

DATA STRUCTURES LAB

Experiment 4: Stack Operations

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1 Aim

To implement the different operations like push, pop and display of the stack data structure in C.

2 Problem Description

Stack is a very commonly used data structure. It's a Last in First Out data structure (LIFO) meaning that the last element to enter the stack will leave first. Some of the popular stack operations are given below.

1. **Push:** Inserts an element into the Stack.
2. **Pop:** Remove the last inserted element. Returns the removed element.
3. **Display:** Prints the stack.

3 Algorithm

3.1 Push

1. Read input element.
2. If size of stack is equal to max, print "Stack Full".
3. else, increment top and assign $\text{stack}[\text{top}] = \text{element}$.

3.2 Pop

1. if size of stack is 0, print "Stack Empty".
2. else, assign $\text{top} = \text{top} - 1$
3. return $\text{stack}[\text{top}+1]$

3.3 Display

1. if size of stack is 0, print "Stack Empty".
2. else, run a for loop from $i = 0$ to $i = \text{top}$.
3. print `stack[i]`.

4 Program Code

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 4

int arr[MAX_SIZE], n, option, top = -1, i;
char ch;

void main() {
    printf("\nStack Program\n\n1.Push\n2.Pop\n3.Display");
    while(1) {
        printf("\n\nChoose an option:");
        scanf("%d", &option);
        switch(option) {
            case 1:
                if(top == MAX_SIZE-1) {
                    printf("Stack Full.\n");
                } else {
                    printf("Enter no. to push: ");
                    scanf("%d", &n);
                    arr[++top] = n;
                    printf("%d inserted to stack.\n", n);
                }
                break;
            case 2:
                if(top == -1) {
                    printf("Stack Empty.\n");
                } else {
                    printf("%d removed from stack.\n", arr[top--]);
                }
                break;
        }
    }
}
```

```
case 3:
    if(top == -1) {
        printf("Stack Empty.\n");
    } else {
        for(i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
            printf("%d\n", arr[i]);
        }
    }
    break;
default:
    printf("Invalid Option.\n");
}
}
```

5 Output

```
Stack Program

1.Push
2.Pop
3.Display

Choose an option:1
Enter no. to push: 5
5 inserted to stack.

Choose an option:1
Enter no. to push: 6
6 inserted to stack.

Choose an option:3
6
5

Choose an option:2
6 removed from stack.

Choose an option:3
5

Choose an option:█
```

6 Result

The stack data structure and its function were implemented in the C language and the output was verified.