

Day 12

Circular singly linked list

why circular?

In a singly linked list, for accessing any node of linked list, we start traversing from the first node. If we are at any node in the middle of the list, then it is not possible to access nodes that precede the given node.

Problem programme:

Class Node:

```
def __init__(self,data):
```

```
    self.data = data
```

```
    self.next = None
```

Class CircularList :

def __init__(self):

self.last = None

def addEmpty(self, data):

if (self.last != None):

return self.last

temp = Node(data)

self.last = temp

self.last.next = self.last

return self.last

def addBegin(self, data):

if (self.last == None):

return self.addEmpty(data)

temp = Node(data)

temp.next = self.last.next

self.last.next = temp

return self.last

```
def addend(self, data):  
    if (self.last == None):  
        return self.addedtoempty(data)  
  
    temp = Node(data)  
    temp.next = self.last.next  
    self.last.next = temp  
    self.last = temp  
    return self.last
```

```
def addafter(self, data, item):  
    if (self.last == None):  
        return None  
  
    temp = Node(data)  
    p = self.last.next  
  
    while p:  
        if (p.data == item):  
            temp.next = p.next  
            p.next = temp  
            if (p == self.last):  
                self.last = temp  
            return self.last
```

else:

self.last

 P = P.next

 if (P == self.last.next):

 print(item, "not present in the list")

 break

def traverse(self):

 if (self.last == None):

 print("list is empty")

 return

 temp = self.last.next

 while temp:

 print(temp.data, end = " ")

 temp = temp.next

 if temp == self.last.next:

 break

$L = \text{circular list}()$

$\text{last} = L.\text{addToempty}(6)$

$\text{last} = L.\text{addbegin}(4)$

$\text{last} = L.\text{addbegin}(2)$

$\text{last} = L.\text{addend}(8)$

$\text{last} = L.\text{addend}(12)$

$\text{last} = L.\text{addafter}(10, 8)$

$L.\text{traverse}()$

Output :

2 4 6 8 10 12