

## Hi, I'm Annie Sommer

I'm a product designer. I feel lucky to have started in UX at a time when technology has started to touch our lives in so many different ways. Outside of work, my passions lie in film, cooking, and swimming in Lake Michigan.

Michigan State University 2016 BA in Professional Writing, Usability Certified by Neilsen Norman Group

2014-2016

Research Assistant - Michigan State Usability and Accessibility Research and Consulting Web Designer and Developer - Union Services Agency

2016-2017

UX Designer - Whirlpool Appliances

2017 - 2018

UX Designer and Strategist - Vectorform

2018 - 2021

Accessibility Subject Matter Expert - CVS Health

2021 - Present

Product Designer - Ford Motor Company

#### Porfolio Table of Contents:

- 1. Internal Data Portal Homepage Design
- 2. Ford/Google Cloud Platform Hackathon
- 3. CVS App Accessibility
- 4. Shark/Ninja Robot Vacuum VUI

### My abilities:

Product design, content strategy, UX research, UX/UI design, VUI design, enterprise software design, ML applications, and accessibility.

Project images a blurred for confidentiality, and the contents of this portfolio are meant exclusively for interviewing and application purposes and should be kept confidential otherwise.



Project: Internal Data Portal Homepage

Team: Project manager, business stakeholders, ML engineers

Role: Product Designer

Timeline: 8 weeks, design engaged 25 hours a week on average (I was working on 2 other projects in tandem) Summer 2021

Scale: The data organization within Ford, a few thousand people

Technology: Informatica data catalog, Angular

Problem: A data catalog tool was meant to democratize data for the global data organization team, but the only entry point was a basic search-bar based interface, which wasn't useful as robust metadata hadn't been added yet, making search ineffective. We needed another way to navigate users to the data they needed to get to quickly and easily.

## Process:

- Worked with a tech anchor to gain a technical landscape analysis
- Did longform interviews with both users and stakeholders. •

Observed users in their current search workflow

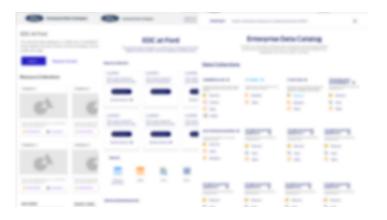
- Created a product roadmap for a homepage navigation interface and help documentation portal
- Designed a UI and content strategy
- Ensured a dynamic design for multiple versions of the page that could be implemented based on data security group
- Onboarded the data catologue team to the rally/excel based content management system and closed the project

Outcome: Despite many technical roadblocks, the project was completed successfully, as a flexible link-based homepage and help documentation that would function as navigation outside of a search bar. Additionally, a parallel strategy for metadata contenting within the catalog itself, that would feed into the homepage, was implemented. We received a 5/5 CSAT score from the client team and the portal has seen user growth.



Longform interviews using userzoom informed features to be prioritized

A whiteboard-based product planning workshop was a relief to stakeholders who were used to working in engineering-native tools or Word. I got good participation from everybody and we were able to prioritize/roadmap features quickly.



Wireframes and three iterations of the UI were created. I would describe the UI as unapologetically descriptive and simple. Users and landscape analysis revealed the massive data structure at Ford is rarely described in plain language, so I took the opportunity. Users liked it!



Since the main users where highly specialized data scientists, and metadata within the portal was far from being added, I ensured the links and structure could be adjusted by relevent parties easily via excel and Rally. I also included the content workflow in the design styleguide to keep design in the loop once I passed the project off.



Project: Ford Google Cloud Platform Hackathon, Chatbot Idea Team 1: Myself, an engineering manager, and 4 engineers

Role: Product, VUI Designer Timeline: 8 hours, Summer 2021

Scale: Hypothetical exercise, if implemented all Ford drivers Technology: Google Cloud Platform, Google Assistant, Sketch

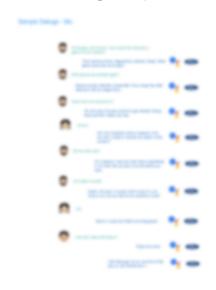
Idea: Use GCP Google Assistant integration to create a chatbot to talk to the driver in Ford vehicles.

Problem: Users get bored while driving. The entertainment console in vehicles have voice commands, but they lack the robustness of a cloud-connected virtual assistant.

# Process:

- Created simple example personas to generate usescases from using assumptions derived from consumer-facing materials and internal Ford branding documents. Used these users to frame our problem statement.
  - Generated usecases based on general user expectations of virtual assistants, design trends around them, and how the Virtual Assistant would interact with the car, providing value to the customer and enhancing the driving experience.
  - Drafted converstional scripts for the personas based on usecase brainstorm
  - Created a simple VUI diagram for one of the scripts.
  - Worked with developers to ship one intent and presented our findings to a panel of judges.

Outcome: Our team got 6th place out of 30 teams and the engineers were onboarded to the VUI design process



Conversational scripts served as the basic template for the intent we developed for the demo



Included in the VUI diagram was car-based integrations, represented by a truck emoji at points in the diagram the skill would interact with onboard car systems such as seat-scales that determine if someone is sitting in the seat and the infotainment system.





Mockups of infotainment screens helped communicate the unique usecase that Ford vehicles afford to voice skills and third party integrations, such as with Disney, showcase potential revenue opportunities.

