## TWO PASS MACRO PROCESSOR System Software Lab (CS 331)

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## **Contents**

1	Implementation of			
	Two	Pass Macro Processor	2	
	1.1	Problem Statement	2	
	1.2	Theory	2	
	1.3	Algorithm	3	
		1.3.1 Pass 1	3	
		1.3.2 Pass 2	3	
	1.4	Source Code	5	
	1.5	Output	12	
	1.6	Regult	12	

# Implementation of Two Pass Macro Processor

#### 1.1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

To develop a C program to implement a Two Pass Macro Processor.

#### 1.2 THEORY

A Macro Processor is used for identifying the macros and performing expansion pertaining to the corresponding macro.

The functions of a macro processor are:

- Recognize the macro definition
- Save macro definition
- Recognize the macro invocation
- Perform macro expansion

A Two Pass Macro processor is used to avoid the issue of forward referencing where a macro maybe sometimes defined in between the source program. In the first pass we identify all the macro definitions within the source program and store information regarding them in NAMTAB and DEFTAB. In the second pass, we identify all macro invocations within the source program and expand the macro with the positional parameters being replaced with provided arguments.

## 1.3 ALGORITHM

#### 1.3.1 Pass 1

```
1 begin
    read first line from source program
    while OPCODE != 'END' do
      begin
        if OPCODE = 'MACRO' then
5
          begin
             enter macro name into NAMTAB
             enter macro prototype into DEFTAB
            LEVEL := 1
9
             while LEVEL > 0 do
10
               begin
                 read next line from source program
12
                 if this is not a comment line then
13
                   begin
                     substitute positional notation for parameters
15
                     enter line into DEFTAB
16
                     if OPCODE = 'MACRO' then
17
                       LEVEL := LEVEL + 1
18
                     else if OPCODE = 'MEND' then
19
                       LEVEL := LEVEL - 1
20
                   end {if not comment}
               end {while}
             store NAMTAB pointers to beginning and end of definition
23
          end {if}
        read next line from source program
      end {while}
26
27 end
```

#### 1.3.2 Pass 2

```
pread first line from source program
while OPCODE != 'END' do

begin

f OPCODE = 'MACRO' then
begin
```

```
LEVEL := 1
            while LEVEL > 0 do
               begin
                 read next line from source program
10
                 if this is not a comment line then
                   begin
12
                     if OPCODE = 'MACRO' then
                       LEVEL := LEVEL + 1
14
                     else if OPCODE = 'MEND' then
15
                       LEVEL := LEVEL - 1
                   end {if not comment}
               end {while}
18
          end {if}
19
        else
          begin
               search NAMTAB for OPCODE
22
               if found then
                 begin
                   get first line of macro definition (prototype) from
25
     DEFTAB
                   set up arguments from macro invocation in ARGTAB
                   write macro invocation to expanded file as a comment
27
                   while not end of macro definition do
28
                     begin
                       get next line of macro definition from DEFTAB
                       substitute arguments from ARGTAB for positional
31
     notation
                       write modified line to expanded file
                     end {while}
                 end {if found}
34
               else
                 write source line to expanded file
          end {else}
        read next line from source program
      end {while}
40 end
```

