

Week 6

1. She felt she had been **discriminated** against because of her age. 辨認
2. I've spent the morning **inputting** data into the computer.
3. A main economic policy tool is manipulating the level of **aggregate** demand through fiscal or monetary policy. 總共的
4. Industrial countries tend to support domestic production and thereby **inhibit** imports and encourage exports. 抑制
5. They are planning to increase housing **subsidies** for the poor. 補貼
6. Tax **incentives** have been very effective in encouraging people to save and invest more of their income. 激勵
7. For our survey we **utilized** data from the internet.
8. It would be helpful if you were to **precede** the report with an introduction. 先於
9. We are attempting to **allocate** the available resources in the most effective way for a given forecast of demand. 分配
10. Drivers who **exceed** the speed limit can expect to be fined heavily.

Week 7

1. He **converted** to Catholicism(天主教) when he got married.
2. In cheap furniture, plastic is often used to **simulate** wood.
3. There is a recycling bin in the car park where you can **dispose** of your drinks cans.
4. Generally speaking, the human body is mainly **comprised** of water.
5. The university is seeking a **successor** to its vice chancellor(副校長), who retires this spring.
6. The Central Bank **intervened** in the currency markets today, trying to stabilize the exchange rate. 干預
7. The programmes(節目) were being **transmitted** on from illegal radio stations.
8. He was part of an extreme political group that **advocated** the overthrow(推翻) of this political system.
9. The hospital has asked various **voluntary** organizations to help raise money for the new operating theatre.
10. I caught scraps(片段) of their conversation, from which I was able only to **infer** the main subject that was discussed. 推斷

Week 8

1. The color red is used to **denote** passion or danger.
2. Vegetable prices **fluctuate** according to the season. 波動
3. As people **accumulate** more wealth, they tend to spend a greater proportion of their incomes.
4. **Virtual** reality is fake, but this place is real.
5. Strawberries and cream **complement** each other perfectly.
6. Diets that are high in saturated fat block out arteries, **thereby** reducing the bloodflow to our

hearts and brains.

7. The extra cost of travelling to work is **offset** by the lower price of houses here. 抵銷

8. The minister is responsible for the country's transport **infrastructure**.

9. The recent pattern of weather **deviates** from the norm(規範) for this time of year. 偏離

10. The author **appends** a short footnote to the text explaining the point. 附加

Week 9

1. The office buys paper in **bulk** to keep down costs.

2. He's an **integral** part of the team and we can't do without him.

3. There could be more than one interaction between the consumer and provider, if they use different **protocols**.

4. Some find it hard to **accommodate** themselves to the new working conditions. 容納

5. The ferry(渡船) service has been **suspended** for the day because of bad weather.

6. The company was known for its poor business **ethics** and many people refused to buy its products.

7. The money I get from teaching evening night classes provides a **supplement** to my main income.

8. There has been a **qualitative** change in the relationship between the public and the government. 性質上的

9. The judge imposed **concurrent** sentences totalling 14 years for the attacks on the girls. 同時

10. Negotiators(談判代表) were called in to **mediate** between the two sides.

Week 10

1. The exhibition was **conceived** by the museum's director.

2. The prime minister is believed to be **inclining** towards an April election. 傾向於

3. Under these circumstances some of the exporters of manufactures could sustain growth, **albeit** at comparatively low rates. 儘管

4. Despite this accumulation of evidence, the government **persisted** in doing nothing.

5. He seems to have **undergone** a change in attitude recently, and has become much more co-operative(和藹可親的).

6. The government **levies** taxes for national expenses(國家開支). 徵收

7. They lived in a house **adjacent** to the railway. 鄰近的

8. Police can **invoke** the law to regulate access to these places.

9. The **intrinsic** value of a dollar bill is only that of a piece of paper. 固有的

10. She has announced that she will retire from the sport after the **forthcoming** Olympics.

