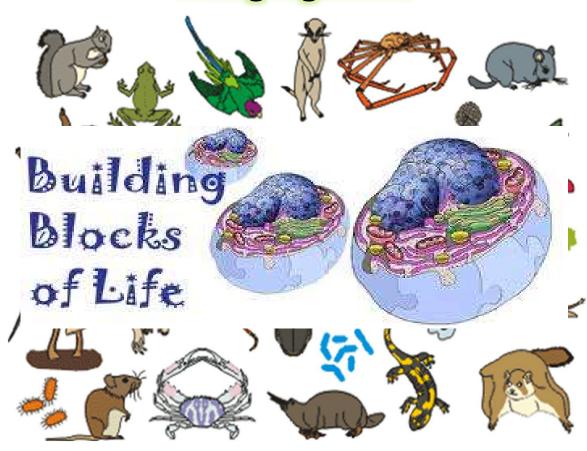


Living organisms

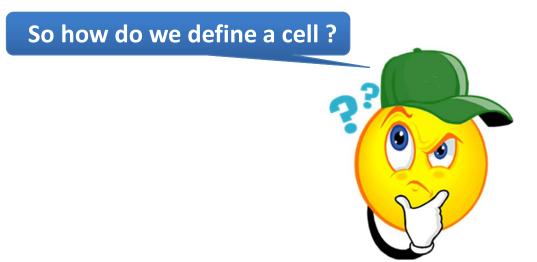


They also differ in size and

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They also differ in size and

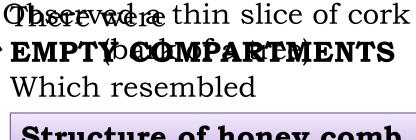
Entire light the size of the size of



Cell is the common basic, structural and functional unit of living beings.

DISCOVERY OF CELLS

In the year **1665**





Structure of honey comb

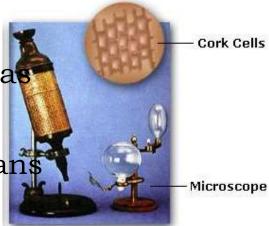
Under a self designed microscope



He labelled them as

Cells

In Latin cells means 'small rooms'



Living Organisms are of two types

Unicellular

In unicellular organisms, all functions are leading to both and assume the single cell E.g. Chlamydomonas,

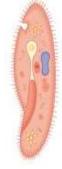
Paramoecium, bacteria etc.

Multicellular

Many cells group together in different functions in it to form various body parts.

E.g. Some fungi, plants and animals.









CELL THEORY

Differiestttseienvisussproppsedollffelde. At Scheleides regarding other et Sichwarme (18838-39).

It states that "All plants & animals are composed of cells and cell is the basic unit of life."



With the discovery of electron microscope in 1940, it was easy to understand the complex structure of a cell.

