Your grade: 100%

Your latest: **100%** • Your highest: **100%** • To pass you need at least 80%. We keep your highest score.

Next item →

1. For the embedding layer in your model, you'd have to learn a matrix of weights of what size? 1 / 1 point

- ○ Equal to your vocabulary times the dimension of the number of classes
- ◉ Equal to your vocabulary times the dimension of the embedding
- ○ Equal to the dimension of the embedding times the first dimension of the matrix in the first layer.
- ○ Equal to your vocabulary times the dimension of the number of layers

Correct
Correct.

2. What would be the probability of a five word sequence using a penta-gram? 1 / 1 point

- ○ $P\left(w_5 \mid w_4, w_3, w_2, w_1\right) = \frac{\text{count}(w_5, w_4, w_3, w_2, w_1)}{\text{count}(w_4, w_3, w_2, w_1)}$
- ◉ $P\left(w_5, w_4, w_3, w_2, w_1\right) = P\left(w_1\right) \times P\left(w_2 \mid w_1\right) \times P\left(w_3 \mid w_1, w_2\right) \times P\left(w_4 \mid w_1, w_2, w_3\right) \times P\left(w_5 \mid w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4\right)$
- ○ $P\left(w_5, w_4, w_3, w_2, w_1\right) = P\left(w_1\right) \times P\left(w_2\right) \times P\left(w_3\right) \times P\left(w_4\right) \times P\left(w_5\right)$
- ○ $P\left(w_5, w_4, w_3, w_2, w_1\right) = P\left(w_5 \mid w_4, w_3, w_2, w_1\right)$

Correct
Correct.

3. The number of parameters in an RNN is the same regardless of the input's length. 1 / 1 point

- ○ False
- ◉ True.

Correct
Correct.

4. Select all the examples that correspond to a "many to one" architecture. 1 / 1 point

- ☐ An RNN which inputs a sentiment and generates a sentence.
- ☑ An RNN which inputs a sentence and determines the sentiment.

Correct
Correct.

- ☐ An RNN which inputs a topic and generates a conversation about that topic.
- ☑ An RNN which inputs a conversation and determines the topic.

Correct
Correct.

5. What should be the size of matrix W_h, if $h^{<t>}$ had size 4x1 and $x^{<t>}$ 10x1? 1 / 1 point

$$h^{<t>} = g\left(W_h\left[h^{<t-1>}, x^{<t>}\right] + b_h\right)$$

- (●) 4x14
- ( ) 14x4
- ( ) 4x4
- ( ) 14x14

Correct
Correct.

6. In the next equation, why is there a division by the number of time steps but not one for the number of classification categories? 1 / 1 point

$$J = -\frac{1}{T}\sum_{t=1}^{T}\sum_{j=1}^{K} y_j^{<t>} \log \hat{y}_j^{<t>}$$

- (●) Because there is just one value in every vector $y^{<t>}$ different from zero.
- ( ) Because the equation is wrong.
- ( ) Because this equation is given for a single example.
- ( ) Because for most classification tasks there are only two categories.

Correct
Correct.

7. What problem, related to vanilla RNNs, do GRUs tackle? 1 / 1 point

- (●) Loss of relevant information for long sequences of words.
- ( ) Overfitting
- ( ) High computational time for training and prediction.
- ( ) Restricted flow of information from the past to the present.

Correct
Correct

8. Bidirectional RNNs are acyclic graphs, which means that the computations in one direction are independent from the ones in the other direction. 1 / 1 point

- (●) True
- ( ) False

Correct
Correct.

9. Compared to Traditional Language models which of the following problems does an RNN help us with? 1 / 1 point

- [x] Helps us solve RAM issues.

Correct
Correct!

- [ ] They are much simpler to understand.
- [ ] They require almost no knowledge to use when compared to the traditional n-gram model.
- [x] Helps us solve memory issues.

Correct
Correct!

10. What type of RNN structure would you use when implementing machine translation? 1 / 1 point

- ( ) Many to one
- ( ) One to many
- ( ) One to one
- (●) Many to Many

Correct
Correct.