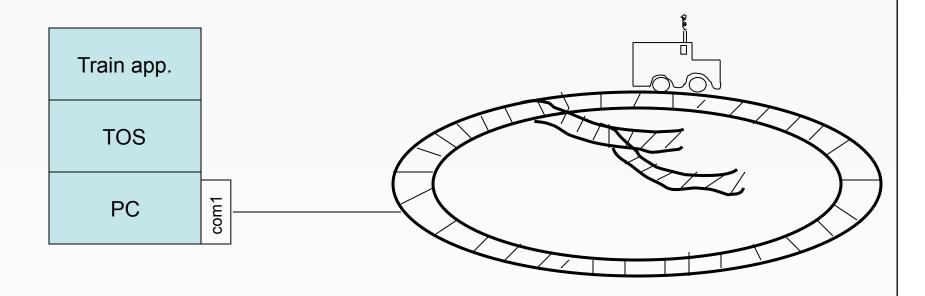
### Welcome to CSC 720

- In this course you will:
  - apply your knowledge of Operating Systems to build your own OS
  - learn about the PC architecture
  - learn the basics of the Intel x86 CPU
  - learn how to program I/O devices
- In short: at the end of this term, you will have written your own Operating System that will run on any PC!

### TOS Project

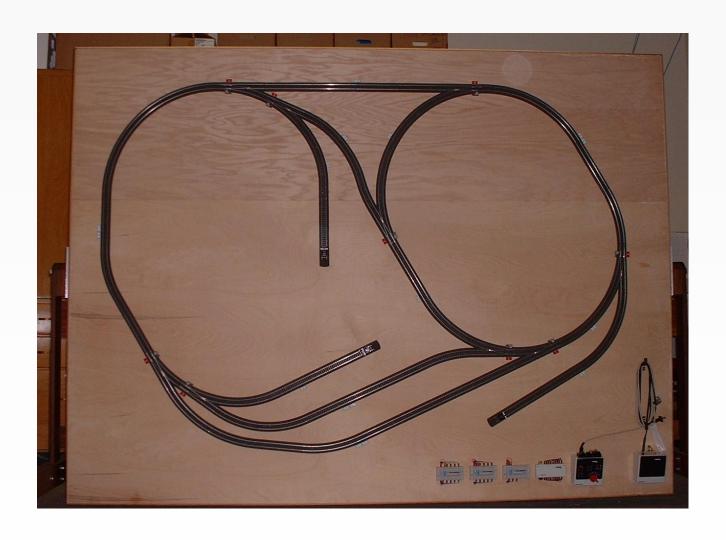
- TOS: Train (as in 'training' or 'train')
  Operating System
- You will implement all the key pieces of TOS:
  - process management
  - I/O
  - IPC
  - etc...
- This is a lot of programming! Think twice before taking this class concurrently with other programming intensive courses!

### Train Setup



- Train application runs on top of TOS
- TOS implements various operating system functions including a serial line device driver
- Serial line (com1) of the PC is connected to the train
- Commands that control the train are sent via the serial line

## Model Train



### Course Details

**Instructor: Arno Puder** 

E-mail: arno@sfsu.edu

Office Hours: Th 17:00 - 18:00 (TH 909)

### **Course homepage:**

http://pear.sfsu.edu/csc720/

### Course Details

**Prerequisites** 

Grade B or better in CSC 415 or consent of instructor

**Optional book** A. Tanenbaum, A. Woodhull: "Operating Systems Design and Implementation", 3rd edition, Prentice Hall.

#### **Syllabus**

#### Course Overview:

- I/O Structures
- Process Management (CPU scheduling, synchronization, threads)
- Memory management and virtual memory

The class is accompanied by an extensive programming project where the students will have to write their own operating system.

# Grading

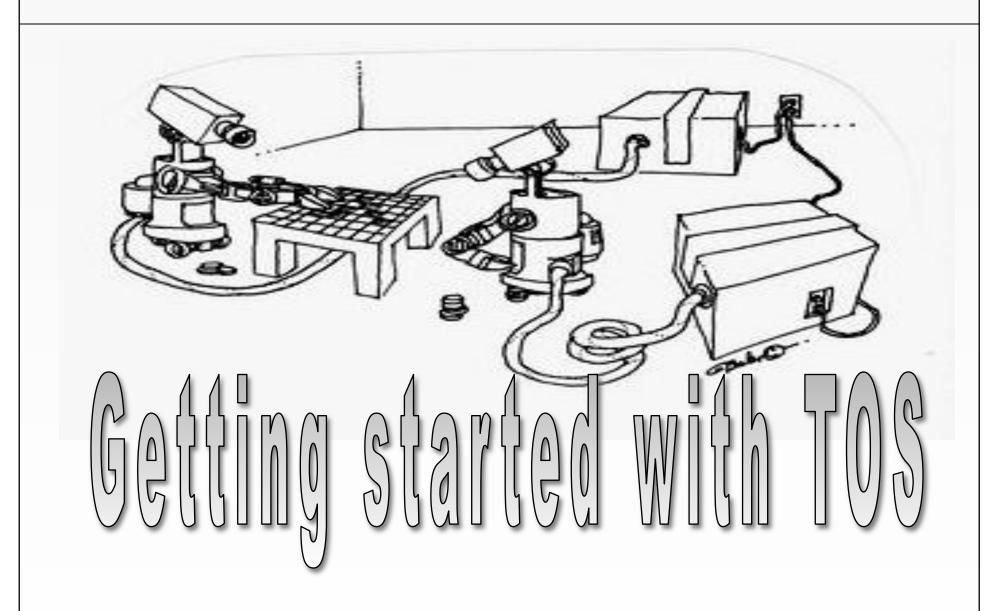
#### **Grading**

Quizzes	60%
Programming project	40%

#### **Grading Scale**

Total	Grade
> 90%	Α
> 85%	A-
> 80%	B+
> 75%	В
> 70%	B-
> 65%	C+
> 60%	С
> 55%	C-
> 50%	D+
> 45%	D
> 40%	D-
<= 40%	F

