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SkipList.java
package src.main;
import java.util.Random;
public class SkipList K extends Comparable K>, T>{
        private float p; //p nodes with level i pointers also have level i+1 pointers
        private Element < K, T > header;
        private int maxLevel;
        private int level;
        //TODO: Make MaxLevel start off at a resonable level and then increase with numElements
        private int numElements;
        public SkipList(float probability){
                p = probability;
                numElements = 0;
                level = 1;
                \max \text{Level} = 16;
                header = new Element < K, T > (null, null, maxLevel);
        public SkipList(float probability, int powerOfTwoSize){
                p = probability;
                numElements = 0;
                maxLevel = powerOfTwoSize;
                level = 1;
                header = new Element < K, T > (null, null, maxLevel);
        public T search(K searchKey){
                /*Search(list, searchKey)
                        x := list header
                        -- loop invariant: x key < searchKey
                         for i := list level downto 1 do
                                 while x forward [i] key < searchKey do
```

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x := x forward[i]
        -- x key < searchKey
                                   x forward [1] key
        x := x \text{ forward } [1]
        if x key = searchKey then return x value
                 else return failure */
header.resetCurrentLevelToRoot();
Element \langle K, T \rangle x = \text{header};
int lev = x.getCurrentLevelNum();
//Go from top level down to level 1
while (lev > 0)
        //If the next element at this level is not null and is less than the key, advance
        while (x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel() != null
                && x.getNextElementKeyForCurrentLevel().compareTo(searchKey) < 0){
                x = x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel();
        //System.out.println(x.getCurrentLevelNum() + " " + x.getKey());
        // System.out.println(update.getCurrentLinkNum() + " " + update.getCurrentLink());
        //Advance to the next level down in our update list as well as our current element
        if (lev > 1){
                x.advanceCurrentLevel();
                lev = x.getCurrentLevelNum();
        }else{
                lev --;
//Go to the next element
x = x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel();
System.out.println("HERE!!!");
if (x != null && x.getKey().compareTo(searchKey) == 0){
        return x.getData();
} else {
        return null;
```

```
public void delete (K searchKey) {
                LinkedList <K, T> update = new LinkedList <>(maxLevel);
                Element \langle K, T \rangle x = \text{header};
                K kev:
                header.resetCurrentLevelToRoot();
                int lev = x.getCurrentLevelNum();
                //Go from top level down to level 1
                while (lev > 0) {
                        //If the next element at this level is not null and is less than the key, advance
                        while (x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel() != null
                                 && x.getNextElementKeyForCurrentLevel().compareTo(searchKey) < 0){
                                 x = x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel();
                        //Store the current element in our update save list
                        update.setCurrentLink(x.getCurrentLevelLink());
                        //Since update is a linked list, we need to set the root if this is the top
                        if (x.getCurrentLevelNum() = maxLevel){
                                 update.setRoot(x.getCurrentLevelLink());
                        // System.out.println(x.getCurrentLevelNum() + " " + x.getCurrentLevelLink());
                        // System.out.println(update.getCurrentLinkNum() + " " + update.getCurrentLink());
                        //Advance to the next level down in our update list as well as our current element
                        if(lev > 1){
                                 update.advanceCurrent();
                                 x.advanceCurrentLevel();
                                 lev = x.getCurrentLevelNum();
                        else
                                 lev --;
                // System.out.println(x.getCurrentLevelNum() + " " + x.getCurrentLevelLink());
/**** Purely code to test ****/
```

```
// update.resetCurrentLinkToRoot();
                // while (update.getCurrentLinkNum() > 1){
                        System.out.println(update.getCurrentLinkNum() + " " + update.getCurrentLink());
                        update.advanceCurrent();
