Carry Trades and Precautionary Saving: The Use of Proceeds from Foreign Currency Debt Issuance

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• Conventional wisdom: Depreciation of its currency boosts **net exports** and aggregate demand Mundell & Fleming

 \Rightarrow **expansionary** depreciation

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 - ⇒ **expansionary** depreciation
- On the other hand, with liability dollarization, depreciation leads to a balance sheet deterioration

Aguiar (2005), Cespedes, Chang, Velasco (2004), Dominguez, Tesar (2006), Kim, Tesar, Zhang (2015), Kalemli-Ozcan, Kamil & Villegas-Sanchez (2016)

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- Therefore, the currency denomination of corporate liabilities can matter for the financial and macroeconomic consequence of exchange rate fluctuations.

Salomao and Varela (2022)

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- ⇒ **contractionary** depreciation
- Therefore, the currency denomination of corporate liabilities can matter for the financial and macroeconomic consequence of exchange rate fluctuations.
 Salomao and Varela (2022)
- However, the effect of \$ liabilities depends a lot on how firms use their proceeds from \$ debt issuance.

Research Question

What firms do with their foreign currency borrowing?

- The recent literature points to "carry trade" activities of firms when borrowing in \$.
- Firms borrow in USD but deposit in their own local currency (LC):

 Bruno & Shin (2017), Huang, Panizza, & Portes (2020), Acharya & Vij (2020), Hardy & Saffie (2022)

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Conjecture from observing ↑ liquid assets (cash or its equivalents, account receivables, · · ·) after
 \$ debt issuance

What our paper does to fill the gap

- Fill the gap in the literature by introducing a Korean firm-level dataset with 23,000 firms
- \bullet Only 10% are listed firms, and many are private small/medium-sized firms regulatory requirements for assets > \$ 9 mn in 2018 (at the current FX rate)

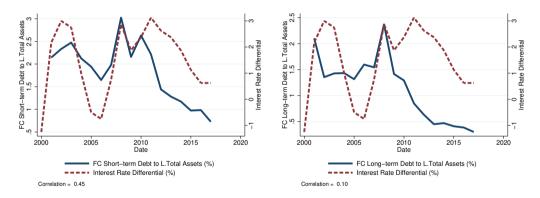
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- Currency x Maturity x Instrument information about both assets and liabilities
- That is, we can see if local currency (LC) or foreign currency (FC) liquid assets of different instruments have increased after \$ debt issuance

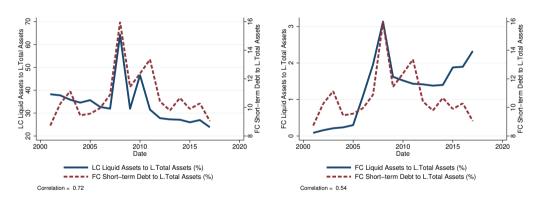
The aggregate **FC short-term** debt is \uparrow when $i^{KRW} - i^{USD} \uparrow$.





Motivation: Average Firm-Level FC Debt & Liquid Assets

On average, firms that borrow more in FC ST debt seem to hold: \uparrow LC liquid assets, \uparrow FC liquid assets



FX Vol

Literature review

• Currency denomination of firms' debt issuance

- Natural hedging

Kedia & Mozumdar (2003), Jiao, Kwon & Roh (2021), Colacito, Qian & Stathopoulos (2022)

- Carry trade

Bruno & Shin (2017), Huang, Panizza & Portes (2020), Acharya & Vij (2020), Hardy & Saffie (2022)

- UIP Deviation

Baskaya, di Giovanni, Kalemi-Ozcan, Peydro & Ulu (2017), Salomao & Varela (2022)

• Corporate cash holdings:

- International financial market & corporate cash holdings:

Opler, Pinkowitz, Stulz & Williamson (1999), Graham & Harvey (2001), Bates, Kahle& Stulz (2009)

Uncertainty & cash hoarding:

Arellano et al. (2019), Xiao (2020)

Corporate leverage & macro/financial market stability:

- Macroeconomic consequences of FC debt:

Aguiar (2005), Dominguez & Tesar (2006), Bleakley & Cowan (2008), Kim, Tesar & Zhang (2015), Kalemli-Ozcan, Kamil & Villegas-Sanchez (2016), Kim & Lee (2022), Wu (2021)

