3(a)

We have that the loss function for k-means is as follows:

$$\sum_{n} r_{nk} ||\boldsymbol{x}_{n} - \mu_{k}||^{2}$$

$$\sum_{n} r_{nk} (\boldsymbol{x}_{n} - \mu_{k}) (\boldsymbol{x}_{n} - \mu_{k})$$

$$\sum_{n} r_{nk} [(x_{n}^{1} - \mu_{k}^{1})^{2} + (x_{n}^{2} - \mu_{k}^{2})^{2} + \ldots + (x_{n}^{n} - \mu_{k}^{n})^{2}]$$

We perform gradient descent on this loss function by taking the partial derivative with respect to each entry in the  $\mu$  vector:

(PARTIAL MU-K, ALSO HOW TO BOLD MU-K): 
$$\sum_n r_{nk} 2(\mu_k - \boldsymbol{x}_n) = 0$$
 Solving for  $\mu_k$  we get 
$$\sum_n r_{nk} \mu_k = \sum_n r_{nk} \boldsymbol{x}_n \text{ and }$$
 
$$\mu_k = \frac{\sum_n r_{nk} \boldsymbol{x}_n}{\sum_n r_{nk}}$$

To derive the update rule for  $r_{nk}$  we notice that we have the constraint  $\sum_k r_{nk} = 1$ . To minimize the loss function, you set  $r_{nk} = 1$  when for the argument where  $||\boldsymbol{x}_n - \mu_k||^2$  is minimized. In more compact notation, this is:

$$r_{nk} = 1$$
 for  $k = \operatorname{argmin}_{k'} ||\boldsymbol{x}_n - \mu_{k'}||^2$ , and  $r_{nk} = 0$  otherwise.