
MODBUS Protocol Specification

V3.0

2010 / 09/26

Version: 2010.09.01

Modify serial number register

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0X0526	4	Serial number	R/W	BCD	
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Version 2009.09.26

0XFF00	4	Serial number	R/W	BCD	
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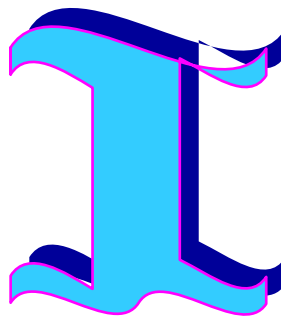
MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION

V3.0

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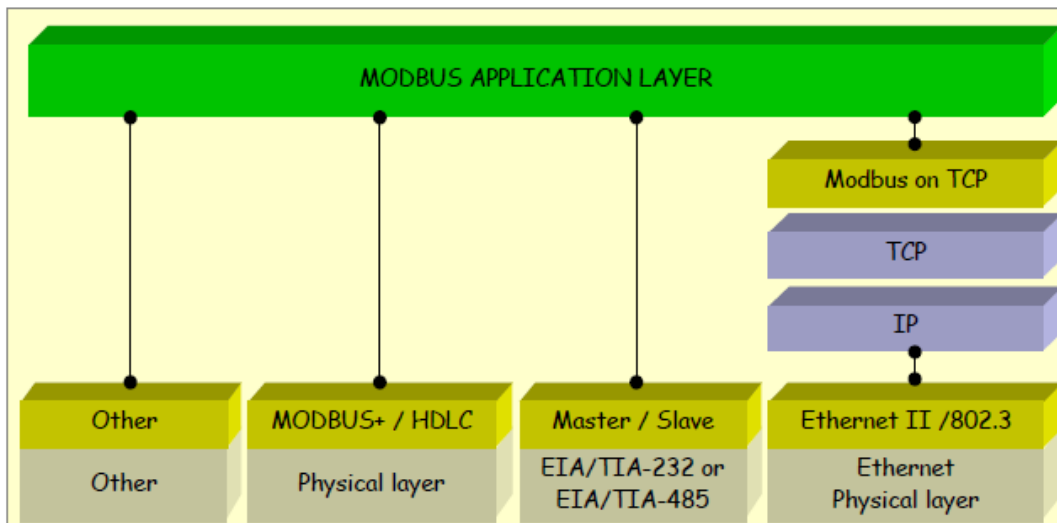
Introduction

1 Scope of this document

This document provides information for forlong devices implementing the MODBUS RTU protocol.

MODBUS is an application layer messaging protocol, positioned at level 7 of the OSI model, that provides client/server communication between devices connected on different types of buses or networks. It is currently implemented using:

- TCP/IP over Ethernet. See MODBUS Messaging Implementation Guide V1.0a
- Asynchronous serial transmission over a variety of media (wire : EIA/TIA-232-E, EIA-422, EIA/TIA-485-A, fiber, radio, etc.)
- MODBUS PLUS, a high speed token passing network.



MODBUS Communication stack

The industry's serial de facto standard since 1979, MODBUS continue to enable millions of automation devices to communicate. Today support for the simple and elegant structure of MODBUS continues to grow. The Internet community can access MODBUS at a reserved system port 502 on the TCP/IP stack.

MODBUS is a request/reply protocol and offers services specified by function codes. MODBUS function codes are elements of MODBUS request/reply PDUs. The objectives of this document is to describe the function codes used within the framework of MODBUS transactions.

2 Protocol overview

For a detailed description of the MODBUS protocol please view the web site www.modbus.org where the latest specs can be found.

3 Contacts

For further help and assistance please use the following contacts:

ChongQing BlueJay Electronic CO.,LTD

Tel: 023-67636974

Fax: 021-62270563

www.cqbluejay.com

Email: sales@cqbluejay.com

Part



2 MODBUS transmission Modes

One serial transmission modes is defined: The RTU mode.

2.1 RTU Transmission mode

When devices communicate on a MODBUS serial line using the RTU (Remote Terminal Unit) mode, each 8-bit byte in a message contains two 4-bit hexadecimal characters. Each message must be transmitted in a continuous stream of characters.