- International market spillover to domestic market:

McCauley, McGuire & Sushko (2015), Chui, Kuruc & Turner (2016), Alfaro, Asis, Chari & Panizza (2017). Alfaro, Asis, Chari & Panizza (2019), Abraham, Cortina Lorente & Schmukler (2020), Kalemli-Ozcan, Liu & Shim (2021), Di Giovanni, Kalemli-Ozcan, Ulu & Baskaya (2021)

Data

Dataset

KISVALUE dataset of firm-level B/S data

- Contains a rich set of B/S items of 23,000 firms in 2001–2017
 - 1. currency composition & maturity of their debt & assets: foreign currency vs. domestic currency, short-term vs. long-term FC Debt Summary Stats
 - 2. not only large listed but small and medium-sized non-listed non-financial firms. # of listed firms ≈ 2000
 - 3. A wide range of B/S items
- Representative dataset:
 - 1. The average coverage ratios are above 60% for the variables of interests¹

Cash	ST Debt	LT Debt	AR	Total Assets	Sales
62.8	68.1	78.4	65.2	65.3	62.2

2. The dynamics of these variables are fairly close to the aggregate counterparts from BoK. Dynamics

 $^{^{1}}$ The coverage ratios are computed as the ratio of KISVALLUE aggregates across firms to the aggregate data from BoK in the same year

Empirical Analysis:

Carry Trade & Precautionary Saving

Carry Trade Motives Behind Issuing FC Debt?

$$\begin{split} \frac{\text{LC Liquid Assets}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} = & \beta_1 \frac{\text{FC ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_2 \frac{\text{FC LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_3 \frac{\text{ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_4 \frac{\text{LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} \\ & + \gamma_1 \frac{OS_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_2 \ln TA_{i,t-1} + \alpha + \alpha_c + \alpha_t + \epsilon_{i,t} \end{split}$$

- LC Liquid Assets include:
 - (i) Total LC liquid assets
 - (ii) LC cash & cash equivalents (Cash)
 - (iii) LC short-term financial instruments (ST FI)
 - (iv) LC accounts receivables (AR)
- Control for other sources of income following Bruno & Shin (2017)
- Key addition is that we see the currency denomination of liquid assets

Firms Borrow in ST FC Debt & Engage in Carry Trades

• FC short-term debt \(\triangle LC \) liquid assets \(\triangle \), in support of carry trade hypothesis

	$LC\;ST\;Assets =$	$LC\ Cash\ +$	LC ST FI +	LC AR
FC ST Debt	0.145***	0.075***	0.093***	-0.009
	(0.027)	(0.011)	(800.0)	(0.021)
FC LT Debt	-0.088***	-0.007	0.004	-0.090***
	(0.019)	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.014)
ST Debt	-0.137***	-0.064***	-0.043***	-0.035***
	(0.013)	(0.006)	(0.003)	(0.010)
LT Debt	-0.171***	-0.033***	-0.037***	-0.111***
	(0.026)	(800.0)	(0.003)	(0.019)
N	135317	145472	145911	134729

► Export/Sales ► GFC

Precautionary Motive Against FX Risk When Issuing FC Debt?

$$\begin{split} \frac{\text{FC Liquid Assets}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} = & \beta_1 \frac{\text{FC ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_2 \frac{\text{FC LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_3 \frac{\text{ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_4 \frac{\text{LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} \\ & + \gamma_1 \frac{OS_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_2 In TA_{i,t-1} + \alpha + \alpha_c + \alpha_t + \epsilon_{i,t} \end{split}$$

- FC Liquid Assets include:
 - (i) Total FC liquid assets
 - (ii) FC cash & cash equivalents (Cash)
 - (iii) FC short-term financial instruments (ST FI)
 - (iv) FC accounts receivables (AR)
- Key addition is that we see the currency denomination of liquid assets