Project: GCP Hackathon, Fordmoji Idea

Team 2: Myself, a project manager, and 2 engineers

Role: Product Designer

Timeline: 8 hours, Summer 2021

Scale: Hypothetical exercise, if implemented all Ford Drivers Technology: Google Cloud Platform, Computer Vision, IOT

Idea: Use the front facing camera in Ford vehicles to analyze drivers faces for emotions and generate an emoji that shows on the outside of the car. Problem: The horn, and headlights are the only method of feedback drivers have to communicate with other drivers on the road.

# Process:

- Generated sample personas to frame usecases around.
- Led a feature brainstorm session with the team. We were using an open-source emotion detection computer vision engine, so we framed the usecase brainstorm around our personas and scenarios that they would feel those emotions while driving.
- Created a user journey diagram that they would use to frame the example application
- Designed the workflow of the user within the car, emphasizing in the user experience that the emoji is a way of expressing emotion to other drivers the same way that the horn can be, driving utility of the product beyond novelty.
- Created the deck look and feel and wrote the content, and presented the idea to the panel of judges.

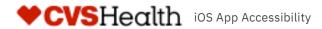
Outcome: Our team got 3rd place out of 30 teams and exectuives were excited about the possibilities of innovating signals to other drivers using machine learning technology











Project: IOS App Accessibility

Team: Project manager, product owner, development team, UX/UI designer

Role: Accessibility Subject Matter Expert Timeline: 1-2 months, Winter 2020

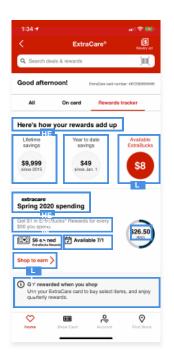
Scale: Millions of users Technology: iOS, Android

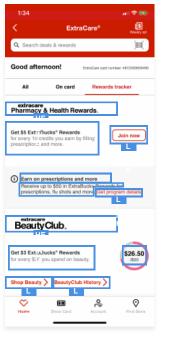
Problem: The Extracare section of the iOS and Android apps, which one of my teams was focused on, underwent a major redesign over the course of a few quarters. New features as well as UI updates were being implemented in an Agile fashion, so accessibility issues needed to be captured across engineering, design, and business at the same time.

## Process:

- Worked with design to create usable, delightful, and accessible to all heading structure, input design, graphic compliance, color compliance, data visualizations, and interactive features like camera based barcode scanner, feature-rich search interface, and extensive dynamic elements based on user loyalty and coupon configuations.
- Crafted custom accessibility copy for screenreader users to guide them through the interface in an easy, delightful, and understandable way. Wrote accessibility copy for each platform seperately to account for nuances in iOS Voiceover and Android Talkback.
- Had daily calls with engineers to go over accessibility challenges and workshop them together, and ran both smoke tests and full accessibility evaluations of the UX in development environments. Tracked accessibility bugs through the remediation process and closed them.

Outcome: The app was released in compliance with WCAG 2.0 accessibility requirements, and the rate of accessibility-related bugs went down sprint-over-sprint the more we worked together.





Occasionally, in order to make the interface flow well to screenreader users, who are interacting with the UI entirely through visible and hidden copy, the Voiceover reading order occasionally needed to be custom. I determined this order and illustrated it to developers.



Features like camera-based scanners present unique accessibility challenges for nonvisual users and users with disabilities that affect motion, like tremors.



Robot Vaccum Voice Skill

Project: Shark Ninja Robot Vacuum VUI

Role: VUI Designer

Team: 2 UX/UI designers, a voice developer, an app team

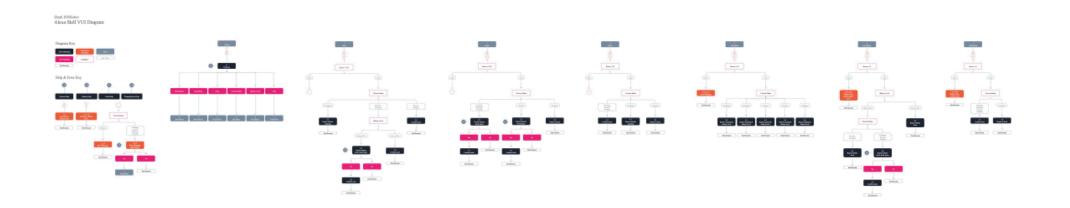
Timeline: 3 months, Winter 2018 Scale: Product released nationwide

Technology: Alexa, Google Assistant, Sketch, Invision

Problem: A robot vacuum moves independently and makes a good candidate for a voice-skill usecase. My agency, Vectorform, was tasked with developing the app, voice skill, and hardware connection for a connected robot vacuum.

## Process:

- Worked with engineers and the app team to sketch out usecases that would be useful, possible, and seamless across voice and app.
- Did landscape analysis, conversational research, and branding workshops to undesrtand the tone we wanted to capture in the robot's "voice"
- Created 2 voice user interface diagrams, one for Alexa, one for Google Assistant, to map out the skill, including a welcome message that describes features, error scenarios and solutions, and error prevention opportunities and delivered to developers.
- Wrote copy (what the voice assistant actually says) based on research, voice assistant platform standards, app interface copy, and brand identity.
- Onboarded two UX designers to the voice design process





This is the VUI diagram for the MVP intents we implemented for the Robot. The diagram components were created to be reusable for future voice projects across platforms. We also started brainstorming how we could elevate this to a possible dev tool that would be a GUI for engineers when creating voice skills.

We designed the hardware and app in tandem with the VUI, meaning design principles had to apply to both. Design also had an active role in working with hardware to create features.