                // System.out.println(update.getCurrentLinkNum() + " " + update.getCurrentLink());
/***********/
                //Go to the next element
                x = x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel();
                //If key == our key to delete, we can delete it
                if (x != null && x.getKey().compareTo(searchKey) == 0){
                        //Go to the top of the update list, attach the new vector
                        update.resetCurrentLinkToRoot();
                        lev = update.getCurrentLinkNum();
                        while (lev > 0)
                                //System.out.println("lev "+ lev);
                                //When we hit level v, start splicing in the new element x
                                if (update.getCurrentLinkNextElement() == x){
                                        update.setCurrentLinkNextElement(x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel());
                                if(lev > 1){
                                        update.advanceCurrent();
                                        lev = update.getCurrentLinkNum();
                                }else lev--;
                        header.resetCurrentLevelToRoot();
                        numElements—;
                        //Reset current pointers
                header.resetCurrentLevelToRoot();
```

```
public Element < K, T > insert (K search Key, T new Value) {
        LinkedList <K, T> update = new LinkedList <>(maxLevel);
        Element \langle K, T \rangle x = \text{header};
        K key;
        header.resetCurrentLevelToRoot();
        int lev = x.getCurrentLevelNum();
        //Go from top level down to level 1
        while (lev > 0) {
                //If the next element at this level is not null and is less than the key, advance
                if (x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel() != null){
                System.out.println("Lev key comparision" + x.getNextElementKeyForCurrentLevel() + "" +
                while (x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel() != null
                                 && x.getNextElementKeyForCurrentLevel().compareTo(searchKey) < 0){
                        System.out.println("Went to next x");
                        x = x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel();
                //Store the current element in our update save list
                update.setCurrentLink(x.getCurrentLevelLink());
                //Since update is a linked list, we need to set the root if this is the top
                if (x.getCurrentLevelNum() = maxLevel){
                         update.setRoot(x.getCurrentLevelLink());
                System.out.println(x.getCurrentLevelNum() + " " + x.getCurrentLevelLink());
                System.out.println(update.getCurrentLinkNum() + " " + update.getCurrentLink());
                //Advance to the next level down in our update list as well as our current element
                if(lev > 1){
                         update.advanceCurrent();
                        x.advanceCurrentLevel();
                         lev = x.getCurrentLevelNum();
                else
                        lev --;
```

```
// System.out.println(x.getCurrentLevelNum() + " " + x.getCurrentLevelLink());
/**** Purely code to test ****/
                // update.resetCurrentLinkToRoot();
                // while (update.getCurrentLinkNum() > 1){
                        System.out.println(update.getCurrentLinkNum() + " " + update.getCurrentLink());
                //
                        update.advanceCurrent();
                // System.out.println(update.getCurrentLinkNum() + " " + update.getCurrentLink());
/***********/
                //Go to the next element
                System.out.println("Pre last move" + x.getKey());
                x = x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel();
                //System.out.println("Post last move" + x.getKey());
                //If key == our key, update the data
                if (x != null && x.getKey().compareTo(searchKey) == 0){
                        x.setData(newValue);
                }else{
                //Otherwise, create a new Element with a level v
                        int v = randomLevel();
                        System.out.println("Level generated: "+v);
                        //Keep track of our list's current level for Search
                        if(v > level)
                                level = v;
                        x = new Element < K, T > (search Key, new Value, v);
                        x.resetCurrentLevelToRoot();
                        //Go to the top of the update list, attach the new vector
                        update.resetCurrentLinkToRoot();
                        lev = update.getCurrentLinkNum();
                        while (lev > 0){