Firms Borrow in FC Debt & Exhibit Some Precautionary Saving Against FX Risk

• FC debt ↑ FC liquid assets ↑, engaging in precautionary saving against FX risk

	$FC\ ST\ Assets =$	FC Cash $+$	FC ST FI +	FC AR
FC ST Debt	0.126***	0.031***	0.004***	0.099***
	(0.018)	(0.005)	(0.001)	(0.016)
FC LT Debt	0.045***	0.016***	0.003*	0.028***
	(0.012)	(0.006)	(0.002)	(0.006)
ST Debt	-0.004	-0.007***	-0.001**	0.004
	(0.003)	(0.001)	(0.000)	(0.002)
LT Debt	-0.029***	-0.008***	-0.001***	-0.020***
	(0.005)	(0.001)	(0.000)	(0.003)
N	145915	146021	146026	145955

► Export/Sales ► GFC

Further Identification w/ LT FC Debt Maturing $< 1~{\rm year}$

 We show that the increase in LC liquid assets is associated with proceeds of debt issuance by comparing:

no cash inflow at t	\uparrow cash inflow at t	
↑ in maturing	debt in $t+1$	
Current Portion of FC LT debt \uparrow (FC LT Debt Maturing < 1 Year)	ST FC debt ↑	

Further Identification w/ LT FC Debt Maturing < 1 year

$$\frac{\text{LC or FC Liquid Assets}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} = \beta_1 \frac{\text{ST FC Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_{2,ST} \frac{\text{ST of FC LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_{2,LT} \frac{\text{LT of FC LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} \tag{1}$$

$$+ \beta_3 \frac{\text{ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_4 \frac{\text{LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_1 \frac{OS_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_2 \ln TA_{i,t-1} + \alpha + \alpha_c + \alpha_t + \epsilon_{i,t}$$

- (i) ST of FC LT Debt: FC LT Debt with Remaining Maturity $< 1~{
 m Year}$
- (ii) LT of FC LT Debt: FC LT Debt with Remaining Maturity > 1 Year

No Cash Inflows, No Carry Trades

- No LC liquid assets ↑ when ST of FC LT debt ↑
- \Rightarrow Without actual cash inflow at t, no carry trade behavior unlike ST FC debt

	LC ST Assets =	LC Cash+	LC ST FI+	LC AR
FC ST Debt	0.145***	0.075***	0.094***	-0.009
	(0.027)	(0.011)	(800.0)	(0.021)
FC LT Debt (< 1 year)	-0.269***	-0.023	-0.044***	-0.219***
	(0.039)	(0.015)	(0.013)	(0.031)
FC LT Debt (> 1 year)	-0.043*	-0.003	0.016**	-0.057***
	(0.023)	(800.0)	(0.007)	(0.017)
ST Debt	-0.138***	-0.064***	-0.043***	-0.036***
	(0.013)	(0.006)	(0.003)	(0.010)
LT Debt	-0.173***	-0.033***	-0.037***	-0.113***
	(0.026)	(0.008)	(0.003)	(0.019)
N	135317	145472	145911	134729

Empirical Analysis:

Heterogeneity Across Firms & Time

Different Motives for Large vs. Small Firms

(i) Do we see more carry trades when firms are larger?

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\mathsf{LC\ Liquid\ Assets}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} = \beta_1 \frac{\mathsf{FC\ ST\ Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_{1,L} \frac{\mathsf{FC\ ST\ Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} D_{i,t}^{\mathsf{Large}} + \beta_2 \frac{\mathsf{FC\ LT\ Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} \\ &+ \beta_3 \frac{\mathsf{ST\ Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_4 \frac{\mathsf{LT\ Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_1 \frac{OS_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_2 \ln TA_{i,t-1} + \alpha + \alpha_c + \alpha_t + \epsilon_{i,t} \end{split}$$

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(ii) Do we see more precautionary saving when firms are smaller?

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\text{FC Liquid Assets}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} = \beta_1 \frac{\text{FC ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_{1,L} \frac{\text{FC ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} D_{i,t}^{\text{Large}} \\ &+ \beta_2 \frac{\text{FC LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_{2,L} \frac{\text{FC LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} D_{i,t}^{\text{Large}} \\ &+ \beta_3 \frac{\text{ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_4 \frac{\text{LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_1 \frac{OS_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_2 \ln TA_{i,t-1} + \alpha + \alpha_c + \alpha_t + \epsilon_{i,t} \end{split}$$

Carry Trade: Across Firm Size

• Larger firms LC liquid assets \uparrow more when borrowing in FC ST debt.

