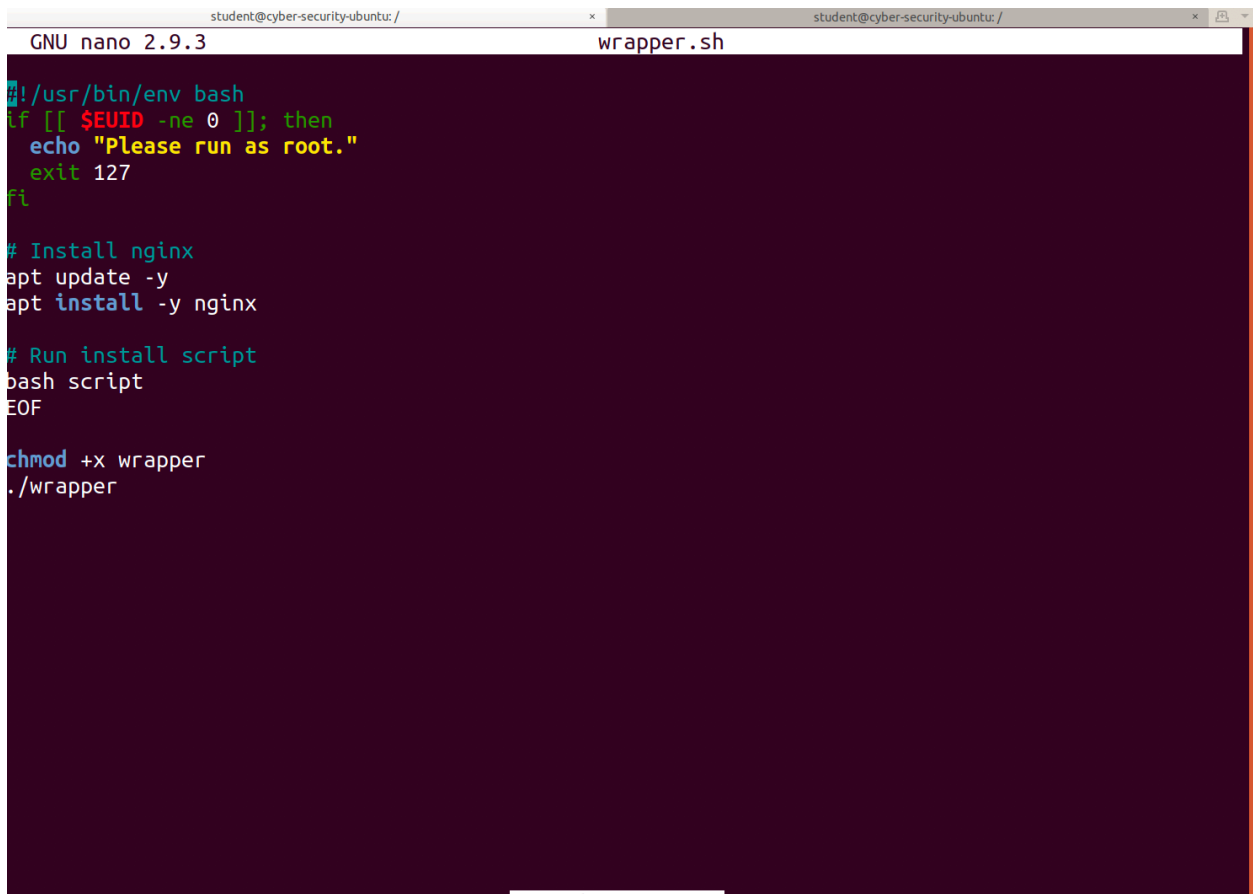

Web Vulnerabilities Homework

Part 1: Local File Inclusion



```
GNU nano 2.9.3 wrapper.sh
#!/usr/bin/env bash
if [[ $EUID -ne 0 ]]; then
    echo "Please run as root."
    exit 127
fi

# Install nginx
apt update -y
apt install -y nginx

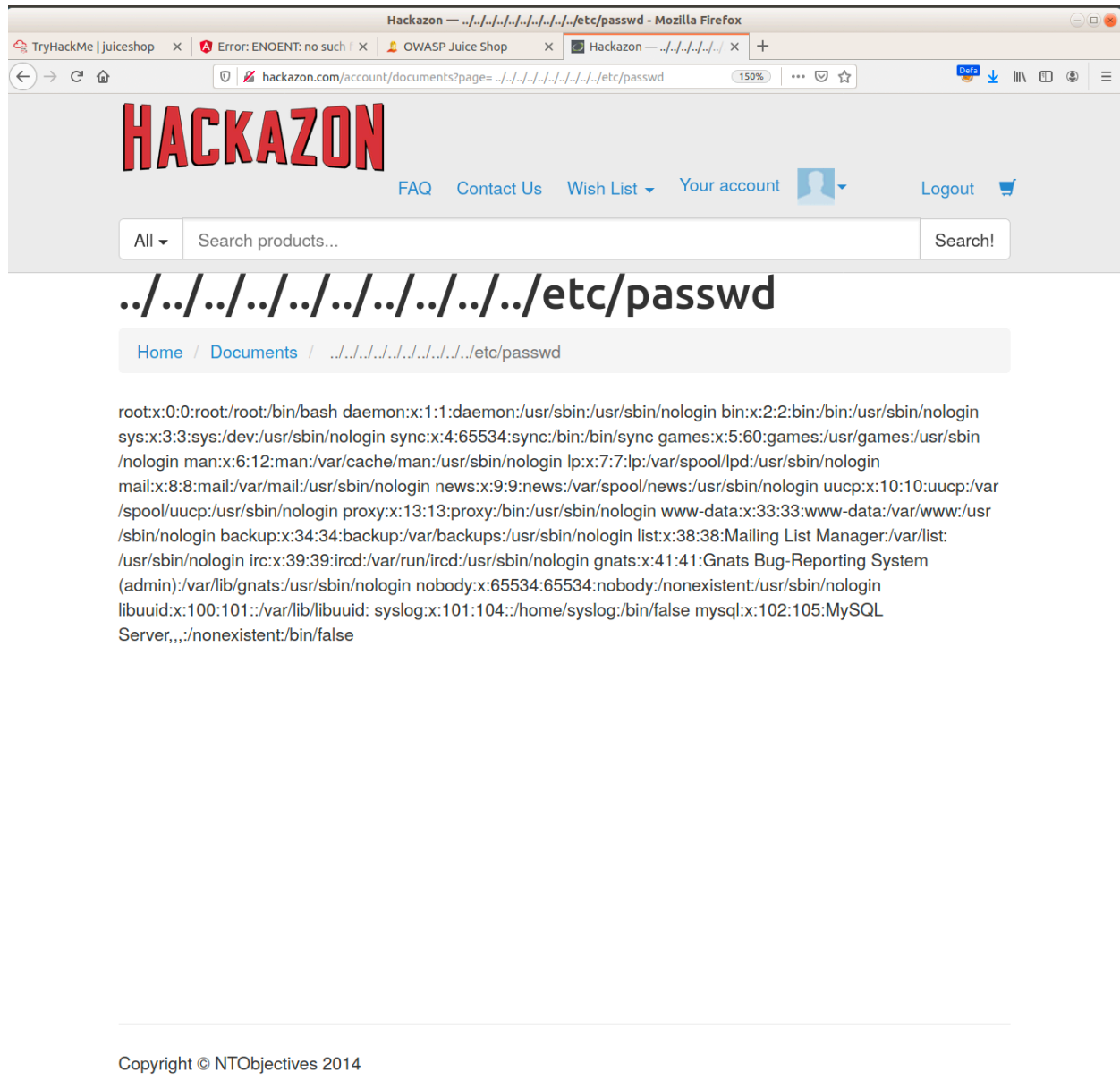
# Run install script
bash script
EOF

chmod +x wrapper
./wrapper
```

Local file inclusion (LFI) is used to test for web vulnerabilities; specifically, when the running time of a script affects a web application. Here the script `wrapper.sh` and `dependencies.sh` run an installation process.

Part 2: Command Injection

In command injection attacks a url is manipulated as shown below. Here, we are able to see information related to /passwd /hosts and /groups. An alternative method is shown in the terminal, where a command is used to check if service cron status is active.





```

student:/etc$ sudo service cron status
● cron.service - Regular background program processing daemon
   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/cron.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Sat 2020-01-11 12:04:23 EST; 3 days ago
     Docs: man:cron(8)
  Main PID: 707 (cron)
    Tasks: 3 (limit: 4681)
   CGroup: /system.slice/cron.service
           └─ 707 /usr/sbin/cron -f
              26430 /usr/sbin/CRON -f
              26432 /usr/sbin/sendmail -i -FCronDaemon -B8BITMIME -oem student

Jan 15 00:13:01 cyber-security-ubuntu CRON[26411]: pam_unix(cron:session): session closed for user
Jan 15 00:13:01 cyber-security-ubuntu CRON[26425]: (student) CMD (echo "this was today")
