time: 4 s
```

Objects don't exist as a Java construct, so Scala uses \$.MODULE\$

# Python

#### Python also runs on the JVM

```
from interop.example1.JavaMain import main as jmain

def main():
    print("Initializing python!")
    jmain([])
    print("Exiting python!")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

addSbtPlugin("info.hupel" % "sbt-jsr223" % "0.1.1")
addSbtPlugin("info.hupel" % "sbt-jython" % "0.1.1")
enablePlugins(JythonPlugin)
```

```
sbt:interop> runMain PythonMain$py
...
[info] Running PythonMain$py
Initializing python!
Initializing Java!
Initializing Scala!
Exiting Scala!
Exiting Java!
Exiting Java!
Exiting Java!
Exiting python!
[success] Total time: 2 s
```

#### Python also runs on the JVM

```
sbt:interop> runMain PythonMain$py
from interop.example1.JavaMain import main as jmain
                                                         [info] Running PythonMain$py
def main():
      print("Initializing python!")
                                                         Initializing python!
                                                         Initializing Java!
      jmain([])
      print("Exiting python!")
                                                         Initializing Scala!
                                                         Exiting Scala!
   __name__ == "__main__":
                                                         Exiting Java!
      main()
                                                         Exiting python!
                                                         [success] Total time: 2 s
```

Python also uses \$ to identify internal constructs used when compiling bytecode

# Clojure

#### Clojure Hello World

```
(ns interop.example1.core)

(defn -main
   "I can say 'Hello World'."
   ([] (println "Initializing Clojure!\nExiting Clojure!")))
```

#### Clojure Hello World from Scala

```
package interop.example1
import clojure.java.api.Clojure
object ScalaMain {
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
      println("Initializing Scala!")
      // call clojure
      // https://blog.michielborkent.nl/2016/07/26/clojure-from-scala/
      // first initialize ability to require things
      val core = Clojure.`var`("clojure.core", "require")
      // then require my namespace
      core.invoke(Clojure.read("interop.example1.core"))
      // then find my function
      val clojureMain = Clojure.`var`("interop.example1.core", "-main")
      // then run the function
      clojureMain.invoke()
      println("Exiting Scala!")
```