\Rightarrow Engage more in carry trade

	LC ST Assets=	LC Cash+	LC ST FI+	LC AR
FC ST Debt	0.130***	0.066***	0.092***	-0.019
	(0.026)	(0.011)	(800.0)	(0.022)
FC ST Debt x Large Firm Dummy	0.282***	0.185***	0.024	0.201***
	(0.058)	(0.027)	(0.032)	(0.062)
FC LT Debt	-0.088***	-0.007	0.004	-0.089***
	(0.019)	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.014)
ST Debt	-0.137***	-0.064***	-0.043***	-0.035***
	(0.013)	(0.006)	(0.003)	(0.010)
LT Debt	-0.172***	-0.033***	-0.037***	-0.112***
	(0.026)	(0.008)	(0.003)	(0.019)
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Precautionary Saving: Across Firm Size

- Larger firms FC liquid assets \uparrow less when borrowing in FC ST debt.
- ⇒ Exhibit less precautionary saving behavior against FX risk.

	FC ST Assets	FC Cash	FC ST FI	FC AR
FC ST Debt	0.127***	0.031***	0.005***	0.099***
	(0.018)	(0.005)	(0.001)	(0.016)
FC ST Debt x Large Firm Dummy	-0.019	-0.019**	-0.006***	-0.000
	(0.045)	(0.008)	(0.002)	(0.041)
FC LT Debt	0.044***	0.016***	0.003	0.027***
	(0.012)	(0.006)	(0.002)	(0.006)
FC LT Debt \times Large Firm Dummy	0.021	-0.005	-0.002	0.026
	(0.021)	(0.005)	(0.002)	(0.019)
ST Debt	-0.004	-0.007***	-0.001**	0.004
	(0.003)	(0.001)	(0.000)	(0.002)
LT Debt	-0.029***	-0.008***	-0.001***	-0.020***
	(0.005)	(0.001)	(0.000)	(0.003)
N	145915	146021	146026	145955

Incentives across time

(i) Do we see more carry trades when the interest rate differential is high?

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\text{LC Liquid Assets}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} = \beta_1 \frac{\text{FC ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_{1,l} \frac{\text{FC ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} \times \left(i_t^{KRW} - i_t^{USD}\right) + \beta_2 \frac{\text{FC LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} \\ &+ \beta_3 \frac{\text{ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_4 \frac{\text{LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_1 \frac{OS_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_2 \ln TA_{i,t-1} + \alpha + \alpha_c + \alpha_t + \epsilon_{i,t} \end{split}$$

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(ii) Is precautionary saving more pronounced when the exchange rate volatility is high?

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\mathsf{FC\ Liquid\ Assets}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} = \beta_1 \frac{\mathsf{FC\ ST\ Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_{1,L} \frac{\mathsf{FC\ ST\ Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} \times 3\mathsf{m\ FX\ vol}_t \\ &+ \beta_2 \frac{\mathsf{FC\ LT\ Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_{2,L} \frac{\mathsf{FC\ LT\ Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} \times 1\mathsf{y\ FX\ vol}_t \\ &+ \beta_3 \frac{\mathsf{ST\ Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_4 \frac{\mathsf{LT\ Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_1 \frac{OS_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_2 \ln TA_{i,t-1} + \alpha + \alpha_c + \alpha_t + \epsilon_{i,t} \end{split}$$

Carry Trade Across Time

- ullet LC liquid assets \uparrow more at a time of higher $i_t^{KRW}-i_t^{USD}$ when borrowing in FC ST debt.
- \Rightarrow More carry trade when interest rate diff \uparrow

	LC ST Assets	LC Cash	LC ST FI	LC AR
FC ST Debt	0.106***	0.065***	0.062***	-0.018
	(0.031)	(0.013)	(800.0)	(0.025)
FC ST Debt x Interest Diff	2.133**	0.566*	1.729***	0.473
	(0.823)	(0.331)	(0.387)	(0.646)
FC LT Debt	-0.088***	-0.007	0.004	-0.090***
	(0.019)	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.014)
ST Debt	-0.137***	-0.064***	-0.043***	-0.035***
	(0.013)	(0.006)	(0.003)	(0.010)
LT Debt	-0.171***	-0.033***	-0.037***	-0.111***
	(0.026)	(800.0)	(0.003)	(0.019)
N	135317	145472	145911	134729