                                // System.out.println("lev "+ lev);
```

```
//When we hit level v, start splicing in the new element x
                        if(lev \ll v)
                                x.setNextElementForCurrentLevel(update.getCurrentLinkNextElement());
                                update.setCurrentLinkNextElement(x);
                                System.out.println("x is "+ x + " "+ x.getNextElementForCurrentLevel() +
                                if(lev > 1)
                                        x.advanceCurrentLevel();
                        if(lev > 1){
                                update.advanceCurrent();
                                lev = update.getCurrentLinkNum();
                        else lev --;
                // update.advanceCurrent();
                numElements++;
                //Reset current pointers
                x.resetCurrentLevelToRoot();
                header.resetCurrentLevelToRoot();
        return x;
public int randomLevel(){
        int v = 1;
       Random rand = new Random();
        //random value between [0...1)
        while (rand.nextDouble() < p && v < maxLevel){
                v++;
        return v;
```

```
public void traverseInOrderAndPrintKeys(){
        int count = 0;
        Kk;
        Element<K, T> current = header;
        while (true) {
                if (current.getNextElementForCurrentLevel() != null){
                        k = current.getNextElementForCurrentLevel().getKey();
                } else{
                        k = null;
                System.out.println(count + "-"+current.getCurrentLevelNum() + " " + k);
                while (current . getCurrentLevelNum() > 1){
                        current.advanceCurrentLevel();
                        if(current.getNextElementForCurrentLevel() != null){
                                k = current.getNextElementForCurrentLevel().getKey();
                        } else{
                                k = null;
                        System.out.println(count + "-"+current.getCurrentLevelNum() + " " + k);
                current . advanceToBottomLevel();
                current = current.getNextElementForCurrentLevel();
                if (current == null){
                        break;
                current.resetCurrentLevelToRoot();
                count++;
public Element<K, T> getHeader(){
        return header;
```

```
public int getMaxLevel(){
                return maxLevel;
        public int getNumElements(){
                return numElements;
Element.java
package src.main;
public class Element K extends Comparable K, T {
        private LinkedList<K, T> levels;
        private int height;
        private K key;
        private T data;
        //General constructor for a null list
        public Element (K k, T d, int h) {
                key = k;
                data = d;
                height = h;
                levels = new LinkedList <> (h); // null linked list
        //Constructor for copying an array of pointers
        //e.g. when using the update temporary node to insert/delete
        public Element (K k, T d, LinkedList < K, T > 1st) {
                key = k;
                data = d;
                height = lst.getLength();
                levels = lst;
```

```
// public Element(K k, T d, Element<K, T>[] update, int height){
        key = k;
        data = d;
        height = height;
        levels = new LinkedList <> (height, update);
// }
public int getCurrentLevelNum(){
        return levels.getCurrentLinkNum();
public Element < K, T > getNextElementForCurrentLevel() {
        return levels.getCurrentLinkNextElement();
public void setNextElementForCurrentLevel(Element<K, T> elem){
        levels.setCurrentLinkNextElement(elem);
public K getNextElementKeyForCurrentLevel(){
        if(levels.getCurrentLinkNextElement() == null){
                return null;
        return levels.getCurrentLinkNextKey();
public void resetCurrentLevelToRoot(){
        levels.resetCurrentLinkToRoot();
public Link<K, T> advanceCurrentLevel(){
        return levels.advanceCurrent();
public Link<K, T> getCurrentLevelLink(){
```

```
return levels.getCurrentLink();
public void advanceToBottomLevel(){
        while (getCurrentLevelNum() > 1){
                levels.advanceCurrent();
public void setTopLevel(Link<K, T> tL){
        levels.setRoot(tL);
public Link<K, T> getTopLevel(){
        return levels.getRoot();
public K getKey(){
        if(key = null)
                return null;
        return key;
public void setKey(K k){
        key = k;
public void setData(T newData){
        data = newData;
public T getData(){
        return data;
public int getHeight(){
```

```
return height;
LinkedList.java
package src.main;
public class LinkedList < K extends Comparable < K>, T>{
        private Link<K, T> root;
        private Link<K, T> current;
