

Combinatorics

Factorial

~~P~~
X

$$\underline{0!} = 1$$

$$\underline{1!} = 1$$

$$\underline{2!} = 1 \times 2 = 2$$

$$\underline{3!} = 1 \times 2 \times 3 = 6$$

$$\underline{4!} = 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 = 24$$

$$5! = 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5 = 120$$

Permutations

Selection of r items from n items. Order is IMPORTANT

AB is not BA, Megha, Molly is not
Same as Molly, Megha

Formula $P = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$

Example:

Select 2 letters from ABC

$$n = 3$$

$$r = 2$$

AB, AC, BA, CA, BC, CB

Total = 6

$$P = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!} = \frac{3!}{(3-2)!} = \frac{3!}{1!} = \frac{3 \times 2 \times \cancel{1}}{\cancel{1}} = 6$$

Combination:

Selection where order is not important.

AB is same as BA

Megra, Molly is same as Molly, Megra

$$\text{Formula } C = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!} = \frac{P!}{r!}$$

Example:

Select 2 letters from ABC

$$n = 3, r = 2$$

AB, AC, BC = 3 \Rightarrow order is not important.

$$C = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!} = \frac{3!}{2!(1!)} = \frac{1 \times 2 \times 3}{2} = 3$$

$$C = \frac{P!}{r!} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$$