Precautionary Saving Motives Against FX Risk Across Time

- FC liquid assets \uparrow more at a time of higher FX vol when borrowing in FC ST debt.
- ⇒ More precautionary saving against FX risk when FX vol ↑

FC ST Assets	FC Cash	FC ST FI	FC AR
0.114***	0.013***	-0.001	0.106***
(0.022)	(0.004)	(0.003)	(0.021)
0.106	0.158***	0.048*	-0.062
(0.107)	(0.035)	(0.025)	(0.120)
0.061***	0.017**	0.001	0.045***
(0.017)	(0.007)	(0.003)	(0.014)
-0.012	-0.001	0.002	-0.013
(0.012)	(0.008)	(0.001)	(0.009)
-0.004	-0.007***	-0.001**	0.004
(0.003)	(0.001)	(0.000)	(0.002)
-0.029***	-0.008***	-0.001***	-0.020***
(0.005)	(0.001)	(0.000)	(0.003)
145915	146021	146026	145955
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Empirical Analysis:

Interest Income & FC Borrowing

Interest Income

Firms seem to engage in carry trade when borrowing in FC ST debt...

Then, do firms earn higher interest income when borrowing in FC ST debt?

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\text{Interest Income Proxy}_{i,t+1}}{TA_{i,t-1}} = \beta_1 \frac{\text{FC ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_2 \frac{\text{FC LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} \\ &+ \beta_3 \frac{\text{ST Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \beta_4 \frac{\text{LT Debt}_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_1 \frac{OS_{i,t}}{TA_{i,t-1}} + \gamma_2 \ln TA_{i,t-1} + \gamma_3 \frac{\text{Exports}}{\text{Sales}} + \alpha + \alpha_c + \alpha_t + \epsilon_{i,t} \end{split}$$

Interest income proxy:

- (i) Interest Income
- (ii) Net Interest Income: Interest Income Interest Expenses
- (iii) Carry Trade Gain: Net Interest Income + Gain in FX transaction + Gain FX translations Loss FX translations Loss FX translations

Higher FC ST, Higher Interest Income

• Firms that borrow more in FC are indeed earning higher interest income!

	Interest $Income_{t+1}$	Net Interest $Income_{t+1}$	$Carry \; Trade \; Gain_{t+1}$
FC ST Debt	0.003***	0.016***	0.015***
	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.003)
FC LT Debt	0.000	0.003*	0.005
	(0.000)	(0.001)	(0.003)
ST Debt	-0.003***	-0.029***	-0.029***
	(0.000)	(0.001)	(0.001)
LT Debt	-0.004***	-0.025***	-0.025***
	(0.000)	(0.001)	(0.001)
N	120875	120875	120875

► Contemporaneous: t ► Export/Sales

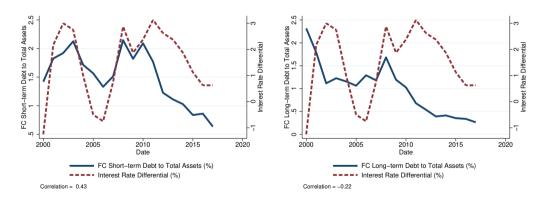
Conclusion

- Our key innovation comes with a unique Korean firm-level dataset that contains the currency and maturity information about both assets and liabilities.
- The empirical relationship that we see from the data supports a widespread speculation in the literature that firm engages in carry trade activities when borrowing in short-term.
- We further show that the positive correlation between LC liquid assets and FC debt, supportive of
 carry trades, only arises when debt is issued at short-term with actual cash inflows, not when
 debt matures soon.
- Large firms are more actively participating in carry trade while do less of precautionary saving against the FX risk.

Appendix

Motivation: Aggregate FC Debt in the Corporate Sector & Interest Rate Differential, $i^{KRW}-i^{USD}$

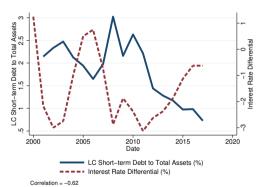
The aggregate FC short-term debt is positively corr. w/ the interest rate differential, $i^{KRW} - i^{USD}$.