Jan 15 00:13:01 cyber-security-ubuntu sendmail[26426]: My unqualified host name (cyber-security-ub
Jan 15 00:14:01 cyber-security-ubuntu CRON[26430]: pam_unix(cron:session): session opened for user
Jan 15 00:14:01 cyber-security-ubuntu CRON[26431]: (student) CMD (echo "this was today")
Jan 15 00:14:01 cyber-security-ubuntu sendmail[26426]: unable to qualify my own domain name (cyber
Jan 15 00:14:01 cyber-security-ubuntu sendmail[26432]: My unqualified host name (cyber-security-ub
Jan 15 00:14:01 cyber-security-ubuntu sendmail[26426]: 00F5E105026426: from=student, size=335, cla
Jan 15 00:14:02 cyber-security-ubuntu sendmail[26426]: 00F5E105026426: to=student, ctladdr=student
Jan 15 00:14:02 cyber-security-ubuntu CRON[26423]: pam_unix(cron:session): session closed for user
lines 1-21/21 (END)

```

Part 3: Cross Site Scripting (XSS)


In this example, reflected cross site scripting is used to send a payload. The search engine is used as the injection point for `<script>/*bad-response*/</script>`. Here, the XSS payload is reflected back.


Hackazon — Search by «<script> /*bad-response*</script>» - Mozilla Firefox

TryHackMe | juiceshop × Setup :: Damn Vulnerable × Hackazon — Search by « × +

hackazon.com/search?id=&searchString=<script>%2F*bad-response*%2F<script> 150%

HACKAZON

[FAQ](#) [Contact Us](#) [Wish List](#) [Your account](#) 

[Logout](#) 

All >

<script> /*bad-response*</script>

Search!

Brands

[Apple](#)
[NBA](#)
[InterDesign](#)
[Sony](#)
[Pictures](#)
[Entertainment](#)

Price

✓ \$0 – \$100

\$100 – \$200

\$200 – \$300

\$300 – \$500

\$500 – \$1000

Quality

[Brand New](#)
[Used/Preowned](#)
[Refurbished](#)

Search by «/*bad-response*/