Introduction to AI Assignment 2: Search Agent Simple 2D Ball Game

Ву

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Writing

- 1. Describe the goal formulation and problem formulation your team used.
 - Goal formulation:my agent變成前三名
 - Problem formulation排優先權,已得到最高勝率
- 2. Describe the search strategy your team used, and explain the design concept.
 - Search strategy:

排優先權 1. 避免撞牆 2. 遠離大球 3. 決定target。所以狀況皆已前進 方向以及距離來判斷,若加速方向與前進方向相同時會給一個反向力, 讓球速減緩,反之則不變,使得球能準確地抵達目標位置,以達到最高 效率。當球小於50時,會先以黑球為主,大於等於50會開始找離自己最 近最大且比自己小的球做為目標,且會將他吃完後才會找尋下一個目 標,不過會因為要避免撞牆、大球等,而改變目標。

Design concept :

```
int continual_eating(const int* xCoordinate, const int* yCoordinate, const int* circleRadius){
  int agent_x = xCoordinate[0], agent_y = yCoordinate[0], agent_r = circleRadius[0];
  int idx = -1;
       int tmp_radius = -1e9;
      for(int i = 1; i < 15; i++){
   if(circleRadius[i] > 0 && circleRadius[i] < agent_r && calculate_distance(agent_x, agent_y, xCoordinate[i],
        if(circleRadius[i] > tmp_radius){
                       tmp_radius = circleRadius[i];
                       idx = i;
      return idx;
int direction(int x_target, int y_target){
     int action;
if (x_target == 0 && y_target > 0) //the target ball is above
          action = DOWN;
e if (x_target == 0 && y_target < 0) //the target ball is under</pre>
          action = UP;
e if (x_target > 0 && y_target == 0) //the target ball is on the right
          action = RIGHT;
             if (x_target < 0 && y_target == 0) //the target ball is on the left</pre>
     action = LEFT;
else if (x_target > 0 && y_target > 0) //the target ball is at the bottom right
         action = DOWN_RIGHT;
     else if (x_target > 0 && y_target < 0) //the Ltarget ball is at the top right
   action = UP_RIGHT;
else if (x_target < 0 && y_target > 0) //the target ball is at the bottom left
         action = DOWN_LEFT;
se if (x_target < 0 && y_target < 0) //the target ball is at the up right
action = UP_LEFT;</pre>
     return action;
```

```
/*
 * This function normalize the vector in unit vector.
 * param:
 * action_x (int): acceleration of the action in x coordinate
 * action_y (int): acceleration of the action in y coordinate
 * return:
 * (pair<int, int>): unit vector

*/
std::pair<int, int> normalize_action(float action_x, float action_y) {
   action_x = (action_x != 0) ? ((action_x > 0) ? 1 : -1) : 0;
   action_y = (action_y != 0) ? ((action_y > 0) ? 1 : -1) : 0;
   return_std::make_pair((int)action_x, (int)action_y);
}
```

```
* This function calculates the Euclidean Distance of agent and target
  * param:
  * agent_x (int): location of the agent in x coordinate
  * agnet_y (int): location of the agent in y coordinate
  * target_x (int): location of the target in x coordinate
  * target_y (int): location of the target in y coordinate
  * return:
  * (int): Euclidean Distance of agent and target

*/
int calculate_distance(int x_self, int y_self, int x_other, int y_other) {
    int x_distance = (x_other - x_self) * (x_other - x_self);
    int y_distance = (y_other - y_self) * (y_other - y_self);
    return sqrt(x_distance + y_distance);
}

/*

/*
```

```
__decless((illesport) world controller(infa action, const inf 'wellocity, const infa' wellocity, const infa' wello
```

```
int action x = 0, action y = 0;
std::tie(action_x, action_y) = action_for_target(self_x, self_y, xCoordinate[idx], yCoordinate[idx], self_r, self_vx, self_vy);
bool eat_flag = check_if_eat_next_step(action_x, action_y, self_x, self_y, self_vx, self_vy, self_r, xCoordinate[idx], yCoordinate[idx], circleRadius[id int avoid_ball_x = 0, avoid_ball_y = 0;
std::tie(avoid_ball_x, avoid_ball_y) = avoid_bigger_ball(xCoordinate, yCoordinate, circleRadius, self_vx, self_vy, action_x, action_y);
int avoid_hit_x = 0, avoid_hit_y = 0;
std::tie(avoid_hit_x, avoid_hit_y) = check_velocity(self_x, self_y, self_r + eat_flag, self_vx + action_x + avoid_ball_x, self_vy + action_y + avoid_ball_x/
claclate the priority for the action

/*
Priority
1. avoid_hit_x, avoid_hit_y
2. avoid_ball_y, avoid_ball_y
3. action_x = avoid_hit_x*5 + avoid_ball_x*2 + action_x;
action_x = avoid_hit_x*5 + avoid_ball_y*2 + action_y;
action_y = avoid_hit_x*5 + avoid_ball_y*5 + avoid_ball
```

3. Describe the challenges encountered when designing the agent.

如果起始在四個角落,且角落旁的球離黑點的距離較近,以至於會有比自己球大的可能性,所以會有落敗的情形。

4. Give two scores from 1 to 10 to evaluate the performance of your teammates in this assignment in terms of Design and Implementation.

● 資工四乙 406262436 許承文:10

● 資工二乙 408262349 張字青:7