The format (11bits) for each byte in RTU mode is:

Coding System: 8-bit binary

Bits per Byte: 1 start bit

8 data bits, least significant bit sent first

1 bit for parity completion

1 stop bit

Even parity is required.

2.2 Frame Checking Field:

Cyclical Redundancy Checking(CRC)

2.2.1 Frame description

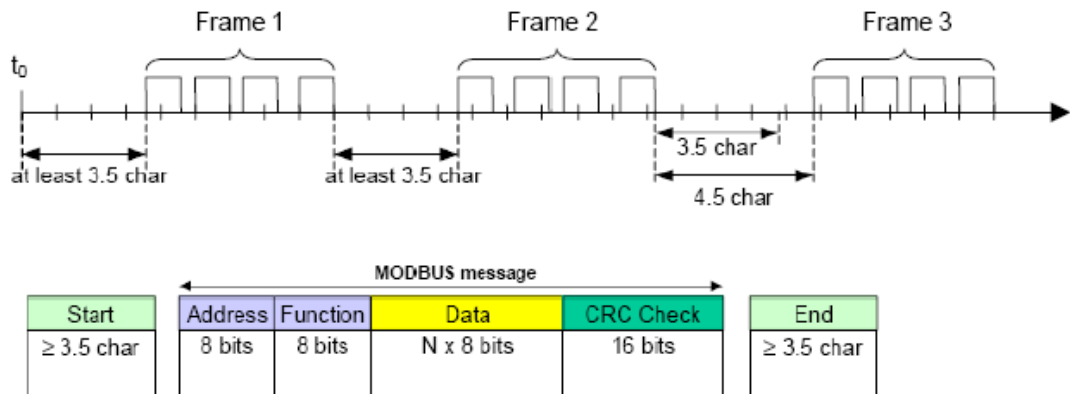
Slave Address	Function Code	Data	CRC
1byte	1 byte	0 up to 252 byte(s)	2 bytes CRC Low CRCHi

The maximum size of a MODBUS RTU frame is 256 bytes.

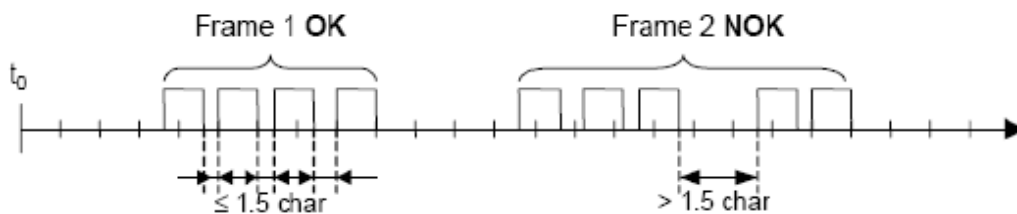
2.2.2 RTU Message Framing

A MODBUS message is placed by the transmitting device into a frame that has a known beginning and ending point. This allows devices that receive a new frame to begin at the start of the message, and to know when the message is completed. Partial message must be detected and errors must be set as a result.

In RTU mode, message frames are separated by a silent interval of at least 3.5 character times. In the following sections, this time interval is called t3.5.



The entire message frame must be transmitted as a continuous stream of characters. If a silent interval of more than 1.5 character times occurs between two characters, the message frame is declared incomplete and should be discarded by the receiver.



Note:

The implementation of RTU reception driver may imply the message of a lot of interruptions due to the $t_{1.5}$ and $t_{3.5}$ times.

2.2.3 RTU CRC Checking

The RTU mode includes an error-checking field that is based on a Cyclical Redundancy Checking(CRC) method performed on the message contents.

2.2.4 Data signal Rate

forlong's slave device supports the following baud rates

Baud Rate	Comments
1200	
2400	
4800	
9600	

2.2.5 Data Formats

2.2.5.1 unsigned 16-bit integer word Format

The Modbus applications support 16 bit integer information for several of the function codes.

A read or write to a modbus register comprise a 2×8 bit byte.