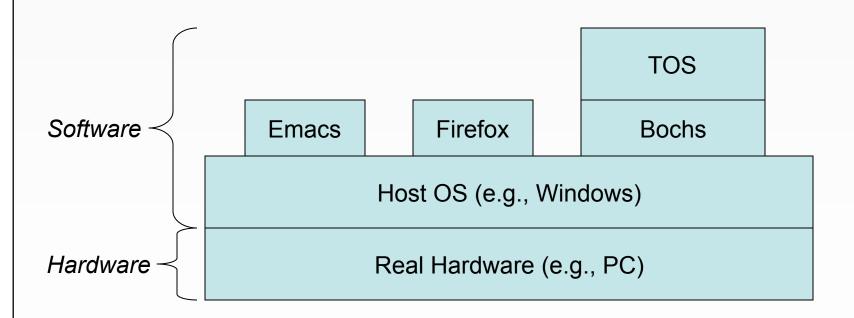
TOS Arno Puder



### Overview of TOS

- TOS = Train Operating System (Train == Training || Model Train ☺ )
- An educational operating system running on a PC
- Written in C (99%) and x86 assembly (1%)
- All the files and Makefiles are provided for you
- You just need to implement the core functions.

## Running TOS in Bochs



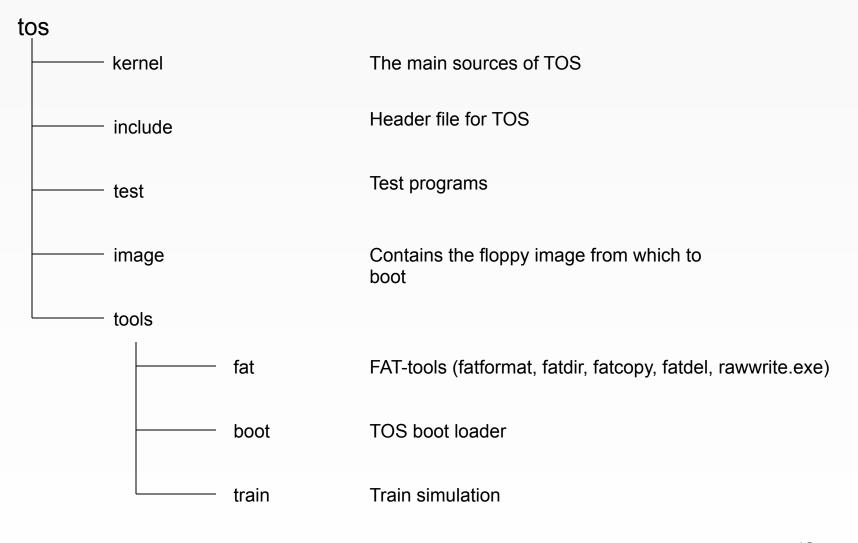
### Virtual Hardware

- How does Bochs emulate hardware of the guest OS?
- The 'virtual' Hardware is mapped to resources on the Host OS.
- E.g. the floppy drive A: of the guest OS is mapped to a regular file located in the filesystem of the host OS.
- This mapping between virtual and real resources is done with the configuration file ~/.bochsrc which contains the line:

```
floppya: 1_44=image/disk_image
```

- This means that the drive A: of the guest OS is mapped to a 1.44 MB file located in image/ disk image
- Whenever the guest OS accesses A:, the operation is redirected by Bochs to this file.

## Directory structure of TOS



## Files in ~/tos/kernel

Files	Contents
assert.c	Assert-function. Does not need to be edited.
com.c	COMs interface.
dispatch.c	Dispatcher and scheduler.
intr.c	Interrupt handling.
main.c	Contains main entry point kernel_main()
null.c	Null process.
train.c	Train application.
demo.c	Empty. Does not need to be edited.
inout.c	Low level input/output routines for COM1.
ipc.c	Inter-process communications.
mem.c	Memory access functions.
pacman.c	PacMan implementation.
process.c	Process management.
timer.c	Timer interrupt handling.
keyb.c	Keyboard interface. Does not need to be edited.
shell.c	Mini-shell for typing in commands. Can be extended for own commands.
window.c	Mini-windowing system for text-mode.

## Recompiling TOS

- The only files you will be editing are tos/kernel/\*.c
- Use your preferred editor to make the changes
- Two ways to compile TOS, both from the main tos directory:
  - make tests (build a testing kernel)
  - make (build a regular kernel)
- For now, always build a test kernel --we'll build "regular" kernels later

## Recompiling TOS

- No need to write or edit Makefiles
- If the build is successful, the new boot image will be located in tos/ image/disk image
- Other useful make targets:
  - make clean removes all object files and executables
  - make clean-kernel removes just kernel-specific object files

### Some Guidelines

- Only modify C-files in tos/kernel
- No need to change Makefiles or Cheader files.
- You can (and are encouraged to) look at and understand other files.
- You can <u>not</u> use any C-library functions: no malloc(), no free()!! (remember, we don't have an OS yet)

### **TOS Boot Sequence**

- Sequence of events during boot:
  - PC is turned on (i.e. Bochs is executed)
  - PC loads the boot sector (the first sector of the floppy disk)
  - The boot-loader loads TOS at address 4000, initializes %ESP just below 640 kB and then jumps to kernel main()
- The entry point of TOS is function void kernel\_main() in file tos/ kernel/main.c or tos/test/ run\_tests.c

