UNIX PROGRAMMING

1) A shell script to accept a filename as argument and displays the last modification time if the file exists and a suitable message if it does not.

```
kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
                                                                                                                                  File Actions Edit View Help
[ (kali⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047] cat 1
#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter the file name: "
read fileName
if [ -e $fileName ];
then
echo "File exist\n$fileName was last modified on $(stat -c '%y' $fileName | cut -c 1-20)"
echo "File does not exist"
fi
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
$ sh 1
Enter the file name:
samplefile1
Fine exist
samplefile1 was last modified on 2021-12-08 10:58:47.
(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
sh 1
Enter the file name:
samplefile0
File does not exist
    (kali®kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
```

2) A shell script to accept 2 file names & the permission for these files are identical and if they are not identical, display each filename followed by permission.

```
kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
                                                                                                                                                File Actions Edit View Help
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
$ cat 2
#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter 1st file name: "
read file1
echo "Enter 2nd file name: "
read file2
if [ -e $file1 ];
then
echo "$file1 exist"
else
echo "$file1 does not exist"
fi
if [ -e $file2 ];
then
echo "$file2 exist"
else
echo "$file2 does not exist"
per1=`ls -l $file1 | cut -c 2-10`
per2=`ls -l $file2 | cut -c 2-10`
if [ $per1 = $per2 ];
echo "Permissions are Identical:permission is $per1"
else
echo "Permissions are not Identical"
echo "Permission of $file1 is $per1"
echo "Permission of $file2 is $per2"
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
```

```
kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
                                                                                                                                                                         File Actions Edit View Help
(kali® kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
$ sh 2
Enter 1st file name:
samplefile1
Enter 2nd file name:
samplefile2
camplefile1
samplefile1 exist
samplefile2 exist
Permissions are Identical:permission is rw-r--r--
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
$ sh 2
Enter 1st file name:
samplefile0
Enter 2nd file name:
samplefile1
samplefile0 does not exist
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
$ sh 2
Enter 1st file name:
samplefile1
Enter 2nd file name:
samplefile0
samplefile1 exist
samplefile1 does not exist
samplefile0 does not exist
___(kali⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]

$ chmod 777 samplefile1
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
$ sh 2
Enter 1st file name:
samplefile1
Enter 2nd file name:
samplefile2
samplefile1 exist
samplefile2 exist
Permissions are not Identical
Permission of samplefile1 is rwxrwxrwx
Permission of samplefile2 is rw-r--r-
    -(<u>k</u>ali® kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
```

3) A shell script to print first 10 numbers (1 to 10).

4) A shell script (program4.sh) to accept any number of arguments and print them in a reverse order. For example if A B C are entered then output is C B A.

```
_ _ x
 E
                                                          kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
 File Actions Edit View Help
 ____(kali⊕ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]

_$ cat 4
#!/bin/sh
if [ $# -eq 0 ]
then
     echo "no arguments given"
echo "Total number of arguments: $#"
echo "The arguments are: $*"
echo "The arguments in reverse order:"
rev=" "
for i in $*
  rev=$i" "$rev
echo $rev
   —(kali⊛kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
no arguments given
\( \langle \text{(kali \otin kali} \) -[~/Desktop/1by19is047] \\ \text{sh \( \frac{4}{2} \) A B C \end{align*}
Total number of arguments: 3
 The arguments are: A B C
The arguments in reverse order:
 (kali® kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
```

5) A shell script to create a menu, which displays the list of files, process status, current date and current users of the system.

```
kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1bv19is047
 File Actions Edit View Help
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
$ cat 5
#!/bin/sh
do
echo "\nEnter the options between 1 to 5\n"
echo "1 for list of files\n"
echo "2 for process status\n"
echo "3 for current date\n"
echo "4 for current users of the system\n"
echo "5 exit\n"
wand choice
case $choice in
1) ls;;
2) ps;;
3) date;;
4) who;;
5) exit;;
*) echo "choose option between 1-4"
esac
done
Enter the options between 1 to 5
1 for list of files
2 for process status
3 for current date
4 for current users of the system
5 exit
  10 11 12 14 15 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 samplefile1 samplefile2
```

```
kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
                                                                                                                      File Actions Edit View Help
Enter the options between 1 to 5
2 for process status
3 for current date
5 exit
   PID TTY TIME CMD
2821 pts/0 00:00:02 zsh
3253 pts/0 00:00:00 sh
3286 pts/0 00:00:00 ps
Enter the options between 1 to 5
1 for list of files
2 for process status
3 for current date
5 exit
Thu 09 Dec 2021 07:37:39 AM EST
Enter the options between 1 to 5
1 for list of files
2 for process status
3 for current date
5 exit
4
kali
                        2021-12-09 04:10 (:0)
```



6) A shell script to read a string from terminal and display suitable message if it doesn't have at least 10 characters using expr.

```
kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
 File
     Actions Edit View Help
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter a string : "
read str
len=`expr length "$str"`
if [ $len -gt 9 ];
echo "string has $len characters"
echo "string has only $len characters\nenter atleast 10 characters"
___(kali⊛ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]

sh 6
Enter a string :
hello world
string has 11 characters
  -(kali®kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
_$ sh <u>6</u>
Enter a string :
hello
string has only 5 characters
enter atleast 10 characters
   -(<mark>kali®kali</mark>)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
```