2.2.5.2 IEE 32-bit Floating-point Register Format

The Modbus application support IEE 32-bit floating point information for several of the function codes.

Part III

3 MODBUS Function Codes

For long Modbus RTU uses a subset of the standard Modbus function codes to provide access to measurement and information registers. These standard function codes provide basic support for IEEE32-bit floating point number, 16 bit integer .

Function Code	Name	Usage
0x03	Read Holding Register	
0x04	Read Input Registers	Used for reading floating point and 16 bit integer measurements
0x06	Write single Registers	Used for writing floating point and 16 bit integer values to single registers
0x10	Write multiple holding register	Write multiple holding register
0x11	Report Device ID	Used for reading device information including device ID, description, software version etc

3.1 03(0x03)Read Holding Registers

This function code is used to read the contents of a contiguous block of holding registers in a remote device. The request PDU specifies the starting register address and the number of registers. In the PDU registers are address starting at zero. Therefore register numbered 1-16 are addressed as 0-15.

The register data in the response message are packed as two byte per register, with the binary contents right justified within each byte. For each register, the first byte contains the high order bits and the second contains the low order bits.

Request

Function code	1 Byte	0X03
Starting Address	2 Byte	0X0000 to 0XFFFF
Quantity of register	2 Byte	0x0001 to 0x007D

Response

Function code	1 Byte	0X03
Byte count	1 Byte	$2 \times N^*$
Register value	$N^* \times 2$ Bytes	

$N^* =$ Quantity of registers

Error

Function code	1 Byte	0x83
Exception code	1 Byte	0x01 or 0x02 or 0x03 or 0x04

An Example of a request to read register 0x006B-0x006D

Request	
Field Name	(Hex)
Slave Address	02
Function	03
Starting Address Hi	00
Starting Address Lo	6B
No. of Register Hi	00
No. of Register Lo	03
Check Sum	CRC
Check Sum	CRC

Response	
Field Name	(Hex)
Slave Address	02
Function Code	03
Byte Count	06
Register value Hi	02
Register value Lo	2B
Register value Hi	00
Register value Lo	00
Register value Hi	00
Register value Lo	64
Check Sum	11
Check Sum	8A

3.2 04(0x04)Read Input Registers

This function codes is used to read 1 to 125 continue input registers in a remote device. The Request PDU specifies the starting register address and the number of register.

In the PDU Register are addressed starting at zero. Therefore input register numbered 1-16 are addressed as 0-15

The register data in the response message are packed as two byte per register, with the

binary contents right justified with each byte. For each register, the first byte contains the high order bits and the second contains the low order bits.

Request

Function code	1 Byte	0X04
Starting Address	2 Byte	0X0000 to 0XFFFF
Quantity of register	2 Byte	0x0001 to 0x007D

Response

Function code	1 Byte	0X04
Byte count	1 Byte	$2 \times N^*$
Register value	$N^* \times 2$ Bytes	

$N^* = \text{Quantity of registers}$

Error

Function code	1 Byte	0x84
Exception code	1 Byte	0x01 or 0x02 or 0x03 or 0x04

An Example of a request to read input register 9 from slave address 2 using RTU format, where the register contains the 16 bit hex value 0x55AA

Request	
Field Name	(Hex)
Slave Address	02
Function	04
Starting Address Hi	00
Starting Address Lo	08
No. of Register Hi	00
No. of Register Lo	01
Check Sum	CRC
Check Sum	CRC

Response	
Field Name	(Hex)
Slave Address	02
Function Code	04
Byte Count	02
Input register Hi	55

Input register Lo	AA
Check Sum	CRC
Check Sum	CRC

3.3 06(0x06) Write Multiple register

This function code is used to write a single holding register in a remote device. The Request PDU specifies the address of the register to be written.

The normal response is an echo of the request, returned after the register contents have been written.