### 1.4 Source Code

```
1 //Name
           : twopassmacro.c
           : Program which performs performs two pass macro processing on
2 //Desc
      provided input.
3 //Input : The Program which contains the program file is provided as input
4 // Output : It displays the contents of NAMTAB and DEFTAB after Pass 1 and
     the contents
             of output file which contains the macro processed code.
6 //Author: Sheen Xavier A
7 //Date : 28 / 11 / 2020
9 #include <stdio.h>
10 #include <stdlib.h>
11 #include <string.h>
13 //Data structure for NAMTAB
14 typedef struct {
      char name [100];
      char ARGSTAB[10][100];
16
      int argsCount;
      int startPosition , endPosition;
      int flag;
20 }namtype;
  //Data structure for DEFTAB
  typedef struct{
      char line [100];
25 } deftype;
  //Function to seperate lines into different sections based on seperating
      character
  int lineSeperator (char *line, char seperator, char section [10][100])
29
      int i = 0, j = 0, sectionNumber = 0;
30
      while (line [i] != '\0')
32
               if(line[i] == seperator)
33
               {
34
                   section [sectionNumber][j] = \sqrt{0};
35
```

```
j = 0;
36
                     sectionNumber++;
37
                }
38
                else
39
                {
40
                     section[sectionNumber][j++] = line[i];
41
42
                i++;
43
       }
44
       section[sectionNumber][j] = ' \setminus 0';
       return sectionNumber + 1;
46
47
48
  //Function used for extracting the argument in the definition
  int extractArg(char line[], char arg[])
51
       int i;
       for (i = 0 ; line[i] != '\0'; i++)
53
54
            if(line[i] = '\',' \mid | line[i] = ',' \mid | line[i] = ',')
55
                arg[i] = ' \setminus 0';
57
                break;
58
           }
            e\,l\,s\,e
60
                arg[i] = line[i];
61
       }
62
       return i;
63
64
65
  //Function which generates the positional notation form for macro
  void convertLineToPN(char line[], char args[10][100], int argsCount, char
      outputLine[100])
68
       int i, j = 0, length = 0, k;
       char arg [100];
70
       for (i = 0; line[i] != ' \setminus 0'; )
71
72
            if (line [i] == '&')
73
           {
74
                outputLine[j++] = ???;
75
                length = extractArg(line + i, arg);
```

```
for(k = 0 ; k < argsCount ; k++)
77
                {
78
                     if (!(strcmp(args[k], arg)))
79
                         break;
80
                }
81
                outputLine[j++] = 49 + k;
82
                i += length;
            }
84
            else
85
                outputLine[j++] = line[i++];
87
       outputLine[j] = ' \setminus 0';
88
89
   //Function for extracting argument number based on postional notation
   int extractArgIndex(char line[], char arg[], int * length)
93
       int i;
94
       for (i = 0 ; line[i] != '\0'; i++)
95
96
            if(line[i] = '\',' || line[i] = ',' || line[i] = ',')
            {
98
                arg[i] = ' \setminus 0';
99
                break;
            }
101
            else
                arg[i] = line[i];
103
       }
104
       *length = i;
105
       return atoi(arg) - 1;
106
107
   //Function for substituting arguments instead of positional parameters
   void convertPNToAN(char line[], char args[10][100], int argsCount, char
       outputLine[100])
111
       int i, j = 0, length = 0, argPos, k = 0;
112
       char arg [100];
113
       for (i = 0; line [i] != '\0'; )
114
115
            if (line[i] == '?')
116
117
```

```
i++;
118
                 argPos = extractArgIndex(line + i, arg, &length);
119
                k = 0;
120
                 while (args [argPos][k] != ' \setminus 0')
121
                     outputLine[j++] = args[argPos][k++];
122
                 i += length;
123
            }
            else
125
                outputLine[j++] = line[i++];
126
127
       outputLine [j] = ' \setminus 0';
129
130
   //Hash function for NAMTAB hash table implementation
   int hash (char *label)
133
       int i = 0;
134
       int hashValue = 0;
135
        while (label[i] != '\0')
136
137
            hashValue += (i + 1) * (label[i] - 65 + 1);
            i++;
139
140
       return hashValue;
142
143
   int main()
144
145
       FILE *ptr;
146
       FILE *ptrW;
147
       int i, j, expanding = 0, hashValue, defTabIndex = 0, level, argCount,
148
       char fname [100], line [100], section [10][100], positional Notation [100],
149
      ARGTAB[10][100], argumentNotation[100];
       //Initializing the OPTAB and SYMTAB
       namtype NAMTAB[2000];
151
       deftype DEFTAB[2000];
152
154
       //Initializing the NAMTAB
        for (i = 0 ; i < 2000 ; i++)
           NAMTAB[i]. flag = 0;
156
157
```

```
//Reading the name of the file which contains the input code
158
       printf("FILENAME : ");
159
       scanf("\%[^\n]", fname);
160
       ptr = fopen(fname, "r");
161
162
       fscanf(ptr, "\%[^\n]", line);
163
       lineSeperator(line, ', ', section);
165
       //Pass 1 : Defining the Macros and Populating the NAMTAB and DEFTAB
166
       while (strcmp ("END", section [1]))
168
           if (!(strcmp("MACRO", section[1])))
169
           {
170
                hashValue = hash(section[0]);
171
                strcpy (NAMTAB[hashValue].name, section[0]);
172
               NAMTAB[hashValue].startPosition = defTabIndex;
173
               NAMTAB[hashValue].flag = 1;
                sprintf(line, "%s", section[0]);
175
                length = strlen(section[0]);
176
                sprintf(line + length, "%s", section[2]);
177
                strcpy(DEFTAB[defTabIndex++].line, line);
               NAMTAB[hashValue].argsCount = lineSeperator(section[2], ',',
179
      NAMTAB[hashValue].ARGSTAB);
                level = 1;
                while (level > 0)
181
                {
182
                    fscanf(ptr, "\%[^\n]", line);
183
                    lineSeperator(line, ', ', section);
184
                    if (line [0] != '.')
185
                    {
186
                        convertLineToPN (line, NAMTAB[hashValue].ARGSTAB, NAMTAB
      [hashValue].argsCount, positionalNotation);
                        strcpy(DEFTAB[defTabIndex++].line, positionalNotation+
188
       2);
                         if (!(strcmp(section[1], "MACRO")))
                             level++;
190
                         else if (!(strcmp(section[1], "MEND")))
191
                             level--;
                    }
193
194
               NAMTAB[hashValue].endPosition = defTabIndex - 1;
195
```

```
fscanf(ptr, "\%[^\n]", line);
197
            lineSeperator(line, '', section);
198
       }
199
       fclose (ptr);
200
201
       //Pass 2 : Expanding the macro invocations in the program
202
       ptr = fopen(fname, "r");
       ptrW = fopen("output.txt", "w");
204
205
       fscanf(ptr, "\%[^{\norm{1}}]", line);
       lineSeperator(line, '', section);
207
208
       while (strcmp ("END", section [1]))
209
210
            if (!(strcmp("MACRO", section[1])))
211
            {
2.12
                level = 1;
                while (level > 0)
214
                {
215
                     fscanf(ptr, "\%[^\n]", line);
216
                     lineSeperator(line, ', ', section);
                     if (!(strcmp(section[1], "MACRO")))
218
                          level++;
219
                     else if (!(strcmp(section[1], "MEND")))
                         level --;
221
                }
222
            }
            else
224
            {
225
                hashValue = hash(section[1]);
226
                if (NAMTAB[hashValue].flag)
228
                     fprintf(ptrW, ".\%s \n", line);
229
                     lineSeperator (section [2], ',', ARGTAB);
230
                     for(j = NAMTAB[hashValue].startPosition + 1 ; j < NAMTAB[
231
      hashValue]. endPosition; j++)
                     {
232
                         convert PNToAN (DEFTAB[\ j\ ].\ line\ ,\ ARGTAB,\ NAMTAB[\ hashValue
233
       ].argsCount, argumentNotation);
                         lineSeperator (argumentNotation, ''', section);
234
                          fprintf(ptrW, "-\t%s\t%s\n", section[0], section[1]);
235
```

```
}
2.37
             else
2.38
                 fprintf(ptrW, "%s \t%s \t%s \n", section[0], section[1],
239
     section [2]);
         }
240
         fscanf(ptr, "\%[^\n]", line);
241
         lineSeperator(line, ', ', section);
243
      fprintf(ptrW, "%s \ t\%s \ n", section[0], section[1], section[2]);
244
      fclose (ptrW);
      fclose (ptr);
246
247
      248
      printf("CONTENTS OF NAMTAB\n");
      printf("*****************************
250
      for (i = 0 ; i < 2000 ; i++)
251
         if (NAMTAB[i].flag)
253
         {
254
             printf("NAME: %s\n", NAMTAB[i].name);
255
             printf("ARGUMENTS: ");
             for(j = 0 ; j < NAMTAB[i].argsCount - 1 ; j++)
257
                 printf("\%s, ", NAMTAB[i].ARGSTAB[j] + 1);
258
             printf("\%s \ n", NAMTAB[i].ARGSTAB[NAMTAB[i].argsCount - 1] + 1);
             printf("MACRO LENGTH: %d\n", NAMTAB[i].endPosition - NAMTAB[i].
260
     startPosition + 1);
             printf("**************n");
261
         }
262
263
      2.64
      printf("CONTENTS OF DEFTAB\n");
      266
      for (i = 0; i < defTabIndex; i++)
267
         printf("%s\n", DEFTAB[i].line);
268
269
      ptr = fopen("output.txt", "r");
270
      271
      printf("THE CONTENTS OF MACRO PROCESSED PROGRAM\n");
273
      while (fscanf (ptr, "\%[^{\n}]", line) != EOF)
274
         printf("%s\n", line);
275
```

```
277     fclose(ptr);
278     return 0;
279 }
```

