15 Packet capturing and filtering application

15.1 Aim

Develop a packet capturing and filtering application using raw sockets.

15.2 Theory

 Raw Sockets A raw socket is a network socket which allows sending and recieving of packets without any protocol specific transport layer formatting.

15.3 Algorithm

Algorithm 1 Packet Capturing Algorithm

Open a raw socket

Capture a packet using the raw socket

Decode the header of the packet

Print the header details of the packet

Depending on the protocol used by the packet, decode the data contained in the packet

Print the data contained in the packet

Close the raw socket

15.4 Code

Server

```
version_ihl = iph[0]
16
     version = version_ihl>>4
17
     ihl = version_ihl&0xF
18
19
     iph\_length = ihl*4
20
     ttl = iph[5]
21
     protocol = iph[6]
     s_addr = socket.inet_ntoa(iph[8])
23
     d_addr = socket.inet_ntoa(iph[9])
24
                                          -PACKET BEGIN
     print ("\n-
25
     print("Version :", str(version), "\nIP Header Length :", str(ihl), "\
nTTL", str(ttl), "\nProtocol : ", str(protocol), "\nSource Address :
    ", str(s_addr), "\nDestination Address : ", str(d_addr))
     if filt = "tcp":
27
          tcp\_header = packet[iph\_length:iph\_length+20]
28
          tcph = unpack('!HHLLBBHHH', tcp_header)
29
          source port = tcph[0]
30
31
          dest_port = tcph[1]
          \overline{\text{sequence}} = \text{tcph}[2]
32
          acknowledgement = tcph[3]
33
          doff_reserved = tcph[4]
          tcph_length = doff_reserved>>4
35
                                                           —TCP HEADER
36
          print ("\n-
                                               -")
          print("Source Port : ", str(source_port), "\nDestination Port : "
        ,str(dest_port),"\nSequence Number : ",str(sequence),"\
       {\tt nAcknowledgement} \; : \texttt{",str(acknowledgement),"} \\ {\tt nHeader \ Length} \; : \texttt{",} \\
        str(tcph_length))
          print ("\n-
                                               -PACKET END
38
     else:
39
          udp_header = packet[iph_length:iph_length+8]
40
          udph = unpack('!HHHH',udp_header)
41
          source_port = udph[0]
42
43
          dest_port = udph[1]
          length = udph[2]
44
45
          checksum = udph[3]
                                                       -UDP Header
          print ("\n-
46
          print("Source Port :",str(source_port),"\nDestination Port :"
        ,str(dest_port),"\nLength : ",str(length),"\nChecksum : ",str(
        checksum))
          print ("\n-
                                                —PACKET END
48
```

15.5 Output

Version: 4

IP Header Length : 5 TTL 123

Protocol : 6

Source Address : 172.217.194.189
Destination Address : 192.168.0.101

-----TCP PACKET DATA-----

Source Port : 443

Destination Port : 39674 Sequence Number : 572864528 Acknowledgement : 724192025

TCP Header Length: 8

-----PACKET END-----

15.6 Result

Packet Capturing was implemented using python and the captured packet was analysed.