Request

Function code	1 Byte	0X06
Register Address	2 Byte	0X0000 to 0XFFFF
Register Value	2 Byte	0x0000 to 0xFFFF

Response

Function code	1 Byte	0X06
Register Address	2 Byte	0x0000 to 0xFFFF
Register value	2 Bytes	0x0000 to 0xFFFF

Error

Error code	1 Byte	0x86
Exception code	1 Byte	0x01 or 0x02 or 0x03 or 0x04

Example

An Example of a writing to register 40001(Primary VT Ratio) the value 400,to slave address 5 in RTU mode

Request

Request	
Field Name	(Hex)
Slave Address	05
Function	06
Register Address Hi	00
Register Address Lo	00
Register value Hi	01
Register value Lo	90
Check Sum	CRC
Check Sum	CRC

Response

Field Name	(Hex)
Slave Address	05
Function Code	06
Register Address Hi	00
Register Address Lo	00
Register value Hi	01
Register value Lo	90
Check Sum	CRC
Check Sum	CRC

3.4 16(0x10) Write Multiple register

This function code is used to write a block of contiguous registers in a remote device.

The requested written values are specified in the request data field. Data is packed as two bytes per register.

The normal response returns the function code, starting address, and quantity of registers written.

Request

Function code	1 Byte	0X10
Starting Address	2 Byte	0X0000 to 0Xffff
Quantity of register	2 Byte	0X0000 to 0XFFFF
Byte Count	1 Byte	$2 \times N^*$
Register value	$N^* \times 2$ Byte	Value

$N^* =$ Quantity of registers

Response

Function code	1 Byte	0X10
Starting Address	2 Byte	0X0000 to 0Xffff
Quantity of register	2 Bytes	1 to 123 (0x7B)

Error

Error code	1 Byte	0X90
Exception Code	1 Byte	0x01 or 0x02 or 0x03 or 0x04

Example

An example of a writing to register 40915 (Pulse value for power) the value 1.0, to slave address 5 in RTU mode

Request	
Field Name	(Hex)

Slave Address	05
Function code	10
Starting Address Hi	03
Starting Address Lo	92
No. of Register Hi	00
No. of Register Lo	02
Byte count	04
Register value Hi	3F
Value	80
value	00
Register value Lo	00
Check Sum	77
Check Sum	26

Response	
Field Name	(Hex)
Slave Address	05
Function	10
Starting Address Hi	03
Starting Address Lo	92
No. of Register Hi	00
No. of Register Lo	02
Check Sum	E1
Check Sum	E5

3.5 17(0x11) Report Device ID

This function code is used to read the description of the type, the current status, and other information .

The format of a normal response is shown in the following example. The data contents are specific to each type of device.

Function code	1 Byte	0X11
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Response

Function Code	1 byte	11
Byte count	1 byte	1A
Device ID	1 byte	0D

Run Indicator	1 byte	FF 00=OFF FF=ON
Description	16 bytes	"D225 xxx.yy"
Serial number	4 bytes	0 to 4294967295
Hardware Version Engine	2 bytes	
Hardware Version Coms	2 bytes	
Hardware Version Display	2 bytes	

Error

Error Code	1 byte	91
Exception Code	1 byte	0x01 or 0x04

Example:

Slave Address	1 Byte	0X03
Function	1 Byte	0X11
Check Sum	1 Byte	CRC
Check Sum	1 Byte	CRC

Response

Slave Address	1 byte	03
Function Code	1 byte	11
Byte count	1 byte	1A
Device ID	1 byte	0D
Run Indicator	1 byte	FF
Description	16 bytes	44("D")D225 xxx.yy"
		32("2")
		32("2")
		35("5")
		20("space ")
		30("0")
		30("0")
		31("1")
		2E(".",")
		30("0")
		32("2")
		00
		00

		00
		00
		00
Serial number Hi	1 byte	00
Serial number Hi	1 byte	01
Serial number Lo	1 byte	E2
Serial number Lo	1 byte	40
software Version Engine	1 bytes	01
Software Version Engine	1 bytes	02
Software Version Coms	1 bytes	00
Software Version Coms	1 bytes	00
Software Version Display	1 byte	00
Software Version Display	1 byte	00
Check sum	1 byte	CRC
Check sum	1 byte	CRC

{44 32 32 35 20 30 30 31 2E 30 32 00 00 00 00 00} - changeable if meter hardware is altered
updated - see below

{00 01 E2 40} - Changeable per meter - Serial Number - see below

{01 02} - Changeable if meter software is changed - Software version number - see below

{00 00} - FIXED - Software Coms Version, Version of the Modbus protocol used - see below

{00 00} - FIXED at 0.0, Not used

{0D 62}

Description, i.e. "D225 001.01" which is the device name D225, and product revision state, i.e. 001.01 as an example.