## 1.5 OUTPUT

```
sheenxavi004@Beta-Station:~/Desktop/System Software Lab$ cat input.txt
EX1 MACRO &A,&B
- LDA &A
- STA &B
- MEND -
SAMPLE START 1000
- EX1 N1,N2
EX2 MACRO &C,&A,&B
- TD X'&C'
- LDA &B
- STA &A
- MEND -
- EX2 F1, DEST, SRC
N1 RESW 1
N2 RESW 1
- END -
sheenxavi004@Beta-Station:~/Desktop/System Software Lab$ cc twopassmacro.c
sheenxavi004@Beta-Station:~/Desktop/System Software Lab$ ./a.out
FILENAME : input.txt
******
CONTENTS OF NAMTAB
******
NAME: EX1
ARGUMENTS: A, B
MACRO LENGTH: 4
******
NAME: EX2
ARGUMENTS: C, A, B
MACRO LENGTH: 5
******
******
CONTENTS OF DEFTAB
******
EX1 &A,&B
LDA ?1
```

```
STA ?2
MEND -
EX2 &C,&A,&B
TD X'?1'
LDA ?3
STA ?2
MEND -
THE CONTENTS OF MACRO PROCESSED PROGRAM
**********
SAMPLE
       START
                 1000
.- EX1 N1, N2
        LDA
                 N 1
        {\tt STA}
                 N2
.- EX2 F1, DEST, SRC
                 X'F1'
        TD
        LDA
                 {\tt SRC}
        STA
                 DEST
N 1
        RESW
                 1
N2
        RESW
                 1
        END
sheenxavi004@Beta-Station:~/Desktop/System Software Lab$ cat output.txt
SAMPLE
        START
                 1000
.- EX1 N1, N2
        LDA
                 N 1
        {\tt STA}
                 N2
.- EX2 F1, DEST, SRC
        TD
                 X'F1'
        LDA
                 SRC
        STA
                 DEST
        RESW
N 1
N2
        RESW
                 1
        END
```

### 1.6 RESULT

The program was done as per the algorithm and the output was verified. It was also tested against various test cases.