

Student Abstract & Poster Session AAIL-21

Comparing Symbolic Models of Language via Bayesian Inference

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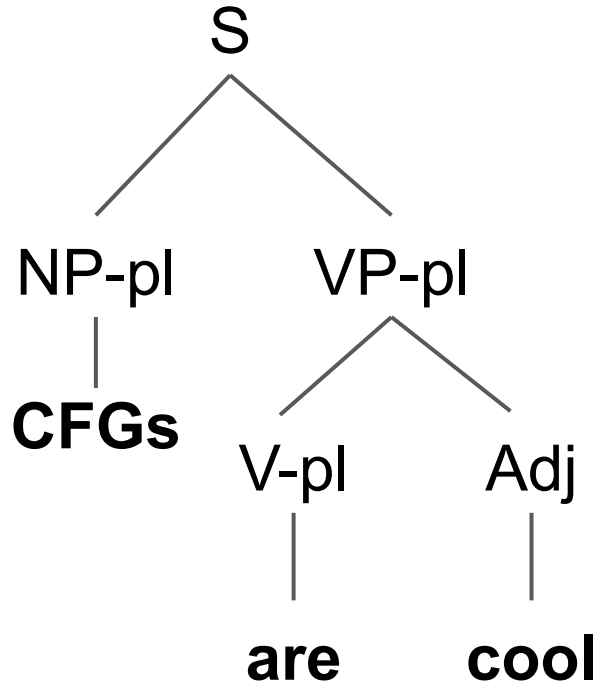


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Context-free grammars (CFGs) - Symbolic Models



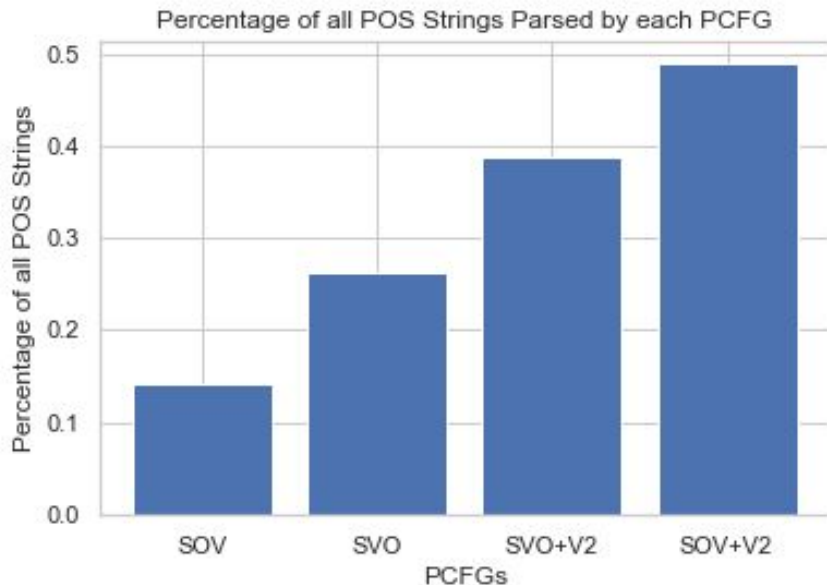
Probabilistic CFGs (PCFGs)

$S \rightarrow NP\text{-}pl\ VP\text{-}pl \quad 0.5$

$S \rightarrow NP\text{-}s\ VP\text{-}s \quad 0.5$

Our PCFG hypotheses cannot be compared directly

$$P(\text{CFG, Type} \mid \text{Data}) \propto \underbrace{P(\text{Data} \mid \text{CFG, Type})}_{\text{Likelihood}} \underbrace{P(\text{CFG} \mid \text{Type}) P(\text{Type})}_{\text{Priors}}$$



$$P(\text{Data} \mid \text{CFG, Type}) =$$

Product of each PCFG rule
needed to parse each sentence

Challenges & Proposed Solutions

Errors in data: 31.65% of the total POS strings are ungrammatical

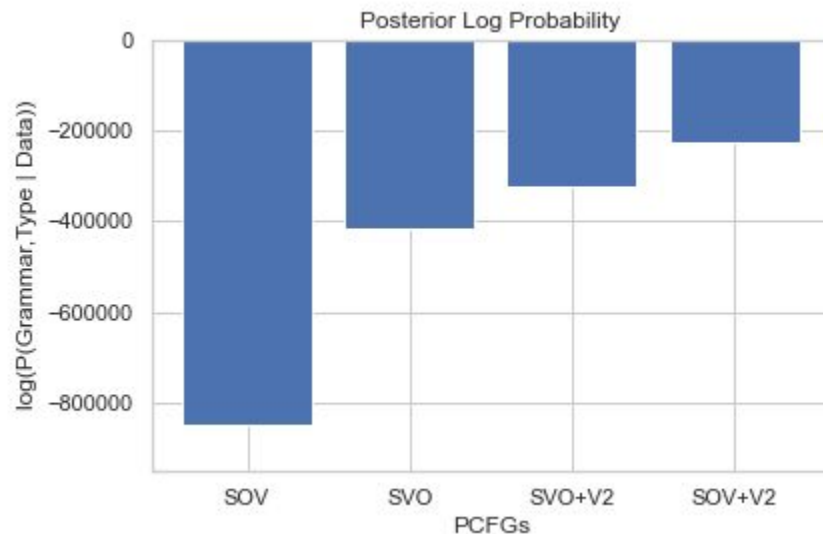
Different data subset sizes → Normalize by number of sentences in subset

PCFGs penalized for parsing more sentences because:

1. Longer sentences = lower likelihood → Normalize by sentence length
2. More generalizable = less probability mass per sentence type → Weight by proportion of parseable sentence types

Contributions

- Revealed troubling number of errors resulting from transcription and part-of-speech (POS) tagging
- Method of comparing CFGs that account for different subsets of data



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