If you made a minor change to the hardware, like component value change then this would be updated to 001.02, if you

change the electronics inside the meter, then this would be a major upgrade, so you would go from 001.02 to 2.00, then

any minor changes would be 002.01, 002.02 etc

Software Engine version, this would be fixed in your software, but if you changed the software, then this value would be

updated, it is split in to major and minor updates, so first release would be 1.0 (in two bytes, so 0x01 0x00) and

bug fix would be 1.1 etc (as two bytes, 0x01 0x01, a major update to the code would

cause the version number to from

1.1 to 2.0 (as two bytes 0x02 0x00) etc

Software Coms version, this is the same as the Software Engine version, but reflects what version of the modbus protocol it supports. set this to 6.2 (6 in one byte and 2 in the next byte, i.e. 0x06 0x02) to reflect you are using Autometers Modbus Protocol Specification V6.2.{xx}

Software Display Version. Set to 0.0 , not used on the D225

Changeable on each meter.

Serial Number. The serial number needs to be different on every meter. This would be set at the time of manufacture, and would not be changed by the user.

Part IV

4 MODBUS Register map

This appendix describes all parameters accessible by Function Codes 0x03, 0x04, 0x06, 0x10, 0x11. Parameters are grouped together according to the measurement been made, to simplify and speed up the reading of the data.

The availability of parameters and functions is depended on the device been accessed.

4.1 register Map Overview

The following table describes the global register map for the function Codes for forlong producot.

4.1.1 DRS-202C Modbus/DRT-301C Modbus register map

Communication protocol: modbus protocol V3.0.1

Address (hex)	Length (bytes)	Parameter Name	Access (R/W)	Function code	Data Format	Units
0X000F	2	Modbus slave address number	R/W	03/10	Hex	
0x011E	4	Active energy	R	03	Hex	kWh
0xF800	2	Modbus slave Baud rate	W	10	Hex	1200bps 0x0001 2400bps 0x0002 4800bps 0x0003 9600bps 0x0004

4.1.2 DRS-202M Modbus register map

Communication protocol: modbus protocol V3.0.2

Address (hex)	Length (bytes)	Parameter Name	Access (R/W)	Function code	Data Format	Units
0x0010	4	Voltage L1	R	04	Float	V
0X004E	4	Frequency	R	04	Float	Hz
0X0050	4	Current L1	R	04	Float	A
0X0052	4	Current L2	R	04	Float	A
0X0058	4	Current total	R	04	Float	A

0x0160	4	Import Active Energy	R	04	Float	KWh
0x07EA	4	Channel1 Energy Rate1	R	04	Float	KWh
0x07EC	4	Channel2 Energy Rate2	R	04	Float	KWh
0x07F2	4	Channel2 Energy Rate1	R	04	Float	KWh
0x07F4	4	Channel2 Energy Rate2	R	04	Float	KWh
0x0524	2	Modbus slave address number	R/W	04/06	HEX	address
0x0525	2	Modbus slave Baud rate	R/W	04/06	HEX	1200bps 0x04B0 2400bps 0x0960 4800bps 0x12C0 9600bps 0x2580
0XFC00	8	Date and time	R/W	04/10	BCD	YY—MM—DD hh—mm—ss— ww-00
0xFD00						

4.1.3 DRT-301C-II Modbus register map

Communication protocol: modbus protocol V3.0.3

Address (hex)	Length (bytes)	Parameter Name	Access (R/W)	Function code	Data Format	Units
0x0010	4	Voltage L1	R	04	Float	V
0x0012	4	Voltage L2	R	04	Float	V
0x0014	4	Voltage L3	R	04	Float	V
0X004E	4	Frequency	R	04	Float	Hz
0X0050	4	Current L1	R	04	Float	A
0X0052	4	Current L2	R	04	Float	A
0X0054	4	Current L3	R	04	Float	A