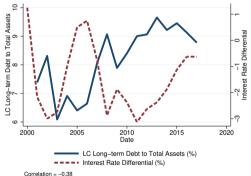




Motivation: Aggregate LC Debt in the Corporate Sector & Interest Rate Differential, $i^{USD}-i^{KRW}$

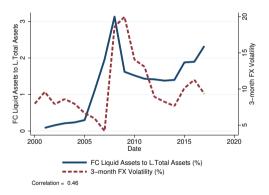
The aggregate **LC** debt \downarrow when $i^{USD} - i^{KRW} \uparrow$.





Motivation: FC Liquid Assets & FX Vol

On average, firms that borrow in FC ST debt seem to hold: \uparrow FC liquid assets as \uparrow FX vol

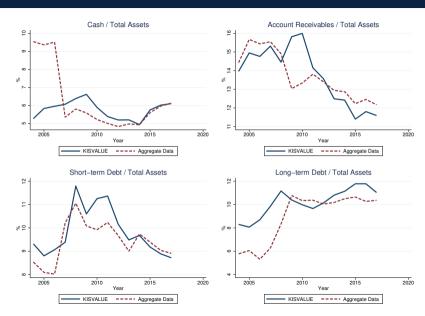


Appendix: Extensive and Intensive Margin of FC Borrowing

Year	FC Share of Short-term Debt	FC Share of Long-term Debt	Fraction of Firms With FC ST Debt	Fraction of Firms With FC Debt	Number of Firms
	Condition	nal on >0			
2000	24.38%	33.93%	5.82%	18.09%	8895
2001	25.61%	34.52%	5.51%	14.96%	10514
2002	27.74%	36.05%	8.73%	17.04%	11589
2003	28.89%	38.48%	10.42%	17.82%	12260
2004	27.78%	37.88%	11.16%	18.06%	12667
2005	26.69%	35.86%	11.45%	17.60%	13211
2006	26.18%	36.07%	11.07%	16.73%	14226
2007	26.18%	36.59%	10.50%	15.50%	14977
2008	26.68%	39.48%	11.38%	16.24%	15670
2009	25.98%	39.38%	10.91%	15.07%	16338
2010	27.50%	38.22%	11.04%	14.88%	17370
2011	27.48%	39.12%	10.84%	13.99%	18575
2012	25.78%	38.20%	9.86%	12.56%	20132
2013	24.86%	35.94%	8.56%	10.72%	21430
2014	24.92%	36.76%	8.25%	9.92%	22557
2015	24.90%	38.29%	7.65%	8.95%	23768
2016	25.48%	39.74%	7.35%	8.34%	24092
2017	23.66%	40.74%	7.11%	8.02%	23826

▶ Back





Appendix: Firms Borrow in ST FC Debt & Engage in Carry Trades

	LC ST Assets	LC Cash	LC ST FI	LC AR
FC ST Debt	0.142***	0.075***	0.093***	-0.012
	(0.027)	(0.011)	(0.008)	(0.021)
FC LT Debt	-0.090***	-0.007	0.003	-0.090***
	(0.019)	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.014)
ST Debt	-0.136***	-0.065***	-0.044***	-0.033***
	(0.012)	(0.006)	(0.003)	(0.010)
LT Debt	-0.173***	-0.033***	-0.037***	-0.112***
	(0.025)	(800.0)	(0.003)	(0.018)
Adjusted R ²	0.292	0.103	0.065	0.277
N	133545	143694	144128	132947

Appendix: Firms Borrow in FC Debt & Exhibit Some Precautionary Saving Against FX Risk

	FC ST Assets	FC Cash	FC ST FI	FC AR
FC ST Debt	0.123***	0.030***	0.004***	0.096***
	(0.018)	(0.005)	(0.001)	(0.015)
FC LT Debt	0.044***	0.016**	0.003*	0.027***
	(0.012)	(0.006)	(0.002)	(0.006)
ST Debt	-0.004	-0.007***	-0.001**	0.004
	(0.003)	(0.001)	(0.000)	(0.002)
LT Debt	-0.029***	-0.008***	-0.001***	-0.019***
	(0.004)	(0.001)	(0.000)	(0.003)
Adjusted R ²	0.127	0.053	0.006	0.113
N	144130	144236	144241	144170