```
[info] Running PythonMain$py
Initializing Python!
Initializing Java!
Initializing Scala!
[error] (run-main-0) Traceback (most recent call last):
          File "PythonMain$py", line 12, in <module>
[error]
[error]
          File "PythonMain$py", line 8, in main
                  at clojure.lang.RT.load(RT.java:466)
[error]
[error]
                  at clojure.lang.RT.load(RT.java:428)
                  at clojure.core$load$fn 6824.invoke(core.clj:6126)
[error]
                  at clojure.core$load.invokeStatic(core.clj:6125)
[error]
[error]
                  at clojure.core$load.doInvoke(core.clj:6109)
                  at clojure.lang.RestFn.invoke(RestFn.java:408)
[error]
[error]
                  at clojure.core$load one.invokeStatic(core.clj:5908)
                  at clojure.core$load one.invoke(core.clj:5903)
[error]
                  at clojure.core$load lib$fn 6765.invoke(core.clj:5948)
[error]
[error]
                  at clojure.core$load lib.invokeStatic(core.clj:5947)
                  at clojure.core$load lib.doInvoke(core.clj:5928)
[error]
                  at clojure.lang.RestFn.applyTo(RestFn.java:142)
[error]
[error]
                  at clojure.core$apply.invokeStatic(core.clj:667)
                  at clojure.core$load libs.invokeStatic(core.clj:5985)
[error]
                  at clojure.core$load libs.doInvoke(core.clj:5969)
[error]
[error]
                  at clojure.lang.RestFn.applyTo(RestFn.java:137)
                  at clojure.core$apply.invokeStatic(core.clj:667)
[error]
[error]
                  at clojure.core$require.invokeStatic(core.clj:6007)
```

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[annan]

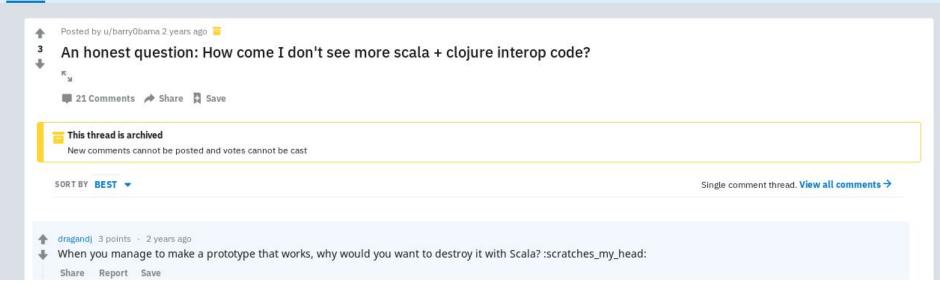
#### Clojure runtime exception

Eventually caused by...

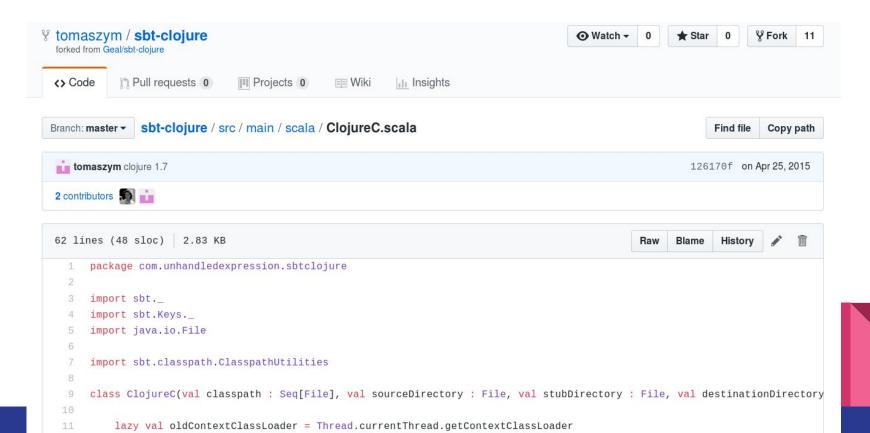
[error] java.io.FileNotFoundException: java.io.FileNotFoundException: Could not locate interop/example1/core\_\_init.class, interop/example1/core.clj or interop/example1/core.cljc on classpath.



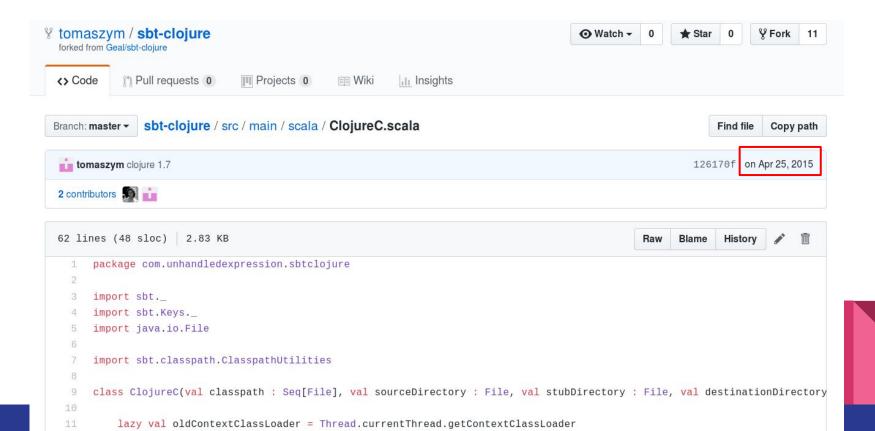
#### Posts



### I need an SBT plugin for Clojure



### I need an SBT plugin for Clojure



#### Clojure

```
sbt:interop> runMain PythonMain$py
...
[info] Running PythonMain$py
Initializing Python!
Initializing Java!
Initializing Scala!
Initializing Clojure!
Exiting Clojure!
Exiting Scala!
Exiting Scala!
Exiting Java!
Exiting Java!
Exiting Java!
Exiting Python!
[success] Total time: 8 s
```

#### Clojure

```
sbt:interop> runMain PythonMain$py
...
[info] Running PythonMain$py
Initializing Python!
Initializing Java!
Initializing Scala!
Initializing Clojure!
Exiting Clojure!
Exiting Scala!
Exiting Scala!
Exiting Java!
Exiting Java!
Exiting Python!
[success] Total time: 8 s
```

# Kotlin & Ruby

#### Additional hello world, additional AutoPlugin

```
package interop.example1
import org.jruby.Ruby

fun main() {
    println("Initializing Kotlin!")
    val rb = Ruby.getGlobalRuntime()
    rb.executeScript("puts 'Hello from an inline Ruby script!'", "RubyMain.rb")
    println("Exiting Kotlin!")
}
```

### Live demo time!

### Thank you!

github.com/ anne-decusatis/ jvm-interoperability