OX0056	4	Current Neutral	R	04	Float	A
OX0058	4	Current total	R	04	Float	A
Ox0090	4	Power L1	R	04	Float	kW
Ox0092	4	Power L2	R	04	Float	kW
Ox0094	4	Power L3	R	04	Float	kW
Ox0096	4	Power Total	R	04	Float	kW
Ox00D0	4	Apparent Power L1	R	04	Float	kVA
Ox00D2	4	Apparent Power L2	R	04	Float	kVA
Ox00D4	4	Apparent Power L3	R	04	Float	kVA
Ox00D6	4	Apparent Power Total	R	04	Float	kVA
Ox0110	4	Reactive Power L1	R	04	Float	kvar
Ox0112	4	Reactive Power L2	R	04	Float	kvar
Ox0114	4	Reactive Power L3	R	04	Float	kvar
Ox0116	4	Reactive Power Total	R	04	Float	kvar
Ox0150	4	Power Factor L1	R	04	Float	
Ox0152	4	Power Factor L2	R	04	Float	
Ox0154	4	Power Factor L3	R	04	Float	
Ox0156	4	Power Factor Total	R	04	Float	
Ox0160	4	Import	R		Float	KWh

		Energy				
0x0166	4	Export Energy	R	04	Float	KWh
0X0618	4	Total Energy	R	04	Float	kWh
0x0162	4	Import Reactive Energy	R	04	Float	Kvarh
0x0168	4	Export Reactive Energy	R	04	Float	kvarh
0x0524	2	Modbus slave address number	R/W	04/06	16 bit	address
0x0525	2	Modbus slave Baud rate	R/W	04/06	16 bit	1200bps 0x04B0 2400bps 0x0960 4800bps 0x12C0 9600bps 0x2580
0X0526	4	Serial number	R/W	04/06	BCD	

4.1.4 DRT-301M register map

Communication protocol: modbus protocol V3.0.4

Address (hex)	Length (bytes)	Parameter Name	Access (R/W)	Function code	Data Format	Units
0x0010	4	Voltage L1	R	03	Hex	V
0x0012	4	Voltage L2	R	03	Hex	V
0x0014	4	Voltage L3	R	03	Hex	V
0X004E	4	Frequency <i>Not working?</i>	R	03	Hex	Hz
0X0050	4	Current L1	R	03	Hex	A
0X0052	4	Current L2	R	03	Hex	A
0X0054	4	Current L3	R	03	Hex	A
0X0056	4	Current Neutral	R	03	Hex	A
0x0090	4	Power L1	R	03	Hex	kW
0x0092	4	Power L2	R	03	Hex	kW

0x0094	4	Power L3	R	03	Hex	kW
0x0096	4	Power Total	R	03	Hex	kW
0x00D0	4	Apparent Power L1	R	03	Hex	kVA
0x00D2	4	Apparent Power L2	R	03	Hex	kVA
0x00D4	4	Apparent Power L3	R	03	Hex	kVA
0x00D6	4	Apparent Power Total	R	03	Hex	kVA
0x0110	4	Reactive Power L1	R	03	Hex	kvar
0x0112	4	Reactive Power L2	R	03	Hex	kvar
0x0114	4	Reactive Power L3	R	03	Hex	kvar
0x0116	4	Reactive Power Total	R	03	Hex	kvar
0x0150	4	Power Factor L1	R	03	Hex	
0x0152	4	Power Factor L2	R	03	Hex	
0x0154	4	Power Factor L3	R	03	Hex	
0x0156	4	Power Factor Total	R	03	Hex	
0x0160	4	Import Energy	R	03	Hex	KWh
0x0166	4	Export Energy	R	03	Hex	KWh
0x07D0	4	Import Energy Rate 1	R	03	Hex	KWh
0x07D2	4	Import Energy Rate 2	R	03	Hex	KWh
0x07D4	4	Import Energy Rate 3	R	03	Hex	KWh
0x07D6	4	Import Energy Rate 4	R	03	Hex	KWh
0x08D0	4	Export Energy Rate 1	R	03	Hex	KWh
0x08D2	4	Export Energy Rate 2	R	03	Hex	KWh
0x08D4	4	Export Energy Rate 3	R	03	Hex	KWh
0x08D6	4	Export Energy Rate 4	R	03	Hex	KWh
0XF000	4 8	Time	R/W	03/10	BCD	s--min--ho ur--week. Date—Mo nth—Year- 20