7) A shell script to read a string from terminal and display suitable message if it doesn't have at least 10 characters using case.

```
kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
                                                                                                                                                                                                   _ D X
  File Actions Edit View Help
    —(kali⊗kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
    -$ cat <u>7</u>
 #!/bin/sh
 echo "Enter a string : "
 len=`expr length "$str"`
len= expr tength $str
case $len in
1) echo "string contains only $len characters\nenter atleast 10";;
2) echo "string contains only $len characters\nenter atleast 10";;
3) echo "string contains only $len characters\nenter atleast 10";;
4) echo "string contains only $len characters\nenter atleast 10";;
5) echo "string contains only $len characters\nenter atleast 10";;
6) echo "string contains only $len characters\nenter atleast 10";;
7) echo "string contains only $len characters\nenter atleast 10";;
8) echo "string contains only $len characters\nenter atleast 10";
8) echo "string contains only $len characters\nenter atleast 10";;
9) echo "string contains only $len characters\nenter atleast 10";;
 *) echo "string contains $len characters";;
 $ sh 7
   —(kali®kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
 Enter a string :
 hello world
 string contains 11 characters
 Enter a string :
 hello
 string contains only 5 characters
 enter atleast 10
```

8) A shell script to check whether a given number is palindrome or not.

```
<u>-</u>
                                            kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
                                                                                                             _ 0 x
File Actions Edit View Help
___(kali⊛ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]

$ cat 8
echo "Enter a number"
read num
rev=0
temp=$num
while [ $num -gt 0 ]
rev=$((rev*10))
rev=$((rev+$((num%10))))
num=$((num/10))
done
if [ $rev -eq $temp ];
echo "$temp is palandrome"
echo "$temp is not a palandrome"
Enter a number
121 is palandrome
___(kali⊛kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
sh 8
Enter a number
124
124 is not a palandrome
(kali% kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
```

9) A shell script to read a pattern and filename from the terminal. And search for the pattern in the file.

```
kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
                                                                                                                             File Actions Edit View Help
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]

$ cat 9
#!/bin/sh
read pattern
echo "Enter file name : "
read filename
a=$(grep -c $pattern $filename)
if [ $a -gt 0 ];
echo "$pattern found in $filename"
else
echo "$pattern not found in $filename"
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
$ sh 9
Enter pattern :
Enter file name :
samplefile1
hello found in samplefile1
  —(<mark>kali⊛kali</mark>)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
$ sh 9
Enter pattern :
samplefile1
hi not found in samplefile1
___(kali⊛ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
```

10) A shell script (program10.sh) to compute sum of numbers passed in command line.

```
<u>•</u>
                                              kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
                                                                                                                 File Actions Edit View Help
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
$ cat 10
#!/bin/sh
echo "How many numbers would u like to add"
read n
i=0
sum=0
while [ $i -lt $n ]
echo "\nenter number : "
read num
sum=$((sum+num))
i=$((i+1))
done
echo "\nsum of numbers is $sum"
(kali@ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
sh 10
How many numbers would u like to add
enter number :
enter number :
enter number :
enter number :
sum of numbers is 11
___(kali⊛ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
```

11) A shell script (program11.sh) to compute length of strings in the file (student.lst).

```
File Actions Edit View Help

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]

$\frac{11}{\text{scat } 11}

#!/bin/bash

echo "enter file name:"

read filename
for i in `cat \text{filename}`

do

len=`expr length "\si"`

echo "string: \si, length: \slen"

done

(kali@kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]

$\frac{1}{\text{sh } 11}

enter file name:

samplefile1

string: hello, length: 5

string: world, length: 5

\text{kali@kali}-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]}

$\frac{1}{\text{kali} \text{kali}} \text{kali} - [~/Desktop/1by19is047]}
```

12) A shell script to validate the password. Let VALID PASSWORD="secret";

```
kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
<u>•</u>
                                                                                                           _ 0 X
File Actions Edit View Help
(kali% kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
$ cat 12
#!/bin/sh
echo "Enter your password"
read str
if [ $str = "secret" ];
then
echo "vaild password"
else
echo "invalid password"
Enter your password
idontknow
invalid password
____(kali⊛ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]

_$ sh 12
Enter your password
secret
vaild password
___(kali⊛ kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
```

13) A shell script to append doc extension to all filenames.

14) A shell script to check if the length of the name is greater than 20 characters.

- 15) Write a menu driven shell script to perform the following operations.
- a) List of users
- b) Files in a directory
- c) Todays date
- d) count number of files in a directory

```
kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
                                                                                                                                                File Actions Edit View Help
   -(kali®kali)-[~/Desktop/1by19is047]
 _$ cat <u>15</u>
 #!/bin/sh
do
echo "\nEnter the options between to execute commands:\n"
echo "1 for list of users\n"
echo "2 for files in current directory\n"
echo "3 for today's date\n"
echo "4 to count number of files in current directory\n"
echo "5 exit\n"
read choice
case $choice in
1) who;;
2) ls;;
3) date +"%d-%m-%y";;
4) ls | wc -l;;
5) exit;;
*) echo "choose option between 1-4"
esac
done
Enter the options between to execute commands:
1 for list of users
3 for today's date
4 to count number of files in current directory
5 exit
kali
                              2021-12-09 04:10 (:0)
```

```
kali@kali: ~/Desktop/1by19is047
                                                                                                                                                                                      File Actions Edit View Help
Enter the options between to execute commands:
1 for list of users
2 for files in current directory
3 for today's date
4 to count number of files in current directory
5 exit
\begin{smallmatrix}2\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}1\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}10\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}11\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}12\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}14\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}15\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}2\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}3\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}4\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}5\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}6\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}7\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}8\end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix}9\end{smallmatrix} samplefile1 samplefile2
Enter the options between to execute commands:
1 for list of users
2 for files in current directory
3 for today's date
4 to count number of files in current directory
5 exit
3
09-12-21
Enter the options between to execute commands:
3 for today's date
4 to count number of files in current directory
5 exit
Enter the options between to execute commands:
1 for list of users
2 for files in current directory
```

