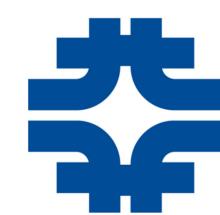


# IDENTIFICATION OF OPTIMAL PRODUCTION CHANNELS FOR DARK PHOTON SEARCHES





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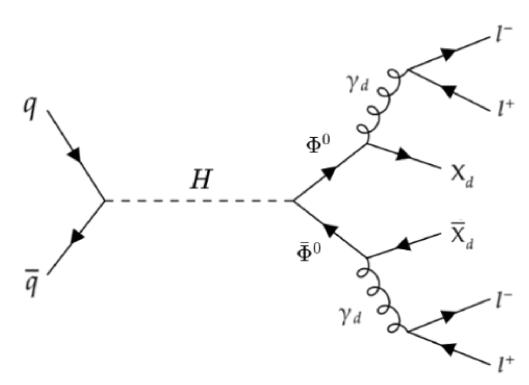
### Introduction

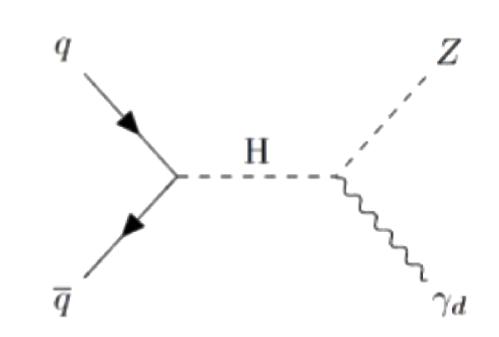
- Dark matter may be explained by a whole undiscovered dark sector beyond the Standard Model
- A U'(1) gauge theory in the dark sector could produce massive dark photons
- If dark photons are the lightest stable dark particle, they can decay into Standard Model particles

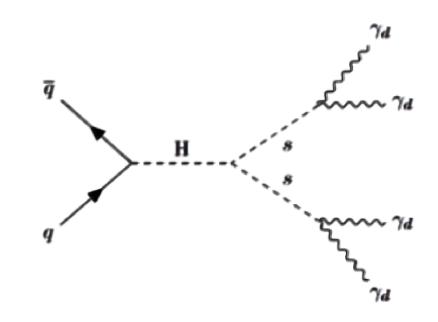
# Lepton Jet Signature

- If there exists some particle that couples to both U(1) and U'(1) sectors, kinetic mixing allows dark photon decay to SM particles
- Since dark photons form from the decay of high-mass particles, the final leptons are highly collimated
- Results in distinctive "lepton jets", pairs of leptons separated by small  $\Delta R$
- Kinematic origins should make lepton jet signature largely independent of production mechanism

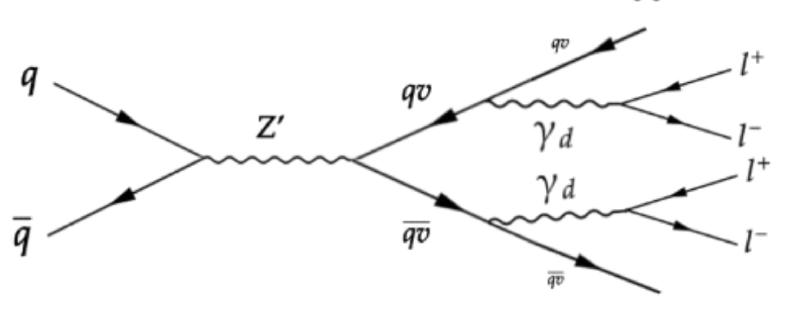
### Production Portals

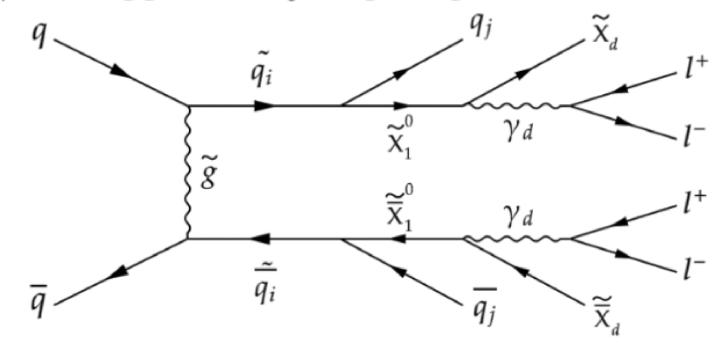






Figures 1-3: Dark photon channels relying on exotic Higgs-like particles, spin 0 particles different from the Standard Model Higgs. Dark photons decay into opposite-sign lepton pairs.





Figures 4-5: Dark photon channels relying on other mechanisms: a heavy Z' particle (left) and supersymmetric particles (right)

### ΔR Distribution Relative to Mass

- $\Delta R$  distribution was examined for different mass points, ranging from 0.1 to 4.0 GeV
- No significant deviation between the mean and standard deviation of the different delta distributions
- No dependence on mass for kinematics, but an impact on branching ratios.
- $\Delta R$  was found to be similar for all production portals

# Private work (CMS simulation) Delta R Entries 285 Mean 0.2764 Std Dev 0.211 Dark photon mass = 4 GeV AR

# Conclusions

- Analyze different production portals to confirm that we can search for dark photons without assuming a production mechanism
- For Higgs portals, delta R decreases as the Higgs mass increases
- Other Higgs production mechanisms given kinematically similar results
- The supersymmetric portal with squark masses around 500 GeV and neutralino mass of 90 GeV is kinematically similar to a Higgs portal with a mass of 300 GeV
- The Z' portal is characterized by high pT and low  $\Delta R$  For a mass of 1000 GeV,  $\Delta R$  is much smaller than the Higgs portal at the same mass
- We chose a 1000-GeV Higgs production as a primary production mechanism for the search