OXF111	20	Last 1 month positive Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF121	20	Last 2 month positive Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R		Hex	kWh
OXF131	20	Last 3 month positive Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF141	20	Last 4 month positive Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF151	20	Last 5 month positive Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF161	20	Last 6 month positive Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF171	20	Last 7 month positive Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF181	20	Last 8 month positive Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF191	20	Last 9 month positive Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF1A1	20	Last 10 month positive Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF1B1	20	Last 11 month positive Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF1C1	20	Last 12 month positive Energy	R	03	Hex	kWh

		(Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4				
OXF211	20	Last 1 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF221	20	Last 2 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF231	20	Last 3 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF241	20	Last 4 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF251	20	Last 5 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF261	20	Last 6 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF271	20	Last 7 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF281	20	Last 8 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF291	20	Last 9 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF2A1	20	Last 10 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF2B1	20	Last 11 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、	R	03	Hex	kWh

		Rate3、Rate4				
OXF2C1	20	Last 12 month reverse Energy (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kWh
OXF311	20	Last 1 month positive max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF321	20	Last 2 month positive max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF331	20	Last 3 month positive max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF341	20	Last 4 month positive max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF351	20	Last 5 month positive max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF361	20	Last 6 month positive max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF371	20	Last 7 month positive max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF381	20	Last 8 month positive max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、	R	03	Hex	kW

		Rate4				
OXF391	20	Last 9 month positive max Demand (Total, Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、 Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF3A1	20	Last 10 month positive max Demand (Total 、 Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、 Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF3B1	20	Last 11 month positive max Demand (Total 、 Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、 Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF3C1	20	Last 12 month positive max Demand (Total 、 Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、 Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF411	20	Last 1 month reverse max Demand (Total, Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、 Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF421	20	Last 2 month reverse max Demand (Total, Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、 Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF431	20	Last 3 month reverse max Demand (Total, Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、 Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF441	20	Last 4 month reverse max Demand (Total, Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、 Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW

OXF451	20	Last 5 month reverse max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF461	20	Last 6 month reverse max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF471	20	Last 7 month reverse max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF481	20	Last 8 month reverse max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF491	20	Last 9 month reverse max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF4A1	20	Last 10 month reverse max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF4B1	20	Last 11 month reverse max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF4C1	20	Last 12 month reverse max Demand (Total、Rate1、Rate2、Rate3、Rate4	R	03	Hex	kW
OXF500	4	Demand interval 、slide time 、Display time、Display interval	R/W	03/10	BCD	min-min -s-s

0XF600	4	Meter number	Not Working? R/W	03/10	Hex	
0XF700	30	Tariff	R/W	03/10	BCD	Tariff number- Min-Hour
0XF800	2	Baud rate	W	10	Hex	0001H: 1200bps 0002H: 2400bps 0003H: 4800bps 0002H: 0004H: 9600bps
0XFA01	20	Current month positive max Demand (Total 、 Rate1、 Rate2、 Rate3、 Rate4	R	10	Hex	kW
0XFB01	20	Current month reverse max Demand (Total、 Rate1、 Rate2、 Rate3、 Rate4	R	10	Hex	kW

Part



5 Examples

5.1 DRT-301C-II command

Import Active Energy: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x60,0x00,0x02,0x70,0x29

Export Active Energy: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x66,0x00,0x02,0x90,0x28

Total Active Energy: 0x01,0x04,0x06,0x18,0x00,0x02,0xF1,0x44

Import Reactive Energy: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x62,0x00,0x02,0x31,0xE8

Export Reactive Energy: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x68,0x00,0x02,0xF1,0Xeb

Power L1: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x90,0x00,0x02,0x71,0xE6

Power L2: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x92,0x00,0x02,0xD0,0x26

Power L3: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x94,0x00,0x02,0x30,0x27