        private int length;
        //Make a new linked list from an old one
        public LinkedList(int 1, LinkedList<K, T> lL){
                 root = lL.getRoot();
                 current = root;
                 length = 1;
        // public LinkedList(int 1, Element < K, T > elem){
                 int elemSize = elem.getHeight();
                 Link < K, T > temp;
                 elem.resetCurrentLevelToRoot();
                 while (elem.getCurrentLevelNum() >= 1){
                         temp = elem.advanceCurrentLevel();
                 root = temp;
                 current = root;
                 length = 1;
        // public LinkedList(int 1, Element < K, T > [] elems) {
        //
                 length = 1;
        //
                 root = new Link <> (length -1, elems [length -1]);
```

```
current = root;
        for (int i = length - 2; i > -1; i--)
                current . setNextLevelDown(elems[i]);
                current = current.getNextLevelDown();
//
        current = root;
// }
//Set up the root of a linked list
// public LinkedList(int 1, Link<K, T> 1L){
        root = lL;
//
//
        current = root;
//
        length = 1;
// }
//Set up the root of a linked list with the element
//TODO: WIF
// public LinkedList(int 1, Element K, T > elem){
        length = 1;
        Link < K, T > link = new Link < K, T > ();
//
        root = link;
        current = root;
// }
//Create a new linked list of nulls
public LinkedList(int 1){
        length = 1;
        root = new Link < K, T > (1);
        current = root;
        for (int i = 1; i < length; i++){
                current.setNextLevelDown(new Link<K, T>(l-i));
                 current = current.getNextLevelDown();
        current = root;
```

```
// public void growListByNumElementsAtRoot(int len){
        //Update length
        length = length + len;
        current = root;
        Link < K, T > beginning = new Link < K, T > (length - 1);
        Link<K, T> temp = beginning;
        for (int i = 1; i < len; i++)
                temp.setNextLevelDown(new Link<K, T>(length-1-i));
                temp = temp.getNextLevelDown();
        //Point to the current root
        temp.setNextLevelDown(root);
        //Reset root to be the beginning of the list again
        root = beginning;
        //Set current to be the root
        current = root;
// }
public void setNextLink(Link<K, T> 1){
        //Should I check if null or not to make sure it will be
        current.setNextLevelDown(1);
public Link<K, T> getNextLink(){
        return current.getNextLevelDown();
public Link<K, T> getCurrentLink(){
        return current;
public void setCurrentLink(Link<K, T> 1){
        current = 1;
```

```
public int getCurrentLinkNum(){
        return current.getNum();
public Element < K, T > getCurrentLinkNextElement() {
        return current.getNextElement();
public void setCurrentLinkNextElement(Element<K, T> elem){
        current.setNextElement(elem);
public K getCurrentLinkNextKey(){
        return current.getNextElementKey();
public Link<K, T> advanceCurrent(){
        current = current.getNextLevelDown();
        return current;
public void resetCurrentLinkToRoot(){
        current = root;
public void setRoot(Link<K, T> 1){
        root = 1;
public Link<K, T> getRoot(){
        return root;
public int getLength(){
        return length;
```

```
public static void main(String[] args){
                LinkedList<Integer, String> lNull4 = new LinkedList<>(4);
                Link<Integer, String> initialStartOfList = lNull4.getRoot();
        //Advance two links to see if that will be the root
        1Null4.advanceCurrent(); // should be link 1
        1Null4.advanceCurrent(); // should be link 2, same as old root
Link.java
package src.main;
public class Link K extends Comparable K, T \{
        private Element < K, T > nextElement;
        private Link<K, T> nextLevelDown;
        private int num;
        public Link(int n){
                num = n;
                nextElement = null;
                nextLevelDown = null;
        // public void Link(){
                nextElement = null;
                nextLevelDown = null;
        // }
        public Link(int n, Element<K, T> nextE){
                nextElement = nextE;
                num = n;
        public Link(Element<K, T> nextE, Link<K, T> nextL, int n){
```

```
nextElement = nextE;
        nextLevelDown = nextL;
        num = n;
public void setNextElement(Element<K, T> nextE){
        nextElement = nextE;
public Element < K, T > getNextElement(){
        return nextElement;
public K getNextElementKey(){
        return nextElement.getKey();
public void setNextLevelDown(Link<K, T> 1){
        nextLevelDown = 1;
public Link<K, T> getNextLevelDown(){
        return nextLevelDown;
public int getNum(){
        return num;
public void setNum(int n){
       num = n;
```