✓ 1. Import libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
```

2. Load Dataset

```
file_path = '_content/drive/MyDrive/Insurance Project/synthetic_insurance_data.csv'
df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
```

0

0

3. EDA (Exploratory Data Analysis)

```
print("Data shape:", df.shape)
→ Data shape: (10000, 27)
print("\nData types:\n", df.dtypes)
<del>∑</del>*
    Data types:
     Age
                                              int64
                                             int64
    Is_Senior
    Marital_Status
                                            object
    Married_Premium_Discount
                                             int64
    Prior Insurance
                                            object
    Prior_Insurance_Premium_Adjustment
                                             int64
    Claims_Frequency
                                             int64
    Claims_Severity
                                            object
    Claims_Adjustment
                                             int64
    Policy_Type
                                            object
                                             int64
    Policy_Adjustment
    Premium_Amount
                                             int64
    Safe_Driver_Discount
                                             int64
    Multi_Policy_Discount
                                             int64
    Bundling_Discount
                                             int64
                                            int64
    Total_Discounts
    Source_of_Lead
                                            object
    Time_Since_First_Contact
                                             int64
    Conversion_Status
                                             int64
    Website_Visits
                                             int64
    Inquiries
                                             int64
                                             int64
    Quotes_Requested
    Time_to_Conversion
                                             int64
                                             int64
    Credit_Score
    Premium_Adjustment_Credit
                                             int64
    Region
                                            object
    Premium_Adjustment_Region
                                             int64
    dtype: object
print("\nMissing values:\n", df.isnull().sum())
→
    Missing values:
                                             0
    Is_Senior
                                            0
    Marital_Status
                                            0
    Married_Premium_Discount
                                            0
                                            0
    Prior_Insurance
    Prior_Insurance_Premium_Adjustment
                                            0
    Claims_Frequency
                                            0
```

Claims_Severity Claims_Adjustment

```
Policy_Type
Policy_Adjustment
                                          0
                                          0
Premium Amount
                                           0
Safe_Driver_Discount
                                          0
Multi_Policy_Discount
                                          0
Bundling_Discount
                                          0
Total_Discounts
                                          0
Source_of_Lead
                                          0
Time_Since_First_Contact
Conversion_Status
                                           0
                                          0
Website_Visits
                                           0
Inquiries
Quotes_Requested
                                          0
Time_to_Conversion
                                          0
Credit_Score
                                           0
Premium_Adjustment_Credit
                                          0
Region
                                          0
Premium_Adjustment_Region
                                          0
dtype: int64
```

print("\nClaim Severity distribution:\n", df['Claims_Severity'].value_counts())



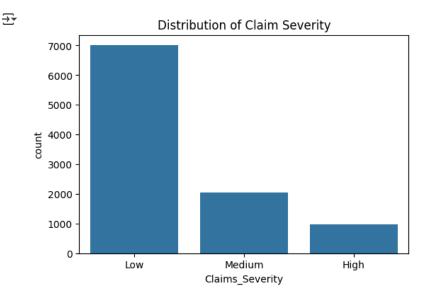
Claim Severity distribution: Claims_Severity Low 7003

Low 7003 Medium 2038 High 959

Name: count, dtype: int64

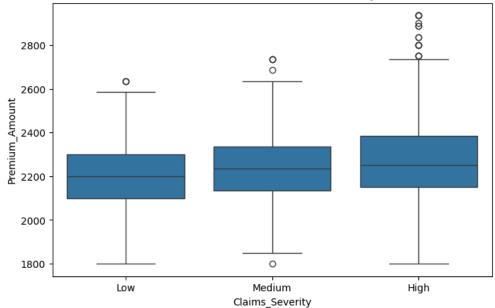
4. Visualization

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.countplot(x='Claims_Severity', data=df, order=['Low', 'Medium', 'High'])
plt.title("Distribution of Claim Severity")
plt.show()
```



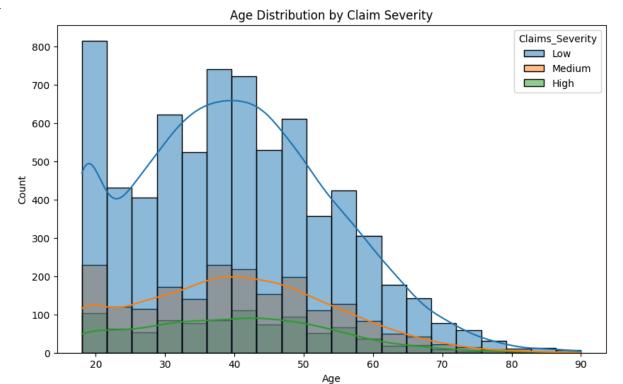
```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
sns.boxplot(x='Claims_Severity', y='Premium_Amount', data=df)
plt.title("Premium Amount vs Claim Severity")
plt.show()
```

Premium Amount vs Claim Severity



```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.histplot(data=df, x='Age', hue='Claims_Severity', bins=20, kde=True)
plt.title("Age Distribution by Claim Severity")
plt.show()
```





→ 5. Featured Engineering

6. Define Features and Target

```
X = df_model.drop(columns=['Claims_Severity'])
y = df_model['Claims_Severity']
```

→ 7. Train-Test Split

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

∨ 8. Modeling

```
model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
```

→ 9. Evaluation

```
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
print("\nClassification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names=['Low', 'Medium', 'High']))
```

Confusion Matrix: [[77 128 0] [0 1346 7] [2 271 169]]

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Low Medium High	0.97 0.77 0.96	0.38 0.99 0.38	0.54 0.87 0.55	205 1353 442
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.90 0.83	0.58 0.80	0.80 0.65 0.76	2000 2000 2000

→ 10. Feature Importance

```
importances = pd.Series(model.feature_importances_, index=X.columns).sort_values(ascending=False)
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.barplot(x=importances, y=importances.index)
plt.title("Feature Importance in Predicting Claim Severity")
plt.xlabel("Importance")
plt.ylabel("Features")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