Power Total: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x96,0x00,0x02,0x91,0xE7

Reactive Power L1: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x10,0x00,0x02,0x71,0xF2

Recative Power L2: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x12,0x00,0x02,0xD0,0x32

Recative Power L3: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x14,0x00,0x02,0x30,0x33

Recative Power Total: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x16,0x00,0x02,0x91,0xF3

Power Factor L1: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x50,0x00,0x02,0x70,0x26

Power Factor L2: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x52,0x00,0x02,0xD1,0xE6

Power Factor L3: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x54,0x00,0x02,0x31,0xE7

Power Factor total: 0x01,0x04,0x01,0x56,0x00,0x02,0x90,0x27

Apparent Power L1: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0xD0,0x00,0x02,0x70,0x32

Apparent Power L2: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0xD2,0x00,0x02,0xD1,0xF2

Apparent Power L3: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0xD4,0x00,0x02,0x31,0xF3

Apparent total: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0xD6,0x00,0x02,0x90,0x33

Voltage L1: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x10,0x00,0x02,0x70,0x0E

Voltage L2: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x12,0x00,0x02,0xD1,0xCE

Voltage L3: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x14,0x00,0x02,0x31,0Xcf

Current L1: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x50,0x00,0x02,0x71,0xDA
Current L2: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x52,0x00,0x02,0xD0,0x1A
Current L3: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x54,0x00,0x02,0x30,0x1B
Current Neutral: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x56,0x00,0x02,0x91,0xDB
Current total: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x58,0x00,0x02,0xF0,0x18

Frequency: 0x01,0x04,0x00,0x4E,0x00,0x02,0x11,0xDC

Modbus slave address number: 00 04 05 24 00 01 70 DC (00 broadcast ID)

to change address from modbus 01 to 02

01 06 05 24 00 02 48 CC

to change from from modbus 02 to 254

02 06 05 24 00 FE 48 BE

to change from modbus 02 to 128

02 06 05 24 00 80 C8 9E

SN (serial number)

Request:0x01,0x11,0xC0,0x2C

Reponses: 01 11 1A 0D FF 44 32 32 35 20 30 30 31 2E 30 32 00 00 00 00 00 01 E2 40 01
02 00 00 00 00 0D 62

{01}

{11}

{1A} - FIXED - bytecount

{0D} - FIXED - meter Type ID

{FF} - FIXED - Run indicator

{44 32 32 35 20 30 30 31 2E 30 32 00 00 00 00 00} - changeable if meter hardware is altered

updated - see below

{00 01 E2 40} - Changeable per meter - Serial Number - see below

{01 02} - Changeable if meter software is changed - Software version number - see below

{00 00} - FIXED - Software Coms Version, Version of the Modbus protocol used - see below

{00 00} - FIXED at 0.0, Not used

{0D 62}

following are not changeable

byte count = 1A

Device ID = 0D (for this D225 meter)

Run Indicator = FF

Description, i.e. "D225 001.01" which is the device name D225, and product revision state, i.e. 001.01 as an example.

If you made a minor change to the hardware, like component value change then this would be updated to 001.02, if you

change the electronics inside the meter, then this would be a major upgrade, so you would go from 001.02 to 2.00, then

any minor changes would be 002.01, 002.02 etc

Software Engine version, this would be fixed in your software, but if you changed the software, then this value would be

updated, it is split in to major and minor updates, so first release would be 1.0 (in two bytes, so 0x01 0x00) and

bug fix would be 1.1 etc (as two bytes, 0x01 0x01, a major update to the code would cause the version number to from

1.1 to 2.0 (as two bytes 0x02 0x00) etc

Software Coms version, this is the same as the Software Engine version, but reflects what version of the modbus protocol it supports. set this to 6.2 (6 in one byte and 2 in the next byte, i.e. 0x06 0x02) to reflect you are using Autometers Modbus Protocol Specification V6.2.{xx}

Software Display Version. Set to 0.0 , not used on the D225

Changeable on each meter.

Serial Number. The serial number needs to be different on every meter. This would be set at the time of manufacture, and would not be changed by the user.