Appendix: Before/After GFC Back



	LC ST Assets	LC Cash	LC ST FI	LC AR
FC ST Debt Pre-2008	0.114***	0.088***	0.071***	-0.020
	(0.028)	(0.013)	(0.010)	(0.023)
FC ST Debt Post-2008	0.165***	0.065***	0.109***	-0.002
	(0.031)	(0.011)	(0.011)	(0.023)
FC LT Debt Pre-2008	-0.071***	-0.002	0.009	-0.075***
	(0.022)	(0.009)	(0.009)	(0.016)
FC LT Debt Post-2008	-0.123***	-0.018**	-0.008	-0.118***
	(0.018)	(0.008)	(0.008)	(0.016)
ST Debt Pre-2008	-0.092***	-0.056***	-0.028***	-0.006
	(0.012)	(0.006)	(0.004)	(0.012)
ST Debt Post-2008	-0.165***	-0.069***	-0.053***	-0.055***
	(0.020)	(0.008)	(0.005)	(0.012)
LT Debt Pre-2008	-0.156***	-0.029***	-0.028***	-0.105***
	(0.017)	(0.006)	(0.003)	(0.015)
LT Debt Post-2008	-0.179***	-0.035***	-0.041***	-0.115***
	(0.031)	(0.009)	(0.004)	(0.021)
Adjusted R ²	0.296	0.102	0.066	0.282
With-in R ²	0.077	0.051	0.025	0.052
N	135317	145472	145911	134729

Appendix: Before/After GFC Back



FC ST Assets FC Cas FC ST Debt Pre-2008 0.104*** 0.025** (0.014) (0.007	** 0.005*** 0.084*** (0.002) (0.013)
	(0.002) (0.013)
(0.014) (0.007	, , , , , ,
(0.00.)	** 0.004** 0.109***
FC ST Debt Post-2008 0.141*** 0.035**	
(0.023) (0.005	(0.002) (0.020)
FC LT Debt Pre-2008 0.039*** 0.010**	** 0.002 0.028***
(0.010) (0.004	(0.002) (0.007)
FC LT Debt Post-2008 0.052*** 0.024*	* 0.005** 0.028***
(0.016) (0.010	(0.002) (0.008)
ST Debt Pre-2008 -0.001 -0.003*	** -0.001** 0.003
(0.003) (0.001) (0.000) (0.003)
ST Debt Post-2008 -0.006** -0.009*	** -0.001** 0.004
(0.003) (0.002	(0.000) (0.003)
LT Debt Pre-2008 -0.022*** -0.005**	** -0.001*** -0.017***
(0.004) (0.001) (0.000) (0.003)
LT Debt Post-2008 -0.033*** -0.010**	** -0.001*** -0.021***
(0.006) (0.002	(0.000) (0.004)
Adjusted R^2 0.115 0.051	0.006 0.102
With-in R^2 0.034 0.013	0.001 0.032
N 145915 146023	1 146026 145955

Appendix: Higher FC ST, Higher Interest Income

	Interest Income	Net Interest Income	Carry Trade Gain
FC ST	0.003***	0.015***	-0.000
	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.004)
FC LT	0.001	0.001	-0.025***
	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.004)
ST	-0.002***	-0.032***	-0.033***
	(0.000)	(0.002)	(0.002)
LT	-0.003***	-0.029***	-0.029***
	(0.000)	(0.001)	(0.001)
Adjusted R ²	0.094	0.237	0.168
N	135317	135317	135317

Appendix: Higher FC ST, Higher Interest Income

	Interest Income	Net Interest Income	Carry Gain	Interest $Income_{t+1}$	Net Interest $Income_{t+1}$	Carry Trade $Gain_{t+1}$
FC ST	0.003***	0.016***	0.000	0.003***	0.016***	0.015***
	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.004)	(0.001)	(0.002)	(0.003)
FC LT	0.000	0.001	-0.026***	0.000	0.003**	0.004
	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.004)	(0.000)	(0.001)	(0.003)
ST	-0.002***	-0.033***	-0.034***	-0.003***	-0.029***	-0.029***
	(0.000)	(0.002)	(0.002)	(0.000)	(0.001)	(0.002)
LT	-0.003***	-0.030***	-0.030***	-0.004***	-0.026***	-0.026***
	(0.000)	(0.001)	(0.001)	(0.000)	(0.001)	(0.001)
Adjusted R ²	0.095	0.246	0.174	0.096	0.167	0.114
N	133545	133545	133545	119346	119